Only One Chance More.
Put Your "Want" Advertisement in the Next Sunday Post-Dispatch and Get a Ticket for the River Excursion of July 30.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Will You Go On July 30?
Every "Want" Advertiser in the Sunday Post-Dispatch Gets a Free Ticket for a Grand River Excursion.

VOL. 41.—NO. 274. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 22, 1890. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

Nugents

Low-Down Cash Prices
CANNOT BE EQUALED!

Our Popular System of Selling Only the Best Goods, Strictly for Cash, enables us at all times to Undersell High Price Credit Stores.

Our Great Clearing Sale
Is Now in Progress!
Still Greater Reductions To-Morrow
In
CHINA SILKS,
Reduced to 59 Cents.

All of our best 24 and 27-inch China Silks, all this season's styles, formerly sold at $1, $1.25 and $1.50,
On Sale To-Morrow at 59 Cents

Reduced to 37 Cents.

All of our China Silks, 24 and 26 inches wide, formerly sold at 65c, 75c and 85c;
Reduced to 37 Cents a Yard

IN THE
Upholstery Dept.
THIRD FLOOR.

3½-yard Nottingham Lace Curtains, 60 inches wide, taped edges, new floral pattern, worth $2.50.
Reduced to $1.69 a pair

Mixed lot Window Shades with Hartshorn spring rollers, about 10 proper colors, worth 50c to $1;
Your Choice at 25c each

Plush Center Table Covers, fringed tapestry borders, colors blue, cardinal, wine and olive;
Reduced from $1.50 to 98c

Colored border Cocoa Door Mats that were 40c;
Reduced to 25c

40-inch Silkilene Curtain Drapery that was 15c;
Reduced to 8 1-3c yard

IN
Table Covers.
First Floor—Linen Department.

8-4 Tapestry Covers that were $1.50
Go to $1

10-4 Tapestry Covers that were $2.25
Go to $1.25

IN
White Goods.

5,000 yards White Goods (large plaids, 40-inch apron novelties, organdies, etc.) worth 10c and 12½c a yard.
For 5c a yard

Big lot 12½c and 15c White Goods
Reduced to 8 1-3c a yard

IN
Towels and Napkins.

100 dozen all linen Towels, size 10x38 inches, worth $1.50 a dozen
At 8 1-3c each, or $1 a dozen

50 dozen cream Napkins that were $1
Go to 69c dozen

IN
Children's Things.
SECOND FLOOR.

Children's pink Chambray Hats, high puffed crown and shirred brim,
Reduced from $2.25, $2.50 to $1 each

Children's white Swiss and Corded Hats that were $2.25 and $2.50
Go to $1

Children's white Corded Sun Hats, worth 40c,
Reduced to 7c

Children's Short Dresses of fine India Linen, Gretchen Waist, embroidered, that were $2,
Reduced to $1

B. NUGENT & BRO.,
Broadway, Washington Av. and St. Charles St.

LIQUID BREAD!
DELICIOUS! WHOLESOME! HEALTHFUL!



It is important for every Home to have at hand a tonic to take when one is exhausted and worn out by the heat. There is nothing better for the system than LIQUID BREAD. It acts as a refreshing, palatable and invigorating drink, giving a feeling of rest and relief.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

DAVID NICHOLSON, Proprietor.

Our Own Cotton Flannels
HANDSOMEST AND MOST SATISFACTORY FOR
RETAIL TRADE!
PRICE LIST SENT ON APPLICATION.
Those who have used them will buy no other brand.
TRY THEM.
SOLE AGENTS FOR ALL MARKETS!
SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

SALVADOR'S ALLIES.

Nicaragua and Costa Rica Support Her Against Guatemala.

The Fighting Strength of the Central American Republics.

Both of the Warring Nations Appeal to the United States—Russia Insists on the Payment of War Indemnity by Turkey—Spanish Cavalry Fired Upon by Arabs—Lord Randolph Churchill Basking in the Sunshine of Royalty—A Banquet to the American Riflemen—The Grenadier Guards Embark for Bermuda—A Russian Town Wrecked by a Hurricane—Foreign News.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The rumors of war in Central America have been confirmed beyond a doubt. San Salvador has refused to enter into any agreement concerning the proposed union of the five Republics, which was to go into effect in September of this year. A special envoy was sent by Gen. Fuentes to Gen. Ezeta, the provisional President of San Salvador, asking him to give his consent to the ratification of the union.

Gen. Ezeta replied that Salvador firmly declined to receive any instructions from Guatemala, and while desirous of peace San Salvador was fully prepared to maintain her own position and defend her honor. Upon the receipt of Gen. Ezeta's declaration Gens. Fuentes, Nafer and Aguilar were dispatched to the frontier with a formal declaration of war. The first attack of the Guatemalan army was repulsed, although no serious losses were incurred.

SAN SALVADOR'S ALLIES.

Honduras has declared herself the ally of Guatemala and will undertake her support in whatever may happen, Nicaragua and Costa Rica will lend San Salvador all the moral and material aid in their power. Their reason for so doing is that if Guatemala and Honduras once obtain political control over San Salvador, there is no knowing how soon these three last named countries may make a combined effort against the other two in order to force them into a union which is distasteful to them under existing circumstances.

THE ARMIES OF THE REPUBLICS.

From the latest information obtainable, the most men, fully armed and equipped, that Guatemala can place in the field is from 12,000 to 16,000, Honduras about 6,000, San Salvador from 8,000 to 10,000, while Nicaragua and Costa Rica can jointly make a showing of from 15,000 to 16,000. Gen. Ezeta is doing his best to preserve order in San Salvador and has just dispatched a special envoy to the United States with a manifesto, in which he states his programme toward the people of San Salvador. The Guatemalan President has cabled his Minister to the United States, who is now in Europe, to return at once to Washington. Guatemala will also make an appeal to the United States for the latter's protection as against Mexican interference.

An Interview With Gen. Barrios.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 22.—Gen. Barrios, Commander-in-Chief of the Guatemelan army, who is now in this city on a leave of absence, discredits the reports of a battle between the troops of San Salvador and those of Guatemala. Even if the San Salvadorans have won a battle, the General says, they would never be able to invade Guatemala, because they have not sufficient means to do it. He has no fear that Guatemala is in danger. If there is to be war it will be in two or three months, but not at present.

A Notorious Salvadoran Bandit Shot.

SAN JUAN, Costa Rica, July 22.—The notorious bandit, Hermanezillo Chavez of San Salvador, who for the past five years has made travel dangerous on the roads leading to La Liberta, has been arrested, tried, convicted and shot, to the great relief of the country. He was tracked to his lair by a boy of 17, whose mother he had maltreated, robbed and killed, and discovered to the troops, by whom he was surrounded, with two of his companions, and captured. The boy, when he heard of the manner of his mother's death, threw down the implements with which he was working on a coffee plantation, seized his machette and declared he would never do another day's work until his mother was avenged, and disappeared. Ten days afterwards he came to police headquarters, said he had discovered the rendezvous of Chavez and his accomplices on an abandoned ranch a few miles out from the city. He led the troops to the place in the dead of the night. The bandits, finding themselves trapped, surrendered without a shot.

The Situation in Bulgaria.

SISTOVA, July 22.—Prime Minister Stambouloff of Bulgaria is quoted as saying to a correspondent:

"There is no intention on the part of the Government of Bulgaria to precipitate matters by offending the Sublime Porte, as there are a number of steps necessary before we cast off our limited dependence. Prince Ferdinand has not any desire to leave us, and it would be impossible for him to do so with honor. Panitza was a traitor and I intercepted traitorous correspondence written by him. He did not acknowledge his offense and I ordered his arrest, empowered so to act by the Prince. He was a tool and paid for his folly with his life. I think the Russians have changed their base to Belgrade. We wish King Milan all success in what he is doing to counteract Russian influence, but I suppose that Europe would let the Servians march on us led by Russian officers and armed with Russian weapons, but should Russian volunteers gain them then we would have friends to the rescue. This would undoubtedly cause a European war. We could put 200,000 well armed men in the field at once. Those residents of Bulgaria who are in favor of Russia have been misinformed or else are paid agents. We will at once expell the Russian mercenaries from the country. The Bulgarians like the change from Bismarck very much—as he hated us."

Lord Randolph Churchill and Royalty.

LONDON, July 22.—Lord Randolph Churchill is now basking in the full sunlight of royal favor, as shown by the fact that the Prince and Princess of Wales dined with him and his American wife this evening. Mr. Chamberlain and his American wife hope to have the honor of their Royal Highness' company a little later on at a very swell garden party, which will be given previous to the departure of the Birmingham statesman and his spouse for an American tour. They hope to sail August 6.

EXTRA TAXATION ON SPIRITS.

In the House of Commons last evening Mr. Goschen announced that the amount realized through extra taxation on spirits, and which the Government originally proposed to devote to the purchase of licenses, would now be allotted in England and Wales to county councils for the purposes of technical or agricultural education. The portion falling to Ireland would be in part placed at the disposal of the Intermediate Education Board and in part devoted to the purposes of the Irish laborers' dwelling act. The portion falling to Scotland would be handed over to the county councils for the relief of local taxation. Right Hon. Henry Campbell Bannerman, member for Sterling, gave notice of an amendment that the amount falling to Scotland be devoted to free primary education.

The Grenadier Guards.

LONDON, July 22.—During the final review of the Grenadier Guards yesterday by the Commander-in-Chief there were many scenes of disorder among the men. Those who had received sentence of punishment for their mutinous conduct were especially recalcitrant. They plucked from their breasts the medals won in the Egyptian campaign and threw them across the parade ground. Many military men criticise the authorities severely for parading the men at all and argue that they should not have been given an opportunity to exhibit their temper, but should have been packed out of the country as quietly as possible. The London *Chronicle* demands a Parliamentary inquiry into the matter of the exiling of the Grenadiers.

EMBARKED FOR BERMUDA.

The Guards embarked at Chatham to-day on the troops ship, Tamar, for Bermuda. They paraded at daybreak and marched to the Victoria Station, Twenty thousand people accompanied them and cheered incessently. They embarked in good order.

The Price of Silver.

LONDON, July 22.—The sudden rise in the price of silver has caused all the financial writers on the London press to sharpen their pencils and put their deepest thinking caps on in the hope of enlightening the world as to the cause and effect of this alteration in the ratio between the two precious metals. The expert of the *Morning Post*, who enjoys the distinction of being perhaps the heaviest writer on the subject, pronounces the obiter dictum that the fluctuation in price is but a passing cloud; that the effect of the American silver bill will be wholly transitory, and that there will be very little of the effect even while it lasts.

Banquet to the American Riflemen.

BERLIN, July 22.—Herr Buhl, a member of the German Reichstag, will give a banquet on Wednesday to the American riflemen who are now visiting Neustadt, Bavaria. The Americans will afterwards visit the Deidesheim wine cellars.

AN ARMY OFFICER DISGRACED.

STUTTGART, July 22.—Capt. Killer of the German army, has been deprived of his rank and uniform for issuing a pamphlet in which he aspersed the military forces of the Empire.

BARON WISSMANN RETIRED.

Baron Wissmann has been placed on the retired list. His heart has become affected from rheumatism, from which he has been suffering lately.

International Peace Congress.

LONDON, July 22.—The proposition for an International Peace Congress does not obtain a very favorable approval among the statesmen of Europe, as the only solution they see is a readjustment of some of the European possessions, notably Lombardy, Venice and Alsace-Lorraine.

Arabs Fire Upon Spaniards.

MADRID, July 23.—A number of Arabs fired upon a detachment of Spanish cavalry near the town of Melilla, a Spanish convict settlement on the north coast of Morocco, and several of the cavalrymen were wounded. The attacking party was shelled from the fortress and a number of the Arabs were killed.

Turkey's Debt to Russia.

LONDON, July 22.—The Russian Ambassador at Constantinople has sent another communication to the Porte, demanding payment of the war indemnity. The debt now amounts to $152,750,000. Turkey has only paid two years' instalments since 1882.

Natalie Goes Into Retirement

ST. PETERSBURG, July 22.—The ex-Queen Natalie of Servia is completely cast down by her failure to procure a rehearing in her divorce case. She has given up the struggle and will go into retirement at the residence of her aunt in Bessarabia.

Turks Killed by Christians.

CANEA, July 22.—A number of Turkish soldiers, who were proceeding from their camp near a well to draw water, were fired upon from ambush by a party of Christians and five of the Turks were killed.

Demoralization at Buenos Ayres.

BUENOS AYRES, July 22.—The city is generally agitated in consequence of the discovery of the plot to overthrow the Government. The palace is garrisoned by 4,000 troops and 3,000 armed policemen. The bourse is demoralized.

The Floods in China.

LONDON, July 22.—The *Standard's* correspondent at Shanghai reports that floods in Hongo have destroyed the embankment at Lungwaugnyais. The Peiho River is rising and the water is now over the country unto the walls of Pekin.

Servia's Demand Refused by Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 22.—The Porte has declined to give the satisfaction demanded by Servia for the murder of the Servian Consul at Pristina, or to compensate the widow of the murdered man.

Wrecked by a Hurricane.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 22.—The town of Slouim has been partly wrecked by a hurricane. A number of people were buried in the ruins. Nineteen bodies have been recovered.

Dominion Doings.

TORONTO, Ontario, July 22.—Michael Enright, an amateur oarsman and a brother of Conrad Enright, the well-known oarsman, was drowned last night in the Don River while practicing in his shell. No one witnessed the accident, but it is supposed that his boat upset and his feet became entangled in the straps, preventing him from saving himself by swimming.

THE BEHRING SEA QUESTION.

Stavely Hill, Member of Parliament for Staffordshire, England, is in this city. He expressed the opinion yesterday that the British Government would take a firm stand on the Behring Sea question.

DR. WILD RESIGNS.

Rev. Dr. Wild, pastor of the Bond street Congregational Church, and formerly of Brooklyn, well-known by his frequent expounding of his theory that the Anglo-Saxon race are the lost ten tribes of Israel, has resigned his charge to go traveling in Europe for a few years. It is stated that he has received a call from a congregation of one of the largest cities in the United States.

CAPT. CHARRON DISCHARGED.

QUEBEC, July 22.—The charge brought against Capt. Charron of the sailing vessel Polynesian by the sailors of the vessel of having caused the death of one of the crew by cruel treatment, has been dismissed, owing to the contradictory nature of their evidence.

CAPTURED BY AN ENGLISH SYNDICATE.

GUELPH, Ontario, July 22.—The big piano and organ manufacturing concern of W. Bell & Co., in this city, is announced to be sold to a company of English capitalists for $750,000.

A TERRIBLE DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, July 22.—News of a horrible tragedy has reached here from Labrador. Thomas Oliver killed his three children and then committed suicide May 4. The infrequency of communication with the Labrador coast accounts for the delay in hearing of the crime.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STOCK.

MONTREAL, July 22.—A special to the *Globe* from London says: "The issue of additional capital stock of the Canadian Pacific is publicly announced to be in the form of £1,000,000 sterling, four per cent perpetual debentures at 97 per cent. Of this £720,000 will be applied to the Pacific steamship service and the remainder is for rolling stock and betterments. There is some comment over the fact that the issue is made by the company direct and not through Baring Bros., as heretofore.

Foreign News in Brief.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 22.—The Czar has been selected for arbitrator of the dispute between France and Holland concerning Guinea.

LONDON, July 22.—The report that Lord Salisbury intended to withdraw 1,000 of the British troops from Egypt is confirmed much to the displeasure of holders of Egyptian bonds.

ROME, July 22.—Premier Crispi has offered the distinguished African traveler, Capt. Casati, a post in the foreign office.

VIENNA, July 22—The Government has taken steps to prevent the export of cereals from this country.

LONDON, July 22.—Sir John Lubbock has been elected Chairman of the London County Council to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Lord Roseberry.

ZANZIBAR, July 22.—Dr. Peters has left here for Europe.

BUENOS AYRES, July 22.—At the close of the Bourse yesterday Gold was quoted at 213 per cent premium.

LONDON, July 22.—In the rifle contest at the Bisley Range to-day Sergt. Bates of the First Warwick Regiment won the Queen's prize.

PERAMBULATING EXHIBITIONS.

The Novel Scheme of a French Firm to Advertise Goods.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, July 22 —Pushed to the wall by excessive competition, commerce has had recourse not only to national, special and international, but also to floating exhibitions. Germany was the first in the field, and Spain has followed suit by sending to America a vessel loaded with samples of every product or article that she could have to sell and which stopped for many days at Rio Janeiro, Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, Valparaiso, and other points, at which place the inhabitants were invited to come aboard and examine the samples exhibited. An improvement on, or rather a modification of his new method of advertising, has just been made by the French. They could hardly send floating exhibitions among their neighbors of Switzerland or Italy, so they devised a system of "perambulating" exhibitions. They began with library articles inasmuch as the book section in the latest Paris exposition did not have the success it merited. While crowds congregated around the sumptuously decorated sections of perfumery, furniture, mechanical dolls and Paris notions, the marvels in lithography, etchings, engravings, and typographs, were relegated to the second floor of the Palace of Liberal Arts, where few people took the trouble of ascending to look at them. That section was so utterly neglected by the public that, in the hope of attracting visitors, the administration of the exposition caused a piano to be placed there, but the pianist played to an empty hall most of the time. That indifference led a large book firm in Paris, the most ancient and the most flourishing perhaps, that of the Messrs. Firmin Didot, to start the plan of a perambulating exhibition, not so much in the interest of the wealthy and successful firm as in that of France herself. This kind of exhibiting is done by railroad traveling and few appliances are needed. In a dozen large show-cases resting upon movable iron supports and easily folded are methodically arranged specimens of all the volumes published by the Didot firm. They are numerous and embrace the whole circle of human knowledge, dictionaries, works of imagination, science, art, history, illustrated papers, etc. The whole stock of the exhibition does not weigh more than 4,000 pounds. It is sent into all cities where French books and style of publications are not sufficiently known. Advertisements in the local newspapers inform the inhabitants that on such a day in such a hotel the exposition will be open and the employes who accompany the exhibition furnish all necessary explanations. No books or other lithographic and typographical productions are sold on the spot, but specimens are to be seen and orders can be given. It is expected that by comparing the genuine with the counterfeit articles, which are published in large quantities at Leipsig, especially, and in other European cities, that foreigners will see the superiority of the real French article and send their orders directly to French publishers. If this perambulating exhibition proves successful for the book and printing industry it will be tried in others.

MURDERED BY DRUNKEN COMPANIONS

Residences and Contents Destroyed—Found Dead—Illinois Items.

RUSHVILLE, July 22.—Mrs. Wilson, a tough character, has been found dead, and was murdered by drunken companions. The Coroner's jury is in secret session.

PEORIA, July 22.—Residences of Conrad Suess, David Powers, Chas. Delent and Chas. Hudson were destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $15,000; insurance, $10,000. Furniture and houses totally destroyed.

BLOOMINGTON, July 22.—Dan North, a tough character, last night shot Marshal Hodge. He may be lynched.

PETERSBURG, July 22.—Robert L. Turner, an old farmer, was found dead in his field yesterday. He was killed by a mower.

St. Lawrence O'Toole's Parish Party.

The Executive Committee having in charge the lawn party to be given Thursday night at Sportsman's Park for the benefit of St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, completed all arrangements at last night's meeting. The reports of the sub-committees were very encouraging. The different street car lines will run cars all night for the convenience of all who attend. The park will be illuminated with ten large electric lights.

WEAKENED BY WATER.

A BRIDGE ON THE ROCK ISLAND GIVES WAY UNDER A TRAIN.

The Engine and Three Cars Precipitated Into the Chasm—Engineer McCormick Killed and Twelve Passengers Injured—The Accident at Limon, Colo.—Miraculous Escape of an Excursion Steamer From Destruction.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 22.—The following particulars in regard to the accident to the eastbound passenger train on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad near Limon, Colo., last night, have been received by General Manager St. John from Colorado Springs: The accident occurred at a bridge a mile and a half west of Limon, at about 10:40 o'clock p. m. Two spans of the bridge, which is about thirty feet long and fifteen feet high, were washed out by a torrent. From the fact that there was very little rain on either side of the washout it is believed to have been the result of a cloud-burst or a water-spout. The engine, baggage car, day coach and chair car went into the chasm and were wrecked badly. The sleeper remained on the track. Twelve or fifteen people were more or less seriously hurt, and Engineer McCormick was killed. Physicians and a wrecking outfit were at once sent to the scene of the accident from Colorado Springs. The following is a list of the injured:

WM. WATSON, Pueblo, Colo., head and face badly cut and generally shaken up.

K. W. WOODLAND, Kansas City; ankle bruised.

J. M. THOMPSON of Buena Vista, Colo.; wrist sprained.

MISS ANNIE PATTERSON, Mankato, Minn.; bruised.

H. BOGGS of Lincoln, Neb.; head slightly bruised.

JOHN OATS of Riley, Kan.; shoulder bruised and back injured.

MRS. MARY (surname not learned) of New York; side badly bruised.

C. C. HANLIN, fireman; head and neck bruised.

E. H. HEIDRICK, baggageman; head cut and back hurt.

S. BOWLINS, head and hand cut, finger broken.

H. V. BULL, news agent; face, head and legs badly cut and internally injured.

Engineer McCormick has not yet been found. His body is probably under the engine. The wounded were taken back to Roslin the sleeper, where they are receiving medical attendance. The unhurt passengers have been sent back to Colorado Springs, thence to Denver, from which point they will be forwarded over the Rock Island's other route to their destinations.

Miraculously Saved.

AUBURN, N. Y., July 22.—A gentleman who arrived in the city on the 11:35 Central train last night gave a United Press reporter an account of what might have been a terrible casualty at Niagara Falls yesterday. The pleasure steamer Ella H., which runs from Port Bay to Buckhorn Island, was obliged to run around Green Island on account of the low water in the river. Just as the steamer was rounding the island in the widest part of the river at that point, the engine gave out. The anchor was hove overboard, but it failed to catch for some distance, dragging on the rock bottom. When it finally got a hold the boat was under such headway that the bulkhead to which the hawser was attached was torn from its fastenings. When nearly the whole of the chain had been played out, the end became knotted in the hole in the bulkworks and held the boat. The trouble with the engine proved to be a defective valve, which was soon repaired and the boat was again got under headway, but so great was the force of the current that it took fifteen minutes to reach the spot where the anchor caught, 100 feet up-stream from the boat. There were about one hundred and fifty passengers on the steamer and a pleasure barge attached to it. There was a terrible scene of confusion, women fainted, children screamed and men bid each other good-bye. The boat was only a short distance above the falls when stopped, and it was a miracle which saved the lives of the 150 people on the boat.

Blast Furnace Explosion.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 22.—Bayview was shaken shortly after 1 o'clock this morning by an explosion of such terrific force that the good people of that suburb jumped from their beds, believing their houses to be rocked by an earthquake. The concussion was due to an explosion resulting from a leakage of molten iron from blast furnace No. 4. There were a large number of men working around the furnace at the time, but only one, Joseph Lewis, was hurt. He was caught by the flood of molten iron and burned until the flesh dropped from his bones. He is still alive, but there is no hope of his recovery. He resides in Bayview and has a large family. The damage to the furnace is considerable and it will probably be necessary to empty and reline it. A report was current immediately after the explosion that several men were buried under the debris, but investigation developed that the report was without foundation.

A Terrible Fall.

LYONS, N. Y., July 22.—A terrible accident happened here at noon to-day by which Lewis Pfeifer, John Martin and Fred Lambrick narrowly escaped instant death. They were employed by Jacob Sees in painting the new school-house when the scaffold gave way and the three men fell to the hard pavement below. Pfeifer cannot recover. Martin was slightly injured. Lambrick is injured internally and it is feared he cannot live.

Union Pacific Flyer Damaged.

DENVER, Colo., July 22.—The west-bound Union Pacific flyer was derailed near Carbon, Wyo., yesterday by the spreading of the rails. The front part of the train, including the dining car, was overturned. No one was hurt, but the damage to the train will amount to $15,000.

Perished in the Flames.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 22.—There is now no doubt that Otto Riebe perished in the Security Warehouse fire of last Tuesday. The diggers in the debris came across his charred remains early this morning.

A Bather Drowned.

SILVER LAKE, N. Y., July 22.—Fred B. Cliff of Rochester, son of Rev. W. B. Cliff of Castile, was drowned while out bathing this morning. He was taken with cramps. His body has not yet been recovered.

Abortionists Arrested.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Dr. Henry McGonigal of 217 West One Hundred and Twenty-third street was arrested to-day charged with having committed a criminal operation upon Annie Goodwin, from the effects of which she died. Fannie Shaw, the keeper of the house in which the girl died, and Augusta Harrison, who is charged with complicity in the crime, were also held.

New Warrants.

New warrants issued by Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes at the Four Courts this morning charge Joseph Burk with assault to kill William Blakely; Francis H. Bell, embezzlement, in appropriating to his own use three clocks, all the property of the Metropolitan Manufacturing Co., of which the defendant was an agent; William Tabbitt, petit larceny, in stealing a pair of pants from Henry Wright; William Brooks, petit larceny, in stealing a hat from Grant Dallas; Louis Tayon, assault and battery on S. E. Hoffman; James Neil, assault to kill Ellen Neil.

WOULD NOT ALLOW INSPECTION.

Erik Mattson Arrested for Refusing to Permit Examination of His Factory.

Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes this morning issued a warrant charging Erik Mattson with a misdemeanor in violating sec. 8221 of the revised statutes of Missouri. This is the first warrant of the kind ever issued in the city of St. Louis. Erik Mattson is a carriage manufacturer doing business at 2228 Chouteau avenue. His trade is quite extensive, and he employs in the different departments of the his shops a number of operators. Recently Labor Commissioner Lee Meriwether sent out a large number of circulars notifying the owners and managers of the manufacturing establishments of the city that he would call at their respective places of business and inspect the plant with a view to satisfying himself that the management was complying with the law in regard to the treatment of employes, the construction of fire escapes and the means of ventilation. Among others Mattson was notified of this contemplated inspection.

Yesterday an inspector was sent to Mattson's factory. He was refused admission. He endeavored to reason with the proprietor of the place, but could not convince him that the law justified what he considered an unwarranted intrusion. The only recourse was a criminal prosecution and Mr. Mattson will have a chance to tell his tale of woe before the Judge of the Court of Criminal Correction some time during the present week. The law governing this case is as follows:

Sec. 8,218—"The Commissioner shall have power and authority in the discharge of his duties to enter and to inspect all factories, warehouses, elevators, workshops, foundries, machine shops and other manufacturing establishments."

The penalty for refusing the Commissioner admission or refusing information, is a fine of from $25 to $100 under sec. 8,221 which reads:

"Any owner, operator, manager or lessee of any mine, factory, workshop, warehouse, elevator, foundry, machine shop or other manufacturing establishment, or any agent or employe of such owner, operator, manager or lessee, who shall refuse to said commissioner admission therin for the purpose of inspection, or who shall, when requested by him, neglect or refuse to furnished to him any statistics or other information relative to his duties which may be in their possession or under their control, shall for every such neglect or refusal be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction, be fined in a sum not less than $25 or more than $100.

PLAYED THE OLD GAME ON HIM.

A Rich Old Man Fleeced by a Gang of Card Sharpers.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 22.—Alanson See, a retired contractor of New York, was fleeced out of $5,000 in cash by card sharpers last night. See is about 80 years of age and his mental capacities have failed somewhat. The card sharpers have left town. One of them claimed to be the son of Mr. Park of the firm of Park & Tilford. See says he met the sharpers first on Friday on the fishing pier. Young "Mr. Park" in some way gained his confidence and learned his history. Saturday the sharper met him again, called him by name and introduced his companion, whose description is not known. Saturday evening the young men took their victim to a house on First Lawn and induced him to play in a game, the description of which Mr. See cannot give. They had played some time for small stakes when the old man was told he had won 440. He was then persuaded to arrange for a game for a stake of $5,000. He did not have the cash there, but agreed to go to New York for it. Accordingly See and the sharpers went to New York yesterday morning. There they separated, each agreeing to secure the amounts of the stakes. See went to the Irving Bank, where he has an account, and drew $5,000 in cash. He then met the sharpers and came to Asbury Park, arriving here at 5:30 last evening. Within an hour from that time he had lost every cent of the money and the case was put in the hands of the police. Mr. J. A. Bradley sent a telegram to Inspector Byrnes warning him of the losses and describing the sharpers.

HON. JAMES P. WALKER.

Funeral of the Late Congressman at Dexter, Mo.

DEXTER, Mo., July 22.—The funeral of Congressman Walker, which occurred here yesterday, was an imposing affair, and was attended by hundreds of friends of the deceased from surrounding towns. The city was draped in mourning and business was suspended during the day. Numerous messages of condolence were received by Mrs. Walker. The funeral service was held in the Methodist Church. The city officials were present, and the general public followed the remains to the grave. In the afternoon appropriate resolutions were passed by the citizens.

The pall-bearers were: Hon. D. J. Allen of Piedmont, L. H. Davis of Jackson, R. H. Whiteiaw of Cape Girardeau, J. F. Hatten of Williamsville, Thomas D. Ferguson of Poplar Bluff, Dr. Lee M. Pettit of Piedmont, Dr. G. F. Bartlett of Poplar Bluff, and J. H. Jones of Mill Springs.

THE GALENA.

Preparations for the Wooden Vessel to Go Out of Commission.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The Galena, one of the five 1,900-ton wooden vessels of war now becoming obsolete with the incoming of the modern steel vessels, was being made ready to go out of commission at the navy yard yesterday. The Board of Inspection finished their survey of the vessel a few days ago and have reported that there is no cleaner ship, nor a vessel with prettier rig in the service to-day. Commander Geo. W. Sumner and his other officers are commended for the excellent condition of of the ship, especially one that has seen so long service in Haytian waters and others of the West Indies. She has been continuously in commission since August 28, 1880. The Galena is to have new boilers put into her and will receive other repairs for another cruise.

CREATED A DECIDED SENSATION.

A Fort Wayne (Ind.) Man's Adventure at Niagara Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 22.—W. H. Wellman of Fort Wayne, Ind., created a decided sensation here yesterday. He came in with an excursion, and with some companions went on a spree. He strolled into the pleasure grounds, and thinking it was a hotel, took off his clothes, hung them on a fence near the brink of the cataract, and went to sleep under a tree. The clothes were found by some workmen, and it was thought to be a case of murder or suicide. While the police were searching below the falls for the body intelligence was received that there was a man at the police station who wanted a suit of clothes he had lost. They were brought to him and the mystery explained.

CALLED AND SHOT.

Arrested for Perjury—Surrendered to the Authorities—Texas Topics.

PARIS, July 22.—Andy Young, a respectable negro, living in Red River County, was called to his door a few nights ago, and twenty-five shots were fired at him and all took effect. His tongue was cut out so he cannot tell who his assailants were, although he is still alive.

GALVESTON, July 22.—Joe Marx, Edward G. West and Dennis Colcque, who claimed that the they saw Sanson Heidesheimer burn his oil mill, have been arrested for perjury.

HONEY GROVE, July 22.—Jasper Neaster, charged with killing a negro boy, has surrendered to the officers. He claims to be innocent.

ENDED IN MURDER.

The Disturbances at the Woodworth Camp-Meeting Result in Homicide.

Louis Berg Attacks Private Watchman Henry Saunders and Receives a Fatal Blow.

The Injured Man Goes to His Home After the Fracas—A Doctor Who Was Summoned Discovers That the Skull Was Fractured and Berg Was Taken to the Hospital in the Middle of the Night—He Dies This Morning—Private Watchman Saunders Arrested—His Statement of the Difficulty.

"Take off that Salvation Army badge, you dirty cur. You ain't saved no more'n we are."

"Move on out of here now. The meeting is over, and we don't want any disturbance here. Go on now."

"I'll bet we won't. We want some fun."

"Go ahead; we don't want any trouble with you."

There was a sudden movement, a fist shot out; then there was a scuffle, followed by the sharp crack of a club. A man with a private watchman's badge stood in the revival tent on Jefferson and Cass avenues facing a crowd of young men, with a drawn revolver in his hand. The crowd was muttering curses, and ribald oaths. They stood for a moment and then slowly and sullenly they moved out of the tent.

In the few moments during which the above described scene took place a murder had been unconsciously committed. One of the young men who so boldly shook his fists in the face of the watchman had, during the scuffle, received a fatal blow.

The parties concerned in the quarrel were a crowd of young men who call themselves the "Snare Gang" or "Push Gang," and some of the members of Mrs. Woodworth's Church at Cass and Jefferson avenues. The "gang" has made itself specially obnoxious to the people conducting the place of worship and last night the trouble culminated in a murder. Louis Berg, the leader of the gang, will no more trouble the meeting, as he now lies cold in death.

Last night after the services for the evening were over, about eighteen young fellows, who have been accustomed to attend the meetings, strolled in. They lounged up towards the altar where a subscription was being raised for church purposes. Mrs. Drake, a neighbor, and a regular attendant at the meetings, was reaching for a breast pin which her little daughter had dropped. Berg walked over to where she was and asked what she had lost. He laughingly offered to assist in finding it and was chaffing with some of the others when private Watchman Saunders asked them to move out.

"We're helpin' the lady find her breastpin," laughed Berg. They were told it could be found without them, and they were again requested to move on.

"Are you people all saved?" "Are you going to heaven sure?" "Say, where did you get the Salvation Army badge?" and such questions were asked in a mocking way.

"The watchman will find the breastpin," said Mrs. Drake.

"Oh, he'll sell it and buy whisky with the money," said Berg.

"Get out now. We don't want any such talk as that in here," said Watchman Saunders.

"Who'll put us out?" sneered one.

"I will," said Saunders.

"You dirty cur," said Berg, and with that remark he made a pass at Saunders with his fist. Saunders dodged and lifting his club brought it down on the head of Berg.

The blow seemed to rather daze Berg, but he did not fall to the ground. Two or three others then re-enforced him, and they made a rush at the watchman who stood his ground valiantly, pulling a revolver from his pocket and pointing it at his assailant. Then they walked out and

HE WENT HOME.

In about fifteen minutes some of the crowd with Berg at their head came into the tent again. Watchman Kauffman had re-enforced Saunders and the crowd was prevailed on to go out without any further disturbance. Berg then went to his home at 2411 Biddle street accompanied by Geo. Maloney and John Walsh, and bade them good night in his customary manner.

He disrobed and got into bed, but his head began to ache with pain from the blow. He tossed and tumbled until about 3 o'clock in the morning, when he called his mother.

"I've got a terrible headache, mother," he said. "Can't you give me something to keep it quiet? A copper hit me on the head."

His mother bound a poultice on the sore spot and tried several home remedies, but finding that the pain did not cease but seemed to grow more intense, she decided to send for a doctor.

Dr. Hill, who lives in the neighborhood, was sent for and promptly responded. He examined the injury and with a voice of alarm said,

"Why, young man, your skull is fractured. You should go to the City Hospital."

An ambulance was called, and the doctor fixed the injury so as to ease the pain if possible. Then he was taken to the City Hospital. The pain rapidly increased and the patient grew worse.

At 7 o'clock this morning he became unconscious. His breath came at irregular intervals, his pulse beat slower and slower and finally stopped, the heart refused to perform its functions, the life blood became stagnant, and his life went out.

The report of his death was at once sent to the police, and Capt. Kiely of the Fourth District acted promptly. He at once investigated the affair personally, and found out the whereabouts of Watchman Saunders. Officer Callahan was detailed to make the arrest, and Saunders was found at his house, No. 1517 Cass avenue. He appeared greatly surprised on being told Mat Berg was dead, but he quietly dressed himself and accompanied the officer to the station where he was locked in a cell. Capt. Kiely questioned him minutely regarding the details of the affair and sent his report to the chief at once.

DISTURBANCES AT THE TENT.

When Mrs. Woodworth commenced services in the tent the hoodlum element turned up in strong force, and at several services the disturbances were disgraceful. So bad were they that for a time the idea of abandoning the services altogether was seriously considered. Additional police help was however provided, and several gentlemen volunteered their assistance, the result being that something like order was secured. But the rough element continued to congregate, and although the preaching was not disturbed to so great an extent the comfort of residents in the neighborhood was grievously interfered with. The noise became worse and worse, while the language used on the way to and from the tent was offensive and often obscene.

On July 5 a petition signed by about a hundred residents in the vicinity was presented to the Mayor praying him to revoke the permit issued to Mrs. Woodworth on the ground that those who attended the meetings were a detriment to the peace and morals of the entire neighborhood. Reference was made to the fact that it took six or seven policemen to keep order, but even this force could not prevent the meeting from being an unbearable nuisance. The petition concluded with the assertion that "the profane and obscene language used by males and females going to and coming from the meetings is terrible."

Mayor Noonan took the matter under consideration, but decided it would hardly be fair to revoke the permit so long as those conducting the meeting behaved themselves. If the crowd was disorderly more police would have to be detailed to keep order. Since the time the complaint was made the nuisance had only abated in part, and persons living several blocks from the site of the tent still complain of the bad conduct of those attending.

SAUNDERS' STORY.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called at the Fourth District Police Station this afternoon and was at once granted permission to talk with the prisoner. Saunders was lying on a bench in his cell, with his coat for a pillow, apparently trying to sleep.

"Here's a reporter who would like to talk to you," said the reporter's escort.

Saunders arose to his feet and rubbed his eyes in a dazed sort of a way. He had evidently not slept for several hours. His face was flushed, his eyes had a pained expression, and he seemed exhausted. He was very quiet, and showed no excitement when asked to tell his story. He said:

"Those hoodlums have been disturbing us for some time. I joined the church some time ago, and have been attending regularly. They had no regular watchmen, and so Bro. Kauffman and I volunteered to help them keep watch of the property at night. We were sworn in last Tuesday as regular watchmen and have succeeded in keeping them quiet to a great extent, although They have been cutting guy ropes and throwing rocks at people. One little boy was struck with a rock one night. They were 'guying' the people last night and disturbing the meeting generally. After the meeting was over the brothers and sisters were taking up a subscription for a paper they are trying to start. These fellows commenced making fun, and I told them that the meeting was over and they must go out. They commenced 'guying' me, asking me if I was saved, and if I had joined the Salvation Army. They have bothered me for some time and I had got tired of it. I told them to go out and Berg, who is the leader, called me a dirty cur and struck at me. I just hit him a tap with my club and didn't even knock him down. I had no idea I had hurt him badly at all. I struck him right here," he said, raising his hand to the right side of his head just over the ear "They came in again afterwards and then went home I guess, as I didn't see them again."

"What kind of a club did you have?" asked the officer.

"I made it out of a piece of a buggy shaft. It was a long one, with a strap through the end of it. I had hold of it about in the middle when I struck him. I didn't hit him hard, at all, and didn't think I hurt him. It seems very queer that it should have killed him."

ONE WHO SAW IT.

Mrs. Drake, who was hunting for the breastpin when the trouble occurred, was found at the tent this morning. She told the story as is previously given and she saw the affair. She says they all crowded around Saunders to assault him, but he pulled his revolver and they ran out.

Miss Ida Tucker saw the beginning of the trouble, but she said she ran out after Kauffman to help put the disturbers out. She said Berg once struck her in the face with his hat because he asked her for three kisses and she ordered him out of the meeting.

He also struck one of the brothers one evening she said because he was trying to keep them quiet."

Mrs. Woodworth is greatly affected by the unfortunate affair, but says very little. She says the crowd has acted in a very hoodlumlike manner and they have had terrible times with them.

The witnesses in the affair are Oscar Cummings of the Famous, Ida Tucker, John Welding, Mrs. Drake, John Walsh and Geo. Maloney.

The following names were found written in chalk on the bench occupied by the crowd last night and are supposed to be the names of some of the ones who participated in the affair: Bennett, Geraghty, Dwyer, Egan, McGuire, Connors, and a number of others which could not be distinguished, as they had been partially rubbed out. After each name was written the word "SNARE."

AMONG THE BROKERS.

An Active Market—Stock Sold and Prices Obtained To-Day.

Trading was brisk this morning on the Mining Exchange, and there was a general advance in the stocks dealt in.

* * *

Central Silver, which for several weeks has been rather acrobatically inclined, took an upward turn this morning, and was heavily dealt in. The market opened at 12, and it at once became apparent that there was a sharp demand for the stock; 200 shares brought this figure, and more was wanted, but none could be obtained until bidding had advanced to 12½. At that price sales were heavy, aggregating 32,000 shares. These were insufficient to satisfy the demand, as at 13 the transfers aggregated 1,900 shares, and bidding rose to 14; at that figure the largest transactions of the day took place, 6,000 shares being sold, and more wanted.

* * *

Favorable reports were received from the American and Nettie, the superintendent stating that a large amount of dead work had been done and that ore was being taken out rapidly. In spite of this the stock was weak, being offered at $1.92½, with $1.80 bid. The disappointment of the stockholders in reference to the declaration of a dividend is given as the reason for the decline in the stock.

* * *

Encouraging news has been received from the Little Albert. The Superintendent writes that he has shipped 335 sacks of ore from No. 4 level and 95 sacks from No. 3. The pay streak in No. 4 is twelve inches wide and is improving. The stock opened at 31½c, with a sale of 200 shares. It then rose to 32½ and 300 shares changed hands.

* * *

Richmond Hill opened at 12, which price was paid for 500 shares. Bidding subsequently rose to 12½, and 500 shares changed hands.

* * *

Wire Patch was in good demand, and a sale of 1,000 shares was made at 16¼.

* * *

Silver Age opened at $1.55 bid, and 200 shares were disposed of at that price.

* * *

The curb was unusually dull, not a sale being made. Elizabeth was $2.12½ asked, $2.10 bid.

* * *

The following quotations were made on call to-day:

	BID.	ASK.		BID.	ASK.
Adams	1 10		Mex. Imp		
American	1 80	1 92½	Montrose.	38¾	41¼
Aztec			Mt. Key..	55	
Bi-Metal	32 25		Mt. Lion..		
Buckskin			M. Breen.	1 20	1 27½
Central	13	13½	Nellie		
Cleveland	4½	5	Old Colny		
Clv.&Ahn	15		Old Jesuit		
Cœur d'A			P.Murphy	12	13
GldnWest			R. Hill		
Gold King	2		Richmond		
Granite M			S. Hopes.	85	92½
Hope			Silver Age	1 50	1 57½
I. X. L	2 00	2 08	So. Queen		
Ingram			Tourte'le	4	4½
Ivanhoe	8	10	W. Granit	1 05	1 10
La Union	9	9½	W. Patch.	15	
Little Alb	31¼	33¾	W. World		
Maj. Budd	6½	7	Yuma	40	43¾

The market was strong, and prices higher.

SOCIETY CHAT.

Miss Hattie Hutchinson has left for St. Paul and Pryor Lake, Minn., to be absent several weeks.

Mrs. Melvin H. Stearns of the South Side and her son Merrill are visiting a few of the Northern resorts.

Mr. R. A. Paschal, with his lovely little daughter Fanny, will visit relatives in Nashville, Tenn., soon.

Miss Ida Michel is entertaining her cousin, Miss Cora Wishon of Denver, Colo., who leaves shortly for Newport, Ark.

Mrs. A. G. Clarke of 3521 Chestnut street is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dr. Billingsly, and other friends in Ohio and Indiana.

The Misses Ulrich of 1029 Lellingwell avenue have changed their intended trip to St. Paul and later in the fall they will visit their friends in the East.

Mr. W. U. Simons, Signal Observer of Little Rock, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Thomas Stringer, left for home last night accompanied by his mother, who will spend the rest of the summer with him.

A party of young people spent a delightful evening in Forest Park Saturday, July 19. Among those who were present were the Misses Foley, Dugan, Sheens, Messrs. Deery, Brazel, May, Roper, Dugan, Conner and many others.

Coggia's New Comet.

BOSTON, Mass., July 22.—The new comet discovered by Coggia, was observed last night at the Harvard College observatory by Mr. Wendell. Its position was 10 hours, 29 minutes, Cambridge mean time. Right ascension 9 hours, 13.1 minutes; declination 42 degrees, 23 minutes. The comet is not visible to the naked eye.

Dr. Lyon's Perfect Teeth Powder
Whitens the teeth and purifies the breath. 25c.

A MISLEADING MEASURE.

HOW THE MILITARY CLAUSE OF THE ELECTION BILL IS CONSTRUED.

An Old Statute Incorporated in the Pending Measure—The Use of the Military in Elections—The Senate "Original Package" Bill Passed by the House—Washington News.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The Federal election bill is sadly misleading in its construction to the average voter, in this, that the features of the measures which permit of the employment of the land and naval forces of the United States are embodied already in the United States statutes so far as they apply to the civil rights law and its enforcement. The law was passed in 1870 and the Federal election bill now pending refers to that section of the statutes and includes it as a part and parcel of the threatened law. There are certain correspondents and others here who maintain that the proposed measure does not contain the military clause. It does not, but it applies that section of that statute which already exists as a law, so that it may be used in enforcement of judicial and election matters. Why this construction was made is a question with some of the profound lawyers at the capital, and the pending measure should be understood in this respect.

L. S. Veitchs and L. Skrainka, St. Louis, are late arrivals.

Mrs. Senator Cockrell and family will remain at their home in this city during the summer season.

The North River Bridge Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—A hearing was given to-day by the House Committee on Commerce to Gen. J. K. McCammon of this city and Judge Green and R. Floyd Clark of New York on the bill granting the New York & New Jersey Bridge Co. the right to build a terminal railway bridge over the North River at some point between Twentieth and One Hundred and Sixty-seventh street, not yet determined on. Judge Green referred to a charge made by Mr. Lindenthal, the engineer of the Terminal Bridge over the North River, heretofore authorized by Congress, that the bill advocated by Judge Green was introduced for speculative purposes, and that $270,000 of the $300,000 of stock required by the charter had been paid in. He said that while the Lindenthal bill had not been introduced until the Fiftieth Congress, the company represented by him had secured a charter from the New York Legislature over twenty years ago, and ten years ago had received a charter from the State of New Jersey. Mr. Clark testified to the validity of the company's charter. The committee decided to hear further argument on Friday next. The committee authorized favorable reports on a Senate bill authorizing a bridge over the Mississippi River at some point between its mouth and the Missouri River, and the House bill allowing supervising inspectors of the steamboat inspection service to designate local inspectors for appointment.

Committee Action on Military Bills.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The House Committee on Military Affairs took adverse action on nine House bills to-day. These were to amend the revised statutes so that retired army officers shall be entitled to wear the uniform of and be addressed by the titles of their highest brevet rank; to retire certain disabled officers of the army; to increase the Ordnance Department of the army; to regulate the promotion of the head of the staff departments of the army; to regulate promotion of officers who have served in one grade for fifteen and twenty years; to authorize the President to appoint physicians to fill vacancies in the army; to increase the efficiency of the army and militia; and for the relief of officers who have served fifteen and twenty years without promotion. The provisions of several of these bills have been embodied in other bills which have been reported favorably. A favorable report was ordered on a House bill for the relief of soldiers of the late war who were mustered out or killed before their names had been placed on the rolls of the army.

The Baish Relief Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The House Committee on Claims to-day ordered a favorable report on the Senate bill for the relief of Maj. Daniel N. Baish of the United States Army. The bill authorizes him to be credited with $7,350 of Government funds of which he was robbed at Antelope Springs, Wyo., in March, 1887, while on his way to Fort McKinley to pay the troops at that station.

Improving Ellis Island.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The Secretary of War has designated Capt. Thomas L. Casey, Corps of Engineers, for duty under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in the work of improving Ellis Island, N. Y., for immigration purposes.

The McClellan Pension Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The Senate Committee on Pensions to-day ordered a favorable report to be made upon the bill granting a pension of $2,000 to the widow of Gen. Geo. B. McClellan.

Gen. McCook's Command.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—It is probable that Gen. McCook, lately appointed a Brigadier-General, will be given command of the department of Arizona.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The Senate bill giving a pension of $2,000 a year to Mrs. Jessie Fremont was reported and placed on the calendar. The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill.

Among the more important of the bills reported from the Committee on Appropriations and adopted by the Senate was the following: Inserting item of $400,000 for the Creek Indians under the third article of the treaty of 1866 (out of their own funds in the treasury). Inserting item of $28,000 for the Miami Indians of Kansas, being all the money now held for them by the United States.

The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The House began voting on the "Original Package" bill as soon as the reading of the journal had been concluded. The first vote was on Mr. Adams' substitute defining original packages, which was rejected—yeas, 33; nays, 115.

The House then took a vote on the House substitute for the Senate bill, which provides that whenever any article of commerce is imported into any State from any other State, Territory or foreign nation, and there held or offered for sale, it shall be subject to the laws of that State, provided that no discrimination shall be made by any State in favor of the citizens of any other state; nor shall the transportation of commerce through any State be obstructed except in the necessary enforcement of the health laws of that State. As the vote proceeded it appeared that the result was in doubt and there was great excitement. At the end of the first call there was an affirmative majority of one. At the end of the second call, the majority was the same, but a number of members changed their votes, and the vote as announced was: Yeas, 109; nays, 94.

Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio, who had changed his vote for the purpose, moved a re-consideration.

Mr. Frank of Missouri moved to table the motion, and this was done. A vote was then taken on the passage of the bill as amended.

The Senate bill as amended was passed; yeas, 173; nays, 38. The bankruptcy bill was then taken up.

Hurt While Bicycle Riding.

A colored boy, whose name is not known, was badly hurt at the corner of Pine and Twenty-first streets last night. He was riding a bicycle very rapidly down the hill and ran into a buggy driven by Mr. Wm. Giesler of 1814 Carr street. The boy fell under the horse's feet and was trampled so badly that when dragged out he appeared to be dead. Medical aid was secured, and life was found not be extinct. The boy was taken to the hospital in a dangerous condition.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

A Street Car Road Through New Brighton—Belleville City Council.

The Village Board of New Brighton held a meeting last night and considered the application of J P. McCasland and others for a street railway. The applicants have requested a franchise from the City Council of East St. Louis also, but it has neither been granted or refused up to the present time. The New Brighton board at last night's meeting granted the franchise. The railway the applicants say they propose to operate will traverse the section in and between Claremont and Illinois City. The major portion of the line will be on East St. Louis streets, but the New Brighton franchise was required to enable the road to make certain connections. The board at last night's meeting transacted considerable other business, among which was the formal admission of Charles Dexter's second subdivision and Minnie S. Bowman's Rose Hill addition to New Brighton.

Mrs. J. T. Edwards complained to the police yesterday afternoon that her son-in-law, James Jackson, had threatened her and her daughter, and requested that he be arrested. Mrs. Edwards, though a white woman, is the wife of a colored man. Jackson is a colored man and his wife, Mrs. Edwards' daughter, is white. White has not been found.

Mrs. Mary J. Dearing of Cahokia notified the East St. Louis police yesterday afternoon to be on the lookout for a horse which she said she had loaned to a man who she feared would dispose of it. Neither the man nor the horse have been seen in East St. Louis.

Coroner Woods held an inquest yesterday afternoon on the body of David Swyer, who died suddenly in New Brighton. Investigation showed that death had resulted from heart disease and not from the fumes of paint, as was at first supposed.

Mike Furey, arrested yesterday on suspicion of complicity in the theft of a horse from John Kaestel of Belleville, has been released. His friends, the gypsies who are encamped near Belleville, effected a compromise with Kaestel and the latter dropped the case.

To-day the police arrested William Mayo on a peace warrant issued by Justice Davis at the instance of John Murphy. The latter charges that Mayo threatened to shoot him. Mayo gave bail for his future appearance and was released from custody.

The directors of the Workingmen's Banking Co. held a meeting at the bank to-day and re-elected the following officers: R. J. Whitney, President; Henry D. Sexton, Vice-President; Anthony Isch, Cashier.

John Keenan brought suit in the City Court yesterday against the C., C., C. & St. L. R. R. Co. for $2,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained by him while in the company's employ.

Dr. B. F. Hudson left this morning for Rockbridge, Ill., to join his wife, who is visiting there.

Henry Oebike and Conrad Reeb have gone to Okawville to spend a short term in recreation at the springs.

William Quinn was arrested yesterday for attempting to fight two game cocks on the street, and was fined $5 for the offense by Justice Bunyan.

Belleville.

The City Council held a regular meeting last night. In the absence of Mayor Rainey, Alderman Crouch presided. Andrew Johnson was reappointed scavenger, after the repeal of the ordinance requiring him to capture unlicensed dogs, which was the prime cause of his resignation.

A graduated scale of prices for weighing coal was reported by a committee and adopted by the Council. The prices included in the scale range from 5 cents for twenty bushels to 50 cents for 100 bushels or more. The Council decided not to refund the Pittsburg Railroad bonds, which amount to $25,000. An ordinance refusing the Street Railway Co. to run cars every half hour between 9:30 and 11 o'clock p. m. was passed, as was also an ordinance requiring livery, sale and trade stables to pay a license of $25 per year. The Mayor was authorized to contract for the water supply for the ensuing year at the current price, $6,000. The clerk was instructed to readvertise for bids for the contract to build an iron bridge on Illinois street. Aldermen Ehret, White, Wirsing, Wamser, Kuntz, Wehmeyer and Winkler were appointed a special committee to examine bids.

A divorce suit in which Rosa Langent is plaintiff and Frank Langent, alias Frank V. Young, defendant, was filed in the Circuit Court yesterday on a change of venue from the East St. Louis City Court. The wife claims a divorce on the ground that her husband is a drunkard, has kicked, choked and otherwise mistreated her, and has failed to contribute to her support. The parties reside in East St. Louis.

George Krauss, charged with pocket picking, was arraigned in the County Court yesterday and plead guilty. Judge Hay sentenced him to seven days in jail.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to William Weyman of Johannisburg and Maggie Kroner of Fayetteville.

Hon. F. B. Phillips, Representative of this senatorial district, left this morning for Springfield to attend the special session of the Legislature.

ICE CREAM AND WATERMELONS.

The Baggage Men on the Ferguson Accommodation Refuse to Carry Them.

A peculiar state of affairs is said to exist in the management of the Ferguson accommodation, which leaves the foot of Vine street "every now and then" during the day. On all trains leaving the city through or accommodation passengers are permitted to carry a certain amount of baggage and any number of bundles and packages if they do not exceed the limit of weight allowed to each passenger. The Ferguson accommodation is different from other trains in this that no bundles are allowed. The owners of property at Jennings Station, Woodland and other equalty pretty suburban resorts along the road have done all they could to draw permanant residents to these places and have had the number of trains increased, and the fare reduced. The result is that there are a large number of people living on the line, and as all suburban residents carry bundles a great howl has gone up over the treatment of the patrons of the road by the hired hands. A single incident selected from a great many recited will illustrate. A baggage or express car is attached to every train and it is in charge of a brakeman. Sunday, July 13, a large dinner party was given at Jennings Station, and a prominent caterer was given instructions to send out a two-gallon freezer of ice cream on the noon train. The dinner party never ate the ice cream. Inquiry developed the fact that the hired man in charge of the car refused to take the freezer to Jennings, and when a passenger volunteered to carry it out with him, the brakeman said he would "tro it off de train." The party who ordered the cream called on the brakeman, and he denied all knowledge of the incident. The order for cream was given again last Sunday, and again the caterer offered the two-gallon freezer to the brakeman and again he refused to take it. He sat with his feet cocked up against the car, and even refused to read a letter addressed to him by the party who wanted the ice cream. The caterer, determined his patrons should not be disappointed a second time, hired a buggy and drove to Jennings, arriving there an hour late. To-day it was learned that on the same Sunday train were two men, one with a huge watermelon and another with a small freezer of ice-cream. The brakeman saw them and said, "We don't carry those things on this train. You'll have to put 'em off." The gentleman politely but firmly told the man they would not put them off that if he attempted to the County Coroner would have a case. For some reason the brakeman said nothing more and, in fact, never disturbs a strong man with a bundle or watermelon or ice-cream freezer, but a small man or boy cannot carry them on his run. A delegation of Jennings Station people called at the Wabash headquarters to-day and the patrons of the Ferguson accommodation may have the pleasure soon of noting the absence of the "hired man" as he is called.

BE sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while teething. 25c.

Fractured His Skull.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOONVILLE, Mo., July 22.—This morning while the workingmen who are engaged in making brick on Miller's farm, near Lamine, a small station about ten miles from here, were returning to that place, Joe Deringer, aged 19 years, fell from the rear of a mixed train, and his head striking some stone, fractured the skull. His condition is critical.

DEFEATED BY GIRLS.

THAT IS THE PRESENT SITUATION OF WAITERS WHO ARE STRIKING.

One Hundred Females Occupy the Best Positions They Vacated, and Non-Union Waiters Are in the Remaining Places—A Surprising Number of Applicants for Employment as Waitresses—A Waiters' Restaurant.

A great disappointment awaited a committee of striking waiters that waited in the Union Depot last night for the arrival of W. E. Pomeroy from Chicago. Mr. Pomeroy, known personally but to a small circle of waiters who have been in the city more than three years and by reputation to those who followed the Chicago waiters' strike, offered his services to the local strikers and hoping that he would be able to whoop things up the Executive Committee telegraphed acceptance. They expected Mr. Pomeroy would come at once and a committee was sent to the morning trains to receive him. He did not arrive then and the committee met all the evening trains in the hope of catching him. But he did not come and no explanation of his failure to arrive has been received.

"Floaters," "hams," "schooners" and "hungries" (otherwise tramp waiters or men with but little experience in the business) have arrived from Chicago or elsewhere in considerable numbers in response to advertisements inserted in out-of-town papers by keepers of non-union restaurants. These have been employed to some extent in the place of strikers and the proprietors say the supply is far

IN EXCESS OF THE DEMAND.

It would not be difficult for the strikers to win their fight, however, if it were not for the girls. Their employment and the difficulty, not to say impossibility, of organizing them to assist the strike are the causes of the failure of the waiters to gain their point. The floating element among the male waiters soon discredits itself through incompetency and lack of reliability, and, too, many of the floaters are open to the influence of such arguments as the unionists can bring to bear. The supply of girls seems to be practically inexhaustible. It was anticipated that the Spragues would have great difficulty in securing a sufficient number of girl waiters for their restaurants, but after the first crew was secured for the Olive and Seventh street place they had no difficulty in getting another crew for the Fourth and Pine street place. At first they employed all the girls who applied for work, not knowing how many would apply. Since then there has been

SOME WEEDING OUT.

Most girls find the work easy to learn, but some are gifted with fingers that lack deftness and a total absence of the sense of cleanliness. These were lost out of the list in the course of a few days. At the beginning two girls were required to do the work one man did, but this has been changed, and the proportion of girls to men is much less.

Acting Manager Livingstone of the Southern said this morning: "I have been greatly surprised since we advertised for girls by two things, the good class of applicants for waitresses' positions and the large number of applications. We wanted forty girls and I believe we would have had no trouble in securing forty more. The girls are good looking, bright, modest in manner and dress, and some of them have had a little previous experience. They learn rapidly, and although I do not know, I think our experiment will be a success. We have to have more girls than we had men, as they are not strong enough to do the work men do. A girl could not carry in three orders on a tray, but the men do. I think that when we get to running regularly we will require about one-third more girls than we had men. That is about the experience elsewhere."

The Southern will open its dining-room this evening and the house will resume under the American plan.

The Lindell dining-room is still closed, and the Laclede being the only hotel that bid for colored waiters has now a full force of good men.

The large number of girls so easily found for two of the Sprague restaurants, one or two other restaurants and for the Southern Hotel is a great surprise to such householders as have haunted the employment offices in the vain search for cooks and housegirls. At this season a number of families are out of the city, and some make it a practice to dismiss their servants when they go away. This supply of unemployed labor is immediately taken up to partially fill the gap caused by the secession of girls who have homes in the country, and who go home every year to help their mothers through the summer work. The country born and bred girls compose fully 75 per cent of the servant class in the city, and the annual secession of a large percentage of these causes the demand for help to be exceedingly strong. The present season has been no exception, and yet in a few days forces of girls have been recruited for service in public restaurants and a hotel numbering in the aggregate not less than one hundred, and the supply is not yet exhausted.

THERE WAS A LARGE MEETING

of Union No. 2 at Trades and Labor Hall, Fourth and Valentine streets, this morning. Reports were received and speeches made. There were a number of members of Union No. 3 present. Dodgers were distributed informing the waiters that one of the laundries would do work at half-price on presentation of a union card. Arrangements for the opening of a restaurant to be operated by the waiters on a co-operative plan are being made, and it is expected that negotiations for the rent of a centrally located place will be closed to-day.

LABOR COMMISSIONER MERRIWETHER INTERESTED.

A committee from unions Nos. 2 and 3 yesterday called upon Labor Commissioner Lee Merriwether to enlist him in the settlement of the differences between the men and restaurant employers. Mr. Merriwether has taken the statements of a number of waiters who struck and sent H. E. Bryan Chief Factory Inspector to Secretary Walter R. Sprague of the Restaurant and Hotelkeepers' Association to get a statement of the employers' side of the question. Mr. Sprague preferred that the statement be made by the association and invited the inspector and Mr. Merriwether to a meeting of the association in their rooms in the Emilie building, Ninth and Olive streets.

Mr. Merriwether said this afternoon he would attend the meeting of employers, present the statements of the waiters and ask for the employers' statement in reply. He did not know whether he could assist in the settlement of the trouble, but he was willing to try.

Globe Shovel 'Em Out Sale Still On.

Men's $1 embroidered slippers, Shovel 'Em Out at 59c; men's $1.50, $2 and $3.50 seamless button, Bals. and Congress, 99c, $1.25 and $2.35; men's $6 seamless handsewed button Bals. or Congress, $4.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A SCENE IN COURT.

A Colored Woman Goes Into Hysterics on Being Sentenced to the Pen.

There was something of a scene in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning. A young colored woman named Nellie Owens was given a preliminary hearing on the charge of assault with intent to kill. Acting Judge Paxson was on the bench, and when the testimony had been submitted announced that he would hold the defendant to the October Grand-jury in the sum of $800, in default of which bond she would be committed to jail.

With a wild shriek the woman placed both hands to her head and fell fainting on the floor. Two deputy sheriffs rushed to her assistance and soon had her on her feet. The moment she regained consciousness, however, the crowded court-room fairly rang with her screams of agony. Two other deputies were called in, and her whole form convulsed by the hysterical attack, the unfortunate woman was carried bodily down the stairs and into her cell in the women's ward of the jail. There she soon ceased her cries, seeing that they were of no avail.

On the night of July 11, there was a small sized riot in the house at 1122 North Eighth street, during which the woman, Nellie Owens, is charged with having used a knife on a young colored man named James Linton. The wounds inflicted were not of a dangerous nature. Jealousy caused the affray.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS CO.

Silk Department'nt.

Leading Prices in This Market Always.

For variety, style or price compare goods with anything offered in the East or West.

ON SALE NOW,

At Prices to Close Out Lots During the Hot Season.

REDUCED TO 48 CENTS.
1 lot 900 yards assorted styles China Figured Silk.
Our regular 60c, 65c and 75c goods.

REDUCED TO 58 CENTS.
1 lot 1,500 yards China Figured Silks.
Our regular 75c and 85c goods.

REDUCED TO 61 CENTS.
1 lot 3,000 yards full assortment, pieces running from 16 to 60 yards. Our regular 90c, $1 and $1.25 goods.

These are the best China, Japanese and American manufacture, and among the best goods offered in the market this season.

25 pieces Black Surah Silks,
48 CENTS YARD.

40 pieces Black Silk Rhadames
AT 68 CENTS.
Equal to regular goods sold at 75c.

50 pieces All-Silk Armures,
65 CENTS YARD.
Worth $1.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co.

WAS NOT ASKED TO PAY,

SO HICKMAN COULD NOT HAVE REFUSED TO PUT UP HIS ASSESSMENT.

That Is What Secretary Walker of the Democratic State Central Committee Has to Say Concerning the Story About the Candidate for Railroad Commissioner—Chairman Maffitt Meeting the Local Leaders—The Republican County Convention at Clayton.

Chairman C. C. Maffitt and Secretary R. F. Walker of the Democratic State Central Committee returned to the city this morning from Sedalia, where they went to hear Roger Q. Mills speak and to become better acquainted with the local Democracy there. Mr. Walker was seen at the office of the committee this morning and was asked in reference to the story which has been circulated to the effect that Mr. Hickman, the Democratic candidate for Railroad Commissioner, had refused to pay his assessment.

"There is no truth whatever in the statement," replied Mr. Walker. "Mr. Hickman or any other candidate has not been asked by the committee to pay an assessment, so that he could not have refused to do so."

"Mr. Hickman was not present here last Saturday, however, when the other candidates were?"

"That was because he was away on his campaign and did not receive our letter requesting his attendance until it was too late for him to come. That meeting was not called, however, for the purpose of assessing candidates. The candidates were invited here to confer with the committee so that the latter could obtain information from them which would be of value in conducting the campaign this fall. As the candidates had been making canvasses of the State, it was thought they would have much information that would be useful to the committee in the campaign. Messrs. Gantt and Wolff, who had canvassed the State, did give the committee many points which were of value to them and no doubt Mr. Hickman could have done so, too, had he been here. His absence was due, however, simply to the fact that he did not get the committee's letter in time."

"How did you find the outlook for Democracy on your Sedalia trip?"

"Very good, indeed. We found the people all well satisfied with the State and the farmers particularly pleased."

Chairman Maffitt had two objects in his Sedalia trip. One was to see and hear Roger Q. Mills speak, and the other to become better acquainted with the local Democratic leaders. Mr. Maffitt was very much pleased with the Texan's address and he secured a promise from him to speak in St. Louis later in the campaign. Mr. Maffitt wants him to address the working masses here, the people who think their wages would be affected by a reduction of the tariff. Mills promised to also speak in the Thirteenth or Springfield District. This is Congressman Wade's district. At Sedalia it is said that about 4,000 people, including Congressman John T. Heard of the Sixth, and W. J. Stone of the Twelfth District, and several prominent Republicans heard him deliver his address.

Chairman Maffitt intends to go around the State much more generally than any previous chairman of the State Committee has ever done. He is well known to the more prominent politicians of the State, but wants to become acquainted with all the local leaders. By doing this he thinks he can get more accurate information of the situation from time to time and will be enabled to work to much better advantage.

Republican County Committee.

The Republican County Central Committee met at Clayton yesterday and decided to hold a County Convention at Clayton on August 25 to elect fifteen delegates to the Republican State Convention. Primaries are to be held on August 23, at 2 o'clock, except at Kirkwood, Ferguson, Webster and Black Jackson, where the hour will be 7:30. There are not many candidates in the field at present for county offices, the chief competition being for the Recorder of Deeds nomination. Frank Ruehl is out for a second term and is opposed by David Schmidt and J. H. Zelch. County Clerk Wingler and Sheriff Dosenbach will in all probability be renominated without opposition. The county convention will be held during the fall.

Clayton, Mo.

The neat little home being erected by Mr. Martin Ashboch is nearing completion.

Mr. Geo. Autenrieth and wife are in Michigan spending a short time for Mr. Autenrieth's health.

The congregations at Wilson Chapel Sunday were splendid. The pastor is much encouraged in his work.

Hon. George W. Reyse is rusticating among the pines of Wisconsin. Mr. Reyse is suffering from nervous trouble.

Miss Delia Senn, the courteous and well liked depot agent of our station, has tendered her resignation, to take effect the 1st prox. Her resignation is universally deplored.

Mr. F. W. Rauchenstein's handsome residence on Meramec avenue is progressing rapidly. When completed it will be an artistic structure. It is conceded that the Clayton journalist will have a fair occupant for it.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

The Canadian Pacific and the Pacific Mail Steamship Line.

VICTORIA, British Columbia, July 22.—It is now definitely settled that the Pacific Mail and the Occidental & Oriental Steamship Cos. mean war to the knife against the Canadian Pacific Railroad. Geo. H. Rice, traffic manager of the first-named company, is in Victoria making arrangements to begin the fight in their behalf. The Canadian Pacific first declared its intention of running its China steamers to and from the East by way of San Francisco and has carried out its threat by taking freight and passengers for that port by the Abyssinia, which arrives there about the end of August. She will be followed by the entire Canadian Pacific fleet in turn. To meet this the American corporation have determined to invade Canada. Mr. Rice says:

"I'm in Victoria now for the purpose to arrange to run China steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. to and from San Francisco by way of either Tacoma or Victoria. The probabilities are that Victoria will be the point at least for the present. If your big wharf is soon completed I will decide at once and probably appoint agents in this city before I leave here. The first steamer, which will be the China, will arrive here from San Francisco on August 2, for China and Japan. The first steamer from the other side will leave Hong Kong to-day for Victoria. She is the City of Pekin and has engaged both passengers and cargo for Victoria and Sound ports. We don't intend to do any business with our steamers between Victoria and San Francisco as our relations with the Pacific Co. are most cordial. As far as regards the Canadian Pacific, we expect before that line gets in new steamships to get good hold on business. We shall take no overland business from the Canadian Pacific, but will send our business over the Northern Pacific and Oregon Short Line. What the policy of the Canadian Pacific will be is uncertain. Three new steamers for that line which are soon to be placed on the Eastern route are rapidly approaching completion in British dock yards. The contract requires vessels to develop eighteen knots on trial and sixteen and one-half knots on a 400 mile sea trip. It is confidently expected by the builders that this will be exceeded, no expense being spared to make these vessels in every respect equal to the very finest vessel afloat."

LOSS OF nerve power, sick and nervous headache, paralysis cured by Black's Ak-ro-ni-an Nerve Tonic. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at Anti-Monopoly Drug Store, Sixth and Market, and Pool's Pharmacy, corner Thirteenth and Washington av.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest Gathered From Adjacent Towns.

St. Charles, Mo., July 21.—D. V. Martin of Fort Worth, Tex., arrived yesterday, and will remain the rest of the summer with his family.——Miss Gracia Rivers of Columbia, Mo., and her cousin, Miss Alma Shelton of St. Louis, are guests this week of Miss Katie Shore.——Mrs. Madora Walker leaves to-day for a visit to O'Fallon friends.——Mr. E. Goebel and Miss Bertha Seitz will attend the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Balmer of St. Louis to-morrow night.——W. A. Daugherty, who was arrested at his home here Saturday morning by Deputy Marshal McCune on charge of trying to defraud the pension department and using the mails for that purpose, was taken to St. Louis that evening on the 5:15 train.——Miss Mattie Sarage returned home last week from her northern trip.——Miss Mag Edwards is home after spending some time with relatives in St. Louis.——Miss Annie Shaw of St. Louis is expected this week to visit friends here.——The members of the Madison street Presbyterian Church will hold a sociable to-morrow evening on the parsonage lawn.——Patrick McManemy of Dog Prairie is in town to-day on business.

Denver's Population.

DENVER, Colo., July 22.—George L. Sopris, the Supervisor of the Census, announced last night that the population of Denver and suburbs was 126,182, an increase over his former figures of 7,000, the result of the recanvass by the city's committee.

Warm Weather

Causes That Tired Feeling.

To Be Strong, Take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

LODGE NOTICES.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL, cor. 9th and Olive.—St. Louis Degree Lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., will meet to-morrow (Wednesday) evening and will confer the first degree. The work will be done by the St. Louis Degree Corps. All visiting brothers are fraternally invited to attend.
R. C. BLACKMER, D. M.
ALEX. HEQUEMBOURG, Secy. 33

GEORGE WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 9, A. F. and A. M., will hold a regular communication at Freemasons' Hall, corner 7th and Market sts., this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. "Work on E. A. Degree." Visiting brethren are fraternally invited. Members earnestly requested to attend. P. J. HEUER, Secretary.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—An experienced book-keeper, correspondent and collector desires a change. Address S 64, this office. 36

Clerks and Salesman.

WANTED—Office work from 7 p. m. to 10 p. m.; have steady position; best references. Address F 64, this office. 37

WANTED—Position by young man in store or office; wholesale flour preferred. Address E. C. Henny, 517 Leonard av., city. 37

The Trades.

WANTED—A position as barkeeper by experienced young man. Address N 64, this office. 38

WANTED—A young man would like to learn the trade of harnessmaker. Call at 1912 S. 7th st.

WANTED—Situation by a strong man handy with tools and around machinery; reference. M. S., 1225 N. 14th st. 38

WANTED—Position at architectural work by young man having had experience at carpenters' trade. Address P 64, this office. 38

Stenographers.

WANTED—A gentleman in our office learn and fill a permanent position in book-keeping and typewriting; $75 to $100 monthly. 102 N. 3d, room 11.

Boys.

WANTED—Place by good boy for any kind of work. Address 1117 Locust st. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a young man aged 20 as porter in some wholesale house. Address K 60, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Grocer's clerk. Northwest corner Manchester road and Chouteau av. 54

HAYWARD'S
Business and Shorthand College, 618 and 620 Olive st. Open all summer; all branches taught. 54

BARNES'
Shorthand and Business College, Laclede Fire-proof building, 406 Olive st. Telephones 411 and 1396.

The Trades.

WANTED—A good barber. 1412 N. Garrison av. 58

WANTED—Carpenters at Lindell and Vandeventer avs. 58

WANTED—Ten millwrights, at Rock Spring Distillery. 58

WANTED—Carpenters on Morgan st. and Newstead av. 58

WANTED—Two teams and helper at 4213 Natural Bridge road. 58

WANTED—A plate cutter. Bridge & Beach Manufacturing Co. 58

WANTED—Stonemasons at 8th and Poplar sts., Black & Davis. 58

WANTED—Buggy cushion stuffers at Haydock Bros., 14th and Papin sts. 58

WANTED—Carriage blacksmiths at Haydock Bros., 14th and Papin sts. 58

WANTED—Good man to repair furniture and work around store. 111 N. 12th st. 58

WANTED—Good general machinist; state experience. Address A 65, this office. 58

WANTED—Feeders for job presses, immediately. J. D. McGinnis & Co., Printers, 605 Chestnut st. 58

WANTED—50 men at works of St. Louis Smelting & Refining Co. Howard Station, Missouri Pacific R. R. 58

WANTED—Experienced polishers and buffers. Electro Depositing Co., 916-918 Locust st., St. Louis. 58

WANTED—Bricklayers at Belle and Vandeventer avs.; steady employment to No. 1 men. James Stewart & Co. 58

WANTED—First-class tinsmiths at the L. M. Rumsey Manufacturing Co., 2d floor, cor. 2d and Franklin av. 58

WANTED—A blacksmith at Bridgeton, Mo. at once; steady work; 14 miles out on the Wabash Railroad. Apply to P. O'Malley. 58

WANTED—Collar-makers, short straw; steady work and good wages guaranteed. Peters & Calhoun Co., 906 and 908 Broad st., Newark, N. J. 58

WANTED—First-class journeymen plumbers to go out of the city; good wages and a long term of employment guaranteed. Call at N. O. Nelson Mfg. Co. 58

WANTED—Young man about 17 or 20 years old who understands varnishing and polishing. Apply to Frederick Schrader, piano maker, 2708 Market st. 58

WANTED—No. 1 stonesetters to lay up broken ashlar; steady work to good men. Apply on job, Westmoreland pl., first house west of King's highway. James Stewart & Co. 58

Waiters.

WANTED—A man as head waiter; must be competent. 1728 Olive st. 57

WANTED.

WAITERS

(White and Colored)

—AND—

COOKS.

Apply to Office of St. Louis Association of Hotel and Restaurant Proprietors, Rooms 55-57, Emilie Building, 9th and Olive.

Boys.

WANTED—A boy at 1303½ Chestnut st. 61

WANTED—Boys. Ramlose Shoe Factory, 242 Biddle st. 61

WANTED—Boy in drug store; German; must have some experience. Apply 21st and Market st. 61

WANTED—Boy about 16, with references, to milk cow and work about house. 4266 Morgan st. 61

WANTED—2 good boys for light work, in tin department. N. O. Nelson, Mfg. Co., 8th and St. Charles sts. 61

WANTED—An active boy, 18 to 20 years, who has had some experience in general office work; must have reference. 1122 N. 7th st. 61

WANTED—Boy immediately, for banking hours, 9 to 3, to learn book-keeping and typewriting; $65 when qualified. 102 N. 3d, Room 11. 61

WANTED—Two boys to-morrow for our lines, to learn telegraphing; steady positions immediately when qualified; pay $50 to $75 monthly. Union Telegraph Co., 102 N. 3d. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Dish carrier. Hotel Moser, between 8th and 9th, Pine st. 62

WANTED—Good, experienced porter (colored) in barbershop. 416 Market st. 62

WANTED—Steady young man or stout boy to work in stable. 1431 Franklin av. 62

WANTED—One buggy washer and one harness cleaner. Call at once, 2801 Laclede av. 62

WANTED—A strong young man as nurse; experience not necessary. Add. C 69, this office. 62

WANTED—Three young men to take situations immediately, and learn telegraphing, on our lines; pay, $65 to $75 monthly, when qualified. Union Telegraph Co., 102 N. 3d st. 62

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Laborers.

WANTED—10 laborers at once. Apply Brunner Mfg. Co., 5014 N. 2d st. 59

WANTED—Laborers. Apply to Anderson Bros., at D. Crawford & Co.'s building. 59

WANTED—30 teams to haul dirt at 4th and Locust sts.; $4 per day. John O'Donnell & Bro. 59

WANTED—Teams to haul brick. Apply to Union Press Brick-works, Natural Bridge road and King's highway. 59

WANTED—20 men with shovels at $2 a day on Morgan st. at Narrow Gauge depot in the morning. Boarding house furnished. 59

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—A situation as cook or washing, or in a store. Call at once. 2710 N. 15th st. 49

WANTED—Situation as cook or to do washing, or in a store. Call at once. 2710 N. 15th st. 49

WANTED—Situation by a woman to do cooking and washing in private family. Apply at 816 N. 11th st. 49

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced nurse as nurse or companion. Add. H 64, this office. 50

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid. 3301 Market st., up stairs. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—An expert copyist to address circulars. Call at 1603 Olive st. 63

Stenographers.

WANTED—Young lady for permanent position to learn book-keeping and typewriting; $75 to $100 monthly when qualified. 102 N. 3d st., room 11.

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—A good cook at 2228 Rendolph st. 68

WANTED—An A No. 1 cook. 932 Garrison av. 68

WANTED—At once, cook with references, at 3131 Morgan st. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron for a small family. 3513 Laclede av. 68

WANTED—Good girl to cook and do general housework. 2653 Russell av. 68

WANTED—A competent girl for cooking, washing and ironing in a small family of two; Swede or German preferred. Call at 2830 Lafayette av. 18

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Girls for sewing. Costume place, 521 Walnut st. 69

WANTED—Machine girl to sew on pants. 723 Soulard st., up-stairs. 69

WANTED—Machine operators and hand sewers on pants at 1130 N. Broadway. 69

WANTED—6 machine girls and finishers on pants; steady work. 2225 Randolph st. 69

WANTED—Finishers on pants; ladies to take work home, also girls to learn. 804 N. 10th st. 69

WANTED—Experienced overall and jeans hands; also girls to learn; good pay; steady work; new factory; northwest corner Biddle and Collins sts. Wear & Boogher D. G. Co. 69

General Housework.

WANTED—Girl at 4416 N. 19th st. for general housework. 66

WANTED—A housegirl and one woman to cook. 910 Pine st. 66

WANTED—A good woman for general housework at 2707 N. 9th st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call 2014 Oregon av. 66

WANTED—Girl to assist in general housework. Call 2224 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework at 2028 Division st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework, small family. Apply 2747 Russell av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework; no washing. 2129 Pine st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 2226 Rutger st., (near cor. Missouri av.) 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; without washing. Apply at 1518 Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—A German girl to do general housework; good wages. Apply at 3710 N. 11th st. 66

WANTED—German girl in American family for general housework; wages, $16; reference. 1348 Garrison av. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family; German preferred. Apply 2924 St. Vincent av. 66

Laundresses.

WANTED—A laundress by the month; good wages. 1728 Olive st. 67

WANTED—Laundress to do washing and ironing in private family. Inquire at 1224 Taylor av. 67

WANTED—First-class shirt ironer, capable of finishing new work, either man or woman to go to another city. Address R 64, this office. 67

Nurses.

WANTED—Neat girl about 15 to take care of child. 102 N. 3d, Room 11. 70

WANTED—A young girl to go to the country to do nursing and assist in housework; small family. Apply at 3511 Chestnut st. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A girl as dishwasher. Apply 602 Olive st. 71

WANTED—At once, girl for up-stairs work. 3131 Morgan st. 71

WANTED—A girl to work in a restaurant. Call at 402 S. 12th st. 71

WANTED—A small young German girl in restaurant, 1303½ Chestnut st. 71

WANTED—Sit. by a young lady to do writing or folding. Address B 69, this office. 71

WANTED—A girl to work in kitchen; good wages; reference required. 2116 Olive st. 71

WANTED—Situation by girl to go as waiter in hotel or restaurant. Address M 64, this office. 71

WANTED—Three girls to take situations immediately, and learn telegraphing, on our lines; pay, $55 to $75 monthly, when qualified. Union Telegraph Co., 102 N. 3d st. 71

FREE TREATMENT
For all diseases; small charge for medicines only; 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily and Sunday; consultation private. Policlinic and Dispensary, 813 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Seven reliable men to sell a new and very valuable specialty in school apparatus; terms liberal; no canvassing for books; none but "rushers" need apply. Address O. W. Close, 315 Wabash av., Chicago, Ill. 73

WANTED—Salesmen at $75 month salary and expenses to sell line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc., by sample only; horse and team free. Write at once for full particulars and sample-case of goods free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. 73

WANTED—Agents of either sex in every county in Missouri, Iowa Kansas and Nebraska, to sell LONG'S SOLID MUCILAGE PENCIL. Exclusive territory free. Every person who uses mucilage needs one. Sample by mail 25c. Send for circulars. Chas. C. Sellers, General Agent, 616 Wyandotte, room 3, Kansas City, Mo. 73

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner with $1,000 cash in first class novelty mfg. business. Address W 64, this office. 23

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—Partner with $2,000 for the greatest paying female sensational star on the road; engagements already made. Ad. A 57, this office.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange 65 unimproved lots in the city for improved property. Address W. S. Jackson, 2441 Spring av. 24

MONEY WANTED.

WOULD like to borrow $50 at 10 per cent interest; good security. Address O 64, this office. 25

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—One unfurnished room and board by two young ladies and little brother. Address T. C. D., 822 N. Grand av. 20

MUSICAL.

MILLER, Emerson, Kimball and New England pianos at low prices and easy terms. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1111 Olive st. 27

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—M: Have returned and want to see you. T. 1

PERSONAL—Tree: Would like to see you if agreeable; note not plain as to date; say when. 1

PERSONAL—If M. S. will write the fourth note and give address, will answer; was away when note of 9th was written. B. 1

PERSONAL—Franklin av. cable, 5 p. m. yesterday, 9th and Franklin av.; you looked back as I left car near Garrison av. Will you kindly address T 64, this office. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

HIGHEST cash price paid for second-hand office and household furniture in large or small lots. Call or send postal. F. Nadal, 12 N. 7th st. 74

MRS. A. COLE, 1124 Pine st., gives the finest and most refreshing electric and magnetic baths and massage in the city. Male and female attendants. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable terms. Ladies in trouble call at 2300 S. 12th st. Take yellow cars at Union Depot going south.

MRS. DOCTRESS DOSSEN, ladies' physician. All communications strictly confidential. Ladies in trouble call at 1332 Chouteau av., St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. DR. ARTHUR, ladies' physician; midwife; boards during confinement; terms reasonable; strictly con.; ladies in trouble. Call 2603 Wash st. 74

MME RIENER, ladies' physician and midwife; regular graduate of two colleges; female diseases a specialty; ladies received in the house during confinement; charges reasonable. 1504 Clark av. 74

MRS. DR. LYONS' magnetic healing institute, with baths and massage treatment; all manner of diseases successfully treated, with male and female attendants. Sea salt and alcohol rubbings. 1528 Olive st. 74

PARTIES declining housekeeping realize highest cash prices for their carpets, furniture and effects in large or small lots, by sending to R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., Auctioneers 1104-6 Olive.

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. 74

DIVORCES Speedily; quietly. For parties in any State. Desertion; all causes. Blank application free. Robert White, Att'y, 53 Broadway, N. Y. 74

CARPENTER.
C. E. Sharp, 4115 Peck st.—Carpenter and builder. Job work a specialty. Call and see me. 74

SCREENS----THE UNIQUE.

Patented October 15, 1889. Manufactured and for sale at 2711-13 Laclede av., St. Louis, Mo. County and State rights of patent for sale. Agents wanted to sell same. A rare chance; will pay you to invest. Just the thing for a side line.
74 S. J. ANDERSON, Patentee.

MME. LEOHN tells fortunes by burning fluid; satisfaction guaranteed. 1525 Morgan st. 74

MME. ANNA, the Fortune Teller of the West, 326 Market st., near 4th; established 1851. 74



Is the only genuine Belt made, all others are imitations. Send 2-cent stamp for book—sent free. Contains prices and testimonials of Belts—now sold on time payments. Persons in family, business or law troubles, or failing in health consult Mrs. C. Wilcus, the only New Orleans business adviser and spiritual healer. Advice given in English and German; also by letter. Orders for Belts filled from all parts of the country. Letters with stamp answered. Office in Dr R. Janes' Building, manufacturer of family medicines. Hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily. No. 1400 Olive st., s. w. cor. of Exposition Building, St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. ROS. SABINE,
The Fortune-teller, Business Adviser and Spiritual Healer. 1410 Pine st. 74

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPERTY

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 Pine St.
Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on these loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodations will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

MISSOURI MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 619 Pine st., 2d floor, will loan you money in sums to suit, at the lowest possible rates and most reasonable terms, on furniture, horses, wagons, watches, diamonds and personal property of any kind. 31

DO YOU WANT
MONEY?

If so, don't borrow before getting our rates, which are the lowest, on any sum from $10 to $10,000.
We make loans on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons without publicity or removal of property.
Loans carried as long as desired, part payments taken and costs reduced in proportion.
If you bought furniture on time and can't meet payments we will pay it for you. No charges taken out in advance; borrower gets full amount of loan. Don't forget to call on us for low rates.
EAGLE LOAN CO., 714 PINE ST.,
O. C. VOELCKER, Mgr., 2d Floor.

1017 CHESTNUT ST. is the number—I loan any amount on furniture, pianos and other securities in residence; low rates; fair terms. R. W. STALEY, 1017 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture and pianos without removal; also on indorsed paper or any personal securities; our terms the best in the city. M. E. Dougan & Co., 113 N. 8th st.; no commission. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, any amount; lowest rates; no com. chd, 621 Chestnut

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rates. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

BROLASKI & VOORHIS, 111 N. 8th st., make liberal loans and terms on good securities: on furniture, pianos, warehouse receipts, building association books, insurance policies, horses and vehicles, real estate, etc.; see us for low rates. 111 N. 8th st.

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000, on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest.
S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.
31

FURNITURE LOANS.
$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

IF YOU WANT
MONEY
DON'T BORROW BEFORE
Getting our rates, which are the very lowest, on any sum from $10 to $10,000. We make loans on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons at the very lowest possible rates. You can keep the property in your possession without publicity or removal of property.
Loans can be carried as long as desired and part payments can be made at any time and the costs of carrying a loan reduced as fast as payments are made. There are no charges to be taken out in advance. Borrowers get full amount of loan.
If you bought furniture or a piano on time and can't meet the payment, then call on us and we will pay it for you. If you want a loan, then you will find it to your advantage to see us before borrowing.
BANKING ROOMS OF THE
German-American Loan Company,
F. W. PETERS, Manager,
515 PINE STREET,
Second Floor.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—By gentleman room in private family; must be reasonable. Address L 64, this office.

WANTED—Small, completely furnished house or flat of about six rooms; must be near Olive st. cable. Address A 64, this office. 21

WANTED—A young man wants a nice room with use of bath, handy to cable line; will furnish room if desired; best of references. Address K 64, this office. 21

WANTED—Two large, communicating, unfurnished rooms in private family, with board for self, wife and two little boys 3 and 5 years old; must have large yard and be convenient to steam, cable or electric trains; state terms. Address W 63, this office. 21

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two or four furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all modern improvements. 13

1002 PINE ST.—Parlor and second-story front, furnished. 13

1109 WASHINGTON AV.—Fur. front rooms, s. ex.; suitable 1 or 2 gents; $2.50 per week 13

1121 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping from $2 up. 13

1640 TEXAS AV.—6 rooms on 2d floor; half block from new cable. 13

1717 N. GARRISON AV.—Two furnished rooms. 13

1720 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room for 1 or 2 gents; also hall-room; new building. 13

1809½ CARR ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

2126 OLIVE ST.—Newly and elegantly furnished front and back rooms, best of accommodations; terms moderate. 13

2303 MARKET ST.—Furnished front and back rooms; privilege of housekeeping. 13

2325 OLIVE ST.—Three newly papered unfurnished rooms; water in rooms; front south; $13. 13

2337 OLIVE ST.—Two unfurnished connecting second story front rooms; also furnished rooms cheap. 13

2643 OLIVE ST.—Two unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; whitened and papered; rent $8. 13

2644 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished room; bath, gas and all conveniences; terms moderate. 13

2950 DICKSON—2 elegant furnished parlors and kitchen with gas stove for couple; only first-class parties; references exchanged. 13

3008 LOCUST ST.—Furnished room cheap, to right party. 13

3238 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished room; so. ex.; cheap. 13

3534 OLIVE ST.—One elegantly furnished front room on 2d floor. 13

3915 EVANS AV.—Four beautiful rooms, second floor; separate entrance; one square from cable. 13

3965 EVANS AV.—4 rooms, hall, bath and closet; $20 per month. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

2830 FRANKLIN AV.—Elegant flats; $16. Apply Meriwether, Laclede building.

FOR RENT—New flats; 4 rooms and bath, $17; separate entrance front and rear; fitted up with improvements. 3205 Salisbury st, $17; 3209 Salisbury st. $17.
C. H. PECK, JR., 1002 Chestnut st.

BOARDING.

1806 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board. 18

1809½ CARR ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board. 18

1815 WASH ST.—Pleasant furnished second-story front room; also other rooms, with board, suitable for gents. 18

1834 LUCAS PL.—Desirable rooms, with or without board. 18

2208 LUCAS PL.—Elegantly furnished large front and single rooms, with bath and first-class board; day boarders accommodated. 18

2714 LOCUST ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without board. 18

2730 OLIVE ST.—Furnished front and back parlors, with or without board. 18

2735 OLIVE ST.—An elegantly furnished suite, 2d floor; private fam.; southern exposure, with or without board. 18

2737 STODDARD ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board. 18

2940 LOCUST ST.—Furnished rooms, with board; and table board also. 18

3558 LINDELL AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms with first-class board; best of reference given and required. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1116 GRATTAN ST.—Six-room house in good repair. Inquire Geo. H. Billon, Post-Dispatch counting-room, or at 1523 Hickory st. 14

1919 HICKORY ST.—Eight rooms, modern house, all conveniences. Apply FISHER & CO., 714 Chestnut st. 14

WE MAKE THE
Collection of Rents a Specialty.
GIRALDIN BROS. & CATES,
Real Estate Agents, 914 Locust St.

LARGE MOVING VANS
And covered furniture wagons for moving households to all parts of this city and county and East St. Louis by load or contract. Moth-proof lined, separate rooms for storing fine furniture. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Eugene Brown, Manager. Office, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 14

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

4700 NATURAL BRIDGE RD.—Store and 9 rooms, with saloon fixtures; good place for boarding-house. WOLF & CO., 105 N. 8th st. 17

4710 NATURAL BRIDGE ROAD—New store and one room, $10. 17

FOR RENT—New corner store—3201 Salisbury st.; fine place for a grocery; 19 new houses in this block built last year.
C. H. PECK, JR., 1002 Chestnut st.
17

FLOORS FOR RENT.
There are four floors, size 22x120; one suitable for a large office, already carpeted, others suitable for business manufacturing or storage purposes, well lighted and ventilated. Apply on premises,
1114 OLIVE ST.

FOR LEASE.

BROADWAY LEASE.
Large store; prominent location; for rent for term of years. Apply to GREENWOOD & CO., Bank of Commerce Building.
10

IMP. CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap; a substantial four-story brick building, 60x80 ft.; suitable for manufacturing; large lot; switch from Missouri Pacific.
7 WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut st.

PETER COOPER.
Place your idle money with the Peter Cooper Building & Loan Association and get 6 per cent interest. Certificates are exempt from taxation. The July series of stock is now on sale. Office 221 Commercial Building, southeast corner 6th and Olive sts.
7 J. B. FOLLETT, Secretary.

BUY A HOME WITH RENT.
We will buy a lot in any part of the city and build a house after your own design. Monthly payments. Plans furnished free of charge. The People's Investment & Building Co. JOS. E. TRUITT, Pres., Office hours: 11 a. m. to 2 p. m., 1008 Chestnut st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Substantial brick building, 50 rooms, with ample grounds, at Kirkwood, 13 miles from St. Louis Union Depot, 20 trains, choice location, nice order, suitable for hotel, sanitarium, asylum or public institution. Apply to
WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut st.
9

FOR SALE.
A big bargain at Pacific, Mo., thirty miles from St. Louis; a large store and a dwelling house of eight rooms; water, gas, all complete; has a good business; sickness is the cause of selling at a sacrifice.
JOSEPH HACKMANN, 708 Chestnut st.
9

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A complete stock of groceries; location good. Apply at 1251 N. 2d st. 4

FOR SALE—Cheap—Coal yard, ice depot and watermelon stand. Apply 1333 Morgan st. 4

FOR SALE—Central corner saloon; living rooms; will sell cheap if sold at once. 1001 N. 4th st. 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—No. 1 talking parrot and cage. Call 2014 Oregon av. 5

FOR SALE—Ice; Northern river ice; any number cars; lowest freight. Squire & Co., 307½ Pine. 5

FOR SALE—Carpets and furniture at 2031 Pine; parties breaking up housekeeping; will sell cheap; call early. 5

FOR SALE—Furniture of large 7 room house, cost $425 last January; will sell for $225 cash; will rent house if desired. 3113 Chestnut st. 5

FOR SALE—Several hundred lockers or closets; size 48x15x18; suitable for office or society purposes; with locks; all complete. 814 St. Charles st. 5

SEWING-MACHINES from $7 to $15, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

REMOVALS.

ST. LOUIS TOILET SUPPLY CO.
The office of this company has been removed from 1015 Pine to 307 N. 7th st. 85

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Library book "Fedora." Please return to Mercantile Library and receive reward. 30

LOST—A gold bracelet at Forest Park. Finder please return to Stella Winkelman, 1936 St. Louis av. 30

LOST—A purse containing $3.26 and a gold locket; photograph inside. Address Miss H. M., 522 Franklin av. 30

LOST—Black and tan hound; white spot on breast; had on collar. Return to 1117 S. 11th st., and receive reward. 30

LOST—A black shoulder cape left on the steps of Barr's, 6th st. entrance, on Saturday night. 706 N. 4th st. 30

LOST—July 8, dun horse, hind feet white, star in the forehead, black mane and tail. Return to 4001 Easton av. 30

LOST—Friday evening last hair ring on west side of St. Ange av., bet. Chouteau and La Salle. Please leave at Wiseman's, watchmaker, 411 Olive st., 2d floor. 30

LOST—A diamond scarfpin in shape of three-leaf clover, with ruby in center, Saturday night. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to Grand Saloon Bar, 6th and Pine. 30

LOST—A brown and white spotted bull terrier dog; ears cut short. Liberal reward paid to finder or for information leading to his recovery at 621 Chestnut st., 2d floor, or 1418 Ohio av. 30

LOST—Certificate of deposit No. 33,916 for $1,520.41 issued by the Fourth National Bank of St. Louis, Mo., on June 5, 1889, payable to the order of August Krome. All persons are cautioned not to negotiate the same, as payment thereon has been stopped. August Krome. 30

STOLEN—Or strayed—July 20, sorrel horse, 16 hands high; had rope around neck. Return to 1230 Bayard av., and receive reward. 30

FOUND—Saturday morning, silver quarter, monogram engraved; same can be had by giving description. Address J 64, this office. 30

FOUND—One small red cow, 6 or 7 years old; two small white spots on forehead, with three-quarter inch rope around her horn; swallow fork in right ear. Found on July 14 by O. G. Fallee, 5810 Pennsylvania av. 30

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For vehicles, 200 new and second-hand cut under and jump seat surreys, storm buggies, phaetons, carts, park wagons, buggies, laundry, grocery, bakery, butcher, milk wagons, trucks. 1110 N. Broadway. 12

STORAGE.

NEW moth-proof lined separate rooms for fine furniture and household goods; packing and shipping a specialty; large padded vans for hire. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Eugene Brown, Manager, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 81

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, trunks, stoves, boxes, etc. Household goods of every description moved, packed and shipped with care. Money loaned; get our rates. Warehouses, 1014 to 1026 S. Jefferson av. Telephone 1422. Consign goods to our care.
81 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1204-6 Olive st.

ALL SORTS.

WOMAN'S Building Association—5 per cent interest in advance to buyers of stock; subscriptions of $10 received; weekly meeting this (Tuesday) evening 810 Chestnut st. 32

2,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 3,000 rings, 1,000 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc. For sale cheap at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 32


ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicants, on monthly payment plan in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

A BUSINESS CORNER, CENTRALLY LOCATED, ON OLIVE ST.
OWNER WANTS TO SELL AT ONCE.
MUST BE SOLD.
2603 Glasgow av.—New 7-room house; lot 37x140.
4 NEW HOUSES.
North side Wells av., west of King's highway, on line Easton av. cable, on monthly payments.
3 HOUSES.
4252 Morgan st.—7 rooms, new; lot 30x150.
4038 Westminster pl.—Lot 38x142; 10 rooms.
4047 Westminster pl.—14 rooms; lot 63x142.
The above 3 houses can be bought at a low figure. Do not delay if you want a home.
400 ft on Olive st., cor. Newstead av.; the cheapest lot in this vicinity; owner wants to realize at once.
338 ft. on Delmar and north and south side Washington av.; will sell in whole or a part. This is big chance.
$25 per foot.—Beautiful lots in Clemens pl. on Delmar and Van Versen avs. can be bought for $25 now; will go higher; if you want a home lot you cannot do better.
77 ft. on West Pine st., 71 ft. east of Newstead. If you see this lot you will buy it at the price I am offering. Also
100 ft. on Washington av., on top of hill; grandest location in the city, at a bargain.
The prettiest 100 ft. in Shrewsbury Park on monthly payments; owner leaving the city and must be sold.
Call and get price list.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Telephone 885. 713 Chestnut st.

ANOTHER PROOF

Of the Marvelous Powers of

THE MAGIC BELT!

East St. Louis, Ill., July 22, 1890.

To MRS. ROS. SABINE, 1410 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

I had been prostrated nearly six years from a complication of female troubles accompanied with insomnia, rheumatism and general debility and such extreme pain that my case was really critical. I could not walk, stand or lie down but for a very short time. Had tried several first-class physicians, but grew worse under their treatment. At this stage all hope had vanished, when your "MAGIC BELT" was made known to me, and to our great surprise it proved like a message from heaven. My terrible pain left me the first day and in less than two weeks I found myself so much improved that I hardly knew myself.

We all consider the Magic Belt a wonderful article and cheerfully recommend it to all who have suffered as I have as the only sure cure and would be glad to answer any questions or communications.

Yours very truly,
MRS. ROSA KUCHEN,
719 Pickett Avenue, East St. Louis, Ill.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of July, 1890.
PHILIP H. ZEPP,
{Seal.} *Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, Mo.*

Mrs. ROS. SABINE,

America's Greatest Fortune-Teller and Business Adviser, Original and Most Reliable Spiritual Healer,

1410 PINE STREET.

Send stamp for her new circular containing history of fortune-telling (from 6000 B. C. until the present time) which will shortly be issued.

REAL ESTATE NEWS.

SOC NEWMAN AND JAMES CAMPBELL PURCHASE THE HURST HOTEL PROPERTY.

Plans for Rebuilding Upon That Site—Fourth Street Progress—Some Local Capitalists Entering the Field of Real Estate Speculations for the First Time—Ground Worth $5 a Foot Two Years Ago Sold at $30.

Another important improvement has been assured for Fourth street on the site of the old Hurst Hotel, between Olive and Locust, as the property has been acquired by Soc Newman and James Campbell, and they are going to tear away the present dilapidated five-story incumbrance that stands there to make room for a modern six-story building, designed for a hotel and restaurant, to be conducted on the European plan. This improvement, with the Allen building next south of it, which Isaac S. Taylor is building for the Mecham Arms Co., will make a handsome facade for that block and redeem for it much of its old-time prestige, which was temporarily lost when the retail business commenced to take a move westward, about five years ago when the new order of prosperity was inaugurated for the city. Since then several very imposing and costly buildings have been erected on Fourth street, and these, with the conversion of the horse car line that was on Fourth street into a cable road, has already had the effect of making the abutting property sell for at least a third more than it was valued at three years ago, when indeed there were no buyers for it. But notwithstanding the advances that have been made prices are yet comparatively much cheaper there than on any other business street in the city, and in view of this recognized fact a much greater increase may be looked for in the near future, for with the completion and occupancy of the large buildings now under way on the street it is soon bound to become a very prominent banking and retail thoroughfare, rents will advance to something near their old standard, and that will convince buyers that there is as good revenue to be made out of Fourth street property as there was formerly.

The site of the old hotel to be rebuilt has a frontage of sixty-two feet by a depth of sixty-two.

On the 14th inst., John Grether sold it at Commissioner's sale to Charles A. Bircher, and the same gentleman has now negotiated a sale of the premises for $50,000 to the purchasers named. Judge Grether is to be congratulated on this transaction, as the transfer of interest will bring about a speedy improvement of much value to the locality.

NEW OPERATORS IN THE FIELD.

Charles H. Bailey has been doing a very heavy summer business on both down town business and improved residence property of the far West End. Yesterday he, in conjunction with Charles H. Gleason, negotiated a $150,000 sale of vacant ground to a speculative local syndicate. This, Mr. Bailey says, was really one of several other of his July transactions, which foot up over $583,000. It is seldom that any one firm perfect a transfer of so much promiscuous property in one month at private sale, especially at this season of the year, and the fact that it has been done in connection with the great volume of real estate business in other quarters, argues well for the prosperity of the market.

The property sold yesterday comprises 5,000 front feet in detached parcels. All of it extends along the line of De Balivern avenue, the route of the Lindell electric road, and runs east from there. On De Giverville avenue, that is immediately north of the Catlin tract, a strip of 600 feet wide along the north side of Forest Park, one piece of the property sold fronts 1,000 feet by a depth of 154. Directly opposite this on the north side of De Giverville avenue there is a plot of 1,000x200 feet, and in the same block there is another 1,000x200 feet with a frontage on the south side of Waterman avenue. Then on the north line of Waterman avenue there is a piece of 1,000 feet frontage having a depth of 235 feet, and adjoining it in the same block 1,000x235 feet more, which fronts on the south side of Kingsbury boulevard, all of it being next east of De Balivere avenue. The consideration for this ground was $30 a foot, the purchasers being Richard C. Kerens, B. F. Hobart, James Campbell and Geo. H. Goddard. In addition to these gentlemen, it is more than likely that Gov. Francis and Charles Maffett will both acquire an interest in the land which was purchased from John V. Hogan. Messers. Bailey & Gleason will represent the owners of the property, which is to be subdivided and improved for the market. Mr. Kerens, who is largely interested in the tract, is classed among the wealthiest men in the city, and as this is practically his first venture in real estate speculations, his entry upon the local field of property investments is significant, inasmuch as it shows that the wealthiest residents, who have heretofore held aloof from buying more property than what they wanted for their own use, are now giving it the preference for safe investments and sure profits. Mr. Hobart and Mr. Goddard, both of them men of large financial means also, may be classed among the new operators, and while James Campbell has only lately taken an interest in real estate it is pretty evident that he finds it as rich a field to work in as that afforded by stock and bond operations, for his name has been seen quite often of late in connection with the sale or purchase of property. For the benefit of non-residents or other parties who are not familiar with the location of this property, it may be said that it is nearly six miles west of the Custom-house, where as yet there are no public improvements whatever, the streets having not yet been opened through the land, but the value of it and demand is all owing to transportation facilities which are being extended out that way for the first time. Before the Lindell electric line was being constructed into that territory the land would have been slow sale at $5 a foot, and there is even now a great deal of equally good property that can be bought at low figures south of the Natural Bridge road, territory which will nevertheless be equally valuable when electric roads are extended out that way. The time to buy this land cheap is before the transportation is afforded, for when an electric or cable road is building through that yet undeveloped quarter values will jump up just as they have in the region between Delmar avenue and the Bonhomme road and Forest Park.

MISCELLANEOUS PURCHASES.

Thirteen lots in Brandon place, on Gravois avenue, north side, between Phillips avenue and Winnebago street, 340x125 feet, owned by Mr. John V. Hogan, sold at $6.50 per foot to Mr. Louis Chauvenet, who bought for investment.

Missouri avenue, east side, between Cherokee and Potomac streets, a 25x125-foot lot, owned by the German Lutheran Hospital and Asylum, sold at $22 per foot to Mr. P. Olson, who will improve with a brick residence.

Daggett avenue—A lot 70x165 feet on the north side, 50 feet east of Cooper street, owned by F. W. E. Best, sold to Daniel Evans at $8 per front foot, purchased as an investment.

Ten acres of land on the north side of the Hanley road, about three blocks north of Olive street road, with four-room frame house, stable and all other necessary outhouses, owned by Gustavus Zesch and sold to J. H. Rabe for the sum of $4,000.

Daggett avenue—Lot 195x175 on the northwest corner of Edwards street, owned by F. W. E. Best sold to Danl. Evans at $7 per front foot.

House numbered 1840 and 1842 South Tenth street between Emmet street and Geyer avenue, a double two-story brick house containing twelve rooms with lot 30x114; also house No. 912 Emmet street, a two story brick house with four rooms and lot 57x130, sold for $5,100 from Mrs. Franciska Bischoff to Hugo F. Thomas who bought as an investment, the property now renting for $575 yearly.

Lot 61x150 on the southeast corner of McCausland and Euclid avenues and lot 50x150 on the north side of Euclid avenue, between McCausland and Wabash avenues; lot 50x150 on the south line of Pernod avenue, between McCausland and Wabash avenues, in Lindenwood, sold for $1,600, from Charles F. Vogel to Henry H. Hayes, who bought on speculation.

Jefferson avenue—Lot 50x117, on the west side, opposite Benton Park, between Arsenal and Wyoming streets; sold for $2,250, from Frank O. Fisher to John C. Jannopoulo and Oscar Gotsch, who intend to improve with a two-story and mansard brick building, to be arranged as four flats.

LINDELL AVENUE ADVANCING.

The Hammett-Anderson-Wade Real Estate Co. sold a lot of 50x213 feet on the south side of Lindell avenue, between Sarah and Newstead, at $100 a foot from John Schureman to Mary C. Sloan, who bought the site intending to build a handsome residence there. This sale at $100 a foot, indicates the advancing value of lots on that street, where there are now more elegant and costly dwellings and churches in course of construction than upon any other one thoroughfare in the city.

OTHER SALES.

C. C. Nicholls reports the sale of 100x155 feet of ground on the north line of Cates avenue, about two hundred feet west of Hamilton, at $16.50 a foot, from H. B. Scammell to G. T. Parker; also 155x125 feet of ground at the southeast corner of Linton and Florissant avenues for $2,500, from A. T. Finch to W. H. Shea, who will build three houses there.

Lohmeyer & Storm report the following sale: Morgan street, No. [illegible]—A [illegible]-foot lot, owned by Mr. Leonard Y. Loring, sold for $4,250 to Mrs. Emma Duff. The property consists of a two-story brick house in front and two two-story bricks in rear, renting for $45 per month.

Eastern Races and St. Paul.

Mr. George C. Bennett will continue to lay liberal odds at the Fair Grounds on all Eastern races from to-day, and on those at St. Paul from to-morrow.

WILL BE EXAMINED TO-DAY.

The Condition of the Cruiser Yorktown's Bottom Plates.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The board appointed to make re-examination of the bottom of the new cruiser Yorktown, to determine to what extent the pitting has injured the plates, will probably begin work to-day and will not finish it before the end of the week. In view of previous reports concerning the damage done, much surprise is expressed that the plates seem now to be in such good condition. Some of the officers say that the injury is slight, but recognize the fact that some protection must be given to the submerged portions of the new steel vessels, either by sheathing, or coating with an anti-fouling and anti-corrosive paint. The board which examined the Yorktown's bottom when she was in the dock at Malta, prepared for the Navy Department gutta percha impressions of the defects discovered. These defects were divided into three classes. There were large patches showing corrosion, over which there was a scale, and these were found principally at the keel plates, and where the keel had rusted on the blocks at a previous docking; they were small pits over which, and projecting beyond the surface of the paint, was a deposit of soft rust of a reddish color which was easily removed, but underneath and filling the pit holes was a black substance resembling plumbago; and the third class were pitted patches which were free from rust. The board was of the opinion that the first form of defect was caused by the absence of an anti-corrosive covering; the second form might have been caused by particles of moisture under the paint, or by defects in the metal; and the third, from the appearance, would seem to indicate the effect of galvanic action on the positive plates of an electrolytic cell. There was also reported a streak on the starboard side and one on the port side, found to be corroded and pitted in some places to a depth of three-sixteenths of an inch. The edges of some of the plates at each side forward were also found to be considerably chafed by the anchor chain. A long deep scratch was also discovered, and it still remains under the port quarter, extending over thirteen plates. As this scratch was partly filled with cement and covered over with the anti-fouling paint, the board is of the impression that it existed before the vessel was turned over to the Government by the contractors. The paint used on the bottom has served well as an anti-fouling substance, but it is not effective against corrosion.

With regard to the other vessels of the squadron of evolution, the Yorktown brought home reports of their condition at the time they were docked at Malta. The hull of the Chicago was reported to be in excellent condition. The Boston, which had three coats of anti-fouling in October, was in fairly good condition, there being little vegetable growth (sub-marine) on any part. The general condition of the Atlanta's bottom was good and there was little sub-marine growth, except a belt above the water line where it had not been painted with the germicide substance in November. On the surface of the paint there were found in many places reddish spots, reddish excrescences varying from mere points to the size of a pea. These were found to be rusted spots, where pitting was just beginning. On the port bow, near the keel, was a spot of pitting, having a depth of about eleven-sixteenth of an inch. The rivet heads in the forefoot were considerably eaten into. The paint on the Atlanta proved more effective than other paints used on other vessels, but the condition of the Yorktown's plates was worse than those of either of the other vessels, which had been in service from one to four years longer.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1890.

SUBSCRIBERS leaving the city for the summer can have the POST-DISPATCH mailed to them to any address without additional cost, by giving the order to the carrier on their route or notifying this office.

BLUE *Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Showers; southeasterly winds; slight changes in temperature.*

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair; stationary temperature.

MAYOR NOONAN is reminded that there are two ways of doing things—a right way and a wrong way.

IF Senator BLAIR can be induced to make a speech on the Lodge election bill it will not be necessary for the Democratic Senators to resort to obstruction.

THE rumor that the Harrison cottage at Cape May has been paid for out of the President's own money has not been fully substantiated, but all good citizens will hope that it is true.

THE Pennsylvania Prohibitionists will not put up a gubernatorial candidate this year. Instead they will support PATTISON. Quayism is a more imminent and pernicious evil than alcoholism.

THE Lodge election bill is worse than a partisan measure. It is the conspiracy of a cabal, and every citizen, no matter what his party, should protest against it as subversive of public order.

A VERIFICATION of the police canvass is better than nothing, but only a complete recount will convince the people of St. Louis that the city has not been the victim of partisanship and incompetence.

THE exigencies of the political situation prevent a retaking of the census of St. Louis. How do St. Louis Republicans like the subordination of local interests to the partisan necessities of QUAY, REED and HARRISON?

CITY COUNSELOR BELL may be secure in feeling easy over the City Hall site litigation, but it does not follow that because Washington Square may lawfully be diverted from its use as a public park such diversion is just.

LODGE'S bill to promote discord will seriously impair the interests of St. Louis in the South. Every business man in the city is personally interested in its defeat, and should exert himself to the utmost in preventing its passage.

THE demand made by St. Louis for a fair count is denied because the new apportionment must be made in time for the next Congressional election. The partisan cabal at Washington must be sustained, no matter how much injustice is done to localities.

EX-KING MILAN since his abdication has played the role of a "dead beat" of the most profligate description until he is forced to remain in his son's realm to be free from arrest for debt. There is not a country in Europe where a common man, behaving as his royal highness does, could escape the rock-pile or the penitentiary.

KANSAS CITY finds herself between the devil and the deep sea in the census enumeration. Her own recount falls 1,200 behind that of the original count of the United States Supervisor, and worse than all she finds herself 2,000 behind her hated rival, Omaha. She is now asking that the original count be allowed to stand.

EVERY citizen who knows of an inhabitant missed by the census enumerators can render the city a patriotic service by informing the census correctors of the omission. If no one fails to do his duty in this respect, St. Louis will be credited for the next ten years with a growth of 35 or 40 per cent, instead of 28. Such a credit will be of immense benefit to the city and its people in attracting capital, population and trade.

KANSAS CITY obtained a recount on the ground that her first enumeration was outrageously wrong. The recount verified this claim by proving that 1,200 persons included in the first enumeration cannot be found. Now she insists that the first count should stand on the ground that the missing 1,200 were there on the census date and have since emigrated. This is a queer census claim for a growing city to set up. But there seems to be something in it, as one of the citizens conducting the recount has disappeared with $400 of the fund raised to correct the enumeration.

THE SILVER LAW.

The new silver law is not yet in full operation. The clause stopping the coinage of $2,000,000 a month does not take effect for a year. How it will then affect the silver market depends much upon contingencies which may or may not occur.

If our government in the meantime purchases and locks up the entire output of our silver mines, such a silver "corner" will naturally, not to say necessarily, raise the price of silver bullion. The recent advance in London is obviously due to the attempts of speculators to share in the profits of our silver corner.

The hope of the silver dollar men who supported the new law is that it will force silver up so high as to close the gap between the present price and the free coinage point. As one arm of the bimetallic balance goes up there is bound to be a downward movement of the other arm towards the par level.

But the monometalists will do all they can to prevent this. They are a mighty power in the financial world, and the new silver law, besides stopping the coinage of silver, provides other means by which our own Wall street and the "creditor nations" may, under favoring contingencies, prevent the silver men from realizing the benefits they hope for from this new law.

In any event it is far more likely to operate as a harmless truce between coinage factions than to produce any serious financial convulsions or even difficulties.

CHICAGO'S World's Fair managers have given a secretaryship to Congressman BUTTERWORTH, and it is stated that he is to be allowed a salary of $20,000 a year for remaining in Congress to manage legislation in the interest of the fair, and particularly to secure an amendment releasing Chicago from the obligation to show a fair fund of $10,000,000 before demanding further aid from the Federal Government. If Congressman BUTTERWORTH accepts this commission and salary, he will be pretty well paid for past and future services in the World's Fair contest. But drawing a $20,000 salary for serving in Congress as the attorney of a special interest, and drawing a member's salary at the same time as a trusted guardian of the general interest, will not look well.

THE French Ministry informs the Chamber of Deputies that the European powers do not consent to join France in concerted action against MCKINLEY'S customs administration bill, but that each power will fight the thing in its own way. Every blow struck in that fight will have to be borne by the American agriculturist. It will be against our exports of grain, pork, beef, etc. But the McKinley theory is that the American farmer can and will stand anything for the pleasure of seeing our tariff barons coaching through Europe and scattering diamonds about as presents in a way that fills her princes and grandees with envy.

ALFRED C. HARMER, who represents a Republican Philadelphia district in Congress, is afraid of the Lodge bill. He thinks that "the sentiment of careful, conservative business men in the North is against it;" that they look upon it as a scheme not to insure fair elections, but "to advance the political fortunes of a few ambitious men." Mr. HARMER is certainly in touch with Northern sentiment. No amount of galvanized partisan activity can disguise the fact that the people of the North look upon the Reed-Lodge scheme with disfavor and disgust.

DELAMATER'S nomination has been indorsed by the Allegheny County Republican Committee by a vote of four to nothing. There was a large attendance but only QUAY'S lieutenant and three other committeemen—Federal office-holders—proclaimed their loyalty by voting. The announcement of the vote was greeted with a laugh. It is very clear that Quayism is not yet accepted by Pennsylvania Republicans as a substitute for their old-time political faith.

THE Republican business men of Rhode Island are urging Senator ALDRICH to oppose the Lodge bill. Senators WASHBURN of Minnesota and PADDOCK of Nebraska dislike the scheme, and as Senator HALE of Maine is lukewarm we may look for another open letter on the subject from the Secretary of State. Mr. HALE is in the habit of taking his cue from his predecessor in the Senate.

Northern Interests in the South.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Mr. Charles P. Bond in an article published in the Boston *Traveler* estimates the investments of Boston capitalists in new Southern enterprises at $10,000,000. This movement of Boston money has resulted from the quiet prosperity following the abandonment of the effort of the Republican party to turn the Southern States over to African control. It seems strange that representatives of Massachusetts should take the lead in a policy of reaction so sure to imperil the financial interests of their fellow-citizens as the renewed attempt to strike down the State authority by impertinent interference with elections. The solid men of Boston who have staked their wealth in Southern industrial undertakings ought to lose no time in reasoning with Representative Lodge and Senator Hoar, and if possible bringing those bristling and bustling statesmen into a more reasonable and amicable state of mind.

An Objection to Embalming.

From the Chicago Herald.

On more than one occasion chemists and physicians have shown that the present fashion of having bodies roughly embalmed shortly after death throws serious difficulties in the way of chemical analysis in cases of suspected poisoning. In a recent number of the Boston *Medical and Surgical Journal* a physician relates a case in which a young married woman died with symptoms resembling those of arsenical poisoning. Before a post-mortem examination could be made the undertaker, as a matter of routine, introduced into the body a large quantity of a preserving fluid containing arsenic, so that the chemist's examination was fruitless and his report valueless. Measures should be taken to prevent this method of embalming until the Coroner or the medical man in charge of the case gives a satisfactory certificate as to the cause of death.

Where Exigencies Demand.

From the New York WORLD.

To a Boston quibbler: No, the Federal elections bill will not apply to all States. It may not apply to the whole of a single Congressional district, but only to the county or counties where Republican exigencies demand that "supervision" shall be exercised for the party advantage. The law is to operate only where it is thought that Republican heelers can elect a Congressman. The person who says the law would apply equally to the whole country is guilty of that kind of deception known to the law as suppressio veri.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MISS LOUISE IMOGENE GUINEY, the poetess, thinks nothing of walking twenty miles on her poetic feet.

MRS. HAYMARKER, a native of Bombay, after receiving a medical education in Philadelphia, is about to return to her own people as a missionary.

PRINCESS MARIE LEONIDE BONAPARTE, daughter of Prince Charles, has just married a simple Lieutenant of infantry, and brought him a dowry of three millions.

THE Southern Pacific Ocean has a monopolist in the person of Mrs. Emma Forsythe, a rich widow, who owns a goodly part of the island of New Britain. Mrs. Forsythe goes by the name of the White Queen.

MRS. IRA L. LIKEN of Hayes City, Neb., has the reputation of being one of the smartest lawyers in the State. She is only 29 years old, but she has been an enthusiastic law student ever since she was 17 years of age.

MISS MAY ROGERS of Dubuque, Io., is the author of a "Waverly Dictionary," in which the 1,300 or more characters in Sir Walter Scott's novels are described. The book is said to be a complete key to Scott's works.

MISS ELAINE GOODALE, the poetess, is Government Supervisor of Education among the Sioux. She lives in camp or reservation in the most primitive way, traveling from one Indian village to another on horseback or in a "prairie schooner."

MISS ALITA PROCTOR OTIS, editor of the *Saturday Review*, has her bread and butter day love for dolls. Mrs. Senator Platt is another devotee of the doll, and in one corner of her parlor is a small stand, where a group of talking doll babies sit with staring eyes and parted lips.

DR. EMMA A. R. LYON, a New York woman of 54, has been a bride ten times, has acquired a good profession and considerable fortune, and now retires from the business of matrimony permanently. She should be invited to give her opinion as an expert on the question, "Is Marriage a Failure?"

MEN OF MARK.

BISMARCK speaks English with scarcely any accent.

WALTER DAMROSCH and his bride are expected home from Europe early next month.

HENRY M. STANLEY'S manuscript is very legible, and scarcely an alteration is made in a folio.

MAX MULLER says that some of the natives of India need fear no comparison with the best men and women of Europe.

ONE of the heaviest wagers ever laid was that of the Marquis of Hastings, who bet $500,000 on a single horse race—and lost.

JOHN W. MACKAY, though he keeps in the background, is as proud of his wife's social success as he is of his own business success.

SENATOR INGALLS receives an average of twelve hundred letters a day. The services of two typewriters are necessary to dispose of his mail.

GILBERT, the English dramatist, begins his literary work at about midnight, and keeps on writing until the sun has risen. He is a great consumer of cigarettes.

J. B. HAGGIN has more money invested in fine horseflesh than any other man in America. The Rancho del Paso, his breeding farm in California, represents an investment of over $1,000,000.

THE young Crown Prince of Italy is a devoted lover of his beautiful and clever mother. When he is absent from her he sends two long telegrams to her each day, besides writing her a letter.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

ST. PAUL.—The charge for a marriage license in this city is $1.

SOLDIER.—Boys are received on the naval training ships at the age of 14.

FRANK.—In New York a man must reside for ten days in his ward before he can vote.

CONSTANT READER.—A silver half dollar of 1839 is valued by coin dealers at 55 cents.

READER.—Information as to the methods in which individual firms transact business is not given in this column.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.—There is as yet no college in the country devoted especially to giving instruction in electrical engineering.

DAILY READER.—In many divorce suits the lady is allowed by the court to resume her maiden name, in which case she is generally addressed as miss.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—When you have left a rented house on account of its bad sanitary condition, your landlord undoubtedly can sue you, but you can set up breach of contract as a defense.

J. P. M.—The word "limited" placed after the name of a member of a firm signifies that his liability is limited to the amount he has invested in the business, in other words that he is a special partner.

READER.—There are more railroads terminating in Chicago than in any other city in the country. St. Louis ranks second and New York third. In amount of freight received New York ranks first; Philadelphia, second; Chicago, third, and St. Louis fourth.

SUBSCRIBER.—In the case given the relationship is that of second cousins. If your grandfather and your cousin's grandfather were brothers, your father and his father would be first cousins. His father would be your first cousin once removed, and the children of first cousins would be second cousins.

Now Bridget and She Are Out.

From the New York Weekly.

Mr. Poore: "Is Miss Tiptop in?"

Self-respecting servant: "Yis, sor, she's in. Oi towld her this minute that Oi'd risk me sowl no moore tellin' ye she's out when she do be in."

Complaints of Hot Weather.

From the Somerville Journal.

People who complain about the hot weather are harder to bear than the hot weather is itself.

She's Worth It.

From the New York Truth.

Some attention is being paid to the summer girl.

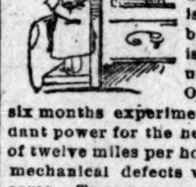
MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

FOR THE NORTH END.

THE NEW GAS MOTORS WHICH WILL BE PUT ON THE BELLEFONTAINE.

Important Discoveries in Mechanics Which Promise a New Street Car Motor—The First Full Trial To Be Made in St. Louis—Possible Location of a Motor Works in This City.



THE first of the new gas motors with which it is proposed to operate the Bellefontaine line will arrive in a few days. It is now on trial and exhibition at Chicago. This is a motor first put into use in Elizabeth, N. J. One motor was run over six months experimentally, developed abundant power for the heaviest loads and a speed of twelve miles per hour, but there were many mechanical defects which had to be overcome. Two new motors were constructed, every improvement being tested by actual service on the road, and it is claimed that the experimental stage is now passed, and there is no longer any doubt as to the new motor's success. Preparations are being made to manufacture the motors in Chicago and Elizabeth, and possibly in St. Louis.

THE PROBLEM.

Upon first thought it would seem to be an easy thing to attach a gas engine to a street car, but, in fact, it has been a very difficult problem, owing to the lack of a suitable appliance for transmitting power from the engine to the car axle differentially. A gas engine geared direct to the car axle as the locomotive is connected to its driving wheels would require an engine of such bulk and power that it would be entirely impracticable. A gas engine of twenty-five horse power has been applied to this purpose, geared direct, and proved an entire failure. It completely failed to start a street car on a grade or a curve. The usual mechanism furnished direct transmission of power, but this practice conveys the least power just at the time when the greatest power is required. The most power is needed when a car is starting or on grades. It was evident that a variable transmission, permitting the engine to develop its maximum power when starting or driving a car at minimum speed, was the one essential thing needed for a gas motor.

OVERCOMING DIFFICULTIES.

This motor is said to encompass this desirable point. An ingenious piece of mechanical workmanship is used to cover the requirement. It is called a friction device, which exerts a powerful leverage, enabling an eight-horse power engine to easily start a loaded car on grades, which could not be started by a thirty-horse power engine connected to the axle in the common manner. The compound gas engine has high and low pressure cylinders. The fuel tank is a double cylinder, the inner one containing the naphtha and an absorbent material. This is surrounded by a jacket of water, which is connected by pipes to the water jacket about the engine cylinder. The circulation of water from the cylinder to the carbureter is continuous, and it performs a double service, cooling the cylinder of the engine and warming the naphtha, producing evaporation. Air is drawn through the absorbent material, thoroughly carbureted, and supplied to the engine, compressed and then ignited by an electric spark. The low pressure cylinder next receives the charge and becomes a motive cylinder during the first half of the outward stroke, when, the pressure being gone, it acts as a pump, drawing a fresh charge of gas into the high pressure cylinder. The method of transmitting power from the engine to the axle is quite practicable. The main shaft is set parallel with a disk 30 inches in diameter placed on the face of the fly wheel. On the shaft is a loose friction pulley 12 inches in diameter, that engages with the face of the disk. This loose pulley is prevented from revolving on the shaft by a tongue and groove, but it is moved up or down on the shaft at the will of the driver, by means of two screw rods which pass through the pulley and revolve with the shaft.

THE MOTOR'S SPEED.

When it is required to slow up or stop, the friction pulley, still in contact with the disk, is run down to near its center, and at this point can be slightly lifted from the disk. To reverse, the friction pulley is run below the center of the disk, while the engine is left to run all the time in the same direction. The engine, it is said, requires no attention after being started, and regulates its own speed, whether the car be running or standing still. The car is started with a gentle motion and with an enormous leverage.

The cost of operating the gas motor is $1.40 per day, fourteen hours, ninety miles each, while the cost of operating street cars with horses averages from $5 to $6.50 per day for each two horse car, the average mileage being 60.

During the early part of next week a test of the gas motor will be made on the Benton-Bellefontaine Street Railway. Mr. James Campbell of the Bellefontaine to-day said: "I was in consultation last night with Mr. John Connelly and I will soon be prepared to put one of the gas motors on my line. Mr. Connelly showed me the results of some tests made on the Yerkes roads in Chicago. On its trial trip the motor ran sixty miles with only two interruptions, neither of them due to any imperfection in the motor. The motor has been in operation in Chicago for about six weeks and has given, it is said, entire satisfaction. I have not yet determined to place it upon the Benton-Bellefontaine line, but will give it a trial. There are two motors ready for shipment, one that has been used in Chicago, and another recently built in Elizabeth, N. J., that is believed to be somewhat better. They will probably reach here on Saturday and will be tried on the Benton-Bellefontaine early next week. Upon the result of the trial largely depends whether the line will be equipped with gas motors or with overhead electric wires. I shall make a change of some kind within a short time."

A SLICK THIEF.

He Chloroforms Women and Robs Them of Their Diamonds.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 22.—A man who gives the name of Walter Van Valkenberg was arrested last night for a series of strange crimes. He is accused of chloroforming and then robbing innocent girls and women of their jewelry, money or valuables. Van Valkenberg says he is 19 years old. Sunday, July 13, Miss Kittie Howell, a Philadelphia girl, who is visiting a cousin in this city, reported at the Central Station the loss of diamonds worth $550. She said she had been chloroformed and robbed by Van Valkenberg. She told the detectives that Van Valkenberg had been introduced to her by a friend, and that he had invited her to the theater. She started to the theater with him on the evening of July 11, but he said it was too late and proposed a trip to a beer garden, where they drank lemonade. She suddenly became very sick and started home. Becoming too sick to travel, Van Valkenberg took her into a saloon, telling her that he would get her something that would relieve her. He ordered lemonade and offered the bartender $5 to "fix" the drink. The bartender refused. Van Valkenberg himself drugged it—probably with chloroform—and before Miss Howell could reach the sidewalk and take a car she became unconscious. She knew nothing further until Saturday, when she awoke in a room at the Hixon House. All of the diamonds, valued at $550, were gone. When next heard from Van Valkenberg had taken a young woman into a saloon, and under the pretense of examining her diamond ring, walked out of the place with it in his possession. Last night the young man was found in company with Mrs. Dora May. The woman wore diamonds worth over $1,000, and the young man had a bottle of chloroform in his pocket. He had also the diamond ring he had stolen a few days before. He did not deny his guilt and produced the greater portion of Miss Howell's diamonds.

Wants to Be a Peeler.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, July 22.—John C. Magee, well known as "Suspension Jack" the frontiersman, was at police headquarters yesterday to ask what he was to do next in order to be a policeman. Some time ago he passed a civil service examination, and on Saturday when he was at Fall River, Mass., with a traveling show he received notice that his name was on the eligible list. Proprietor Darling of the Fifth Avenue Hotel is among the men who have recommended Magee's appointment as a policeman. If he is appointed he probably will be made a mounted policeman, but he will have to cut off his flowing locks.

THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Balmer to Celebrate the Fiftieth Anniversary of Their Marriage.

The celebration of the golden wedding of one of the oldest couples in St. Louis and perhaps the longest married musical couple in the United States, Charles Balmer, aged 72, and Theresa Weber Balmer, aged 70, will occur to morrow evening. The reception will be held in the music hall over Balmer & Weber's music store on Fourth street and will be a most enjoyable affair. The friends and relatives of the old couple will be there and an informal musical programme will be carried out. Mrs. Balmer will render a piano selection and Mr. Balmer will play something on the violin, his favorite instrument. A quartette composed of Messrs. Otto Hein, W. C. McGreevy, George R. Yost and Edward Dierkes will sing and the Liederkranz Society will give one or two selections.

Mr. and Mrs. Balmer were married in St. Louis July 23, 1840. Mr. Balmer was organist and choir director in Christ Church, then situated at the corner of Fifth and Chestnut streets, and Miss Weber was principal soprano in the same choir. Frequent rehearsals brought them together and brought before the eyes of each other those admirable qualities which first formed respect, tended to friendship and ripened into love. They were married and Mrs. Balmer retired from the choir although Mr. Balmer continued in his position until the Easter of 1876. Mrs. Balmer has been succeeded in the choir as principal soprano by three daughters as rapidly as they became competent.

Mr. Balmer has resided in St. Louis since 1838 and Mrs. Balmer has lived here since she was 17 years of age. Both were born in Germany, Mrs. Balmer in Coblenz and Mr. Balmer in Mielhausen. Their families are both musical and their children have developed the same talent.

When about 18 years of age Mrs. Balmer, then Miss Weber, traveled through the South with her two brothers, Henry and Gottwald, giving concerts, she singing and they playing the piano and violin. She is also a magnificent performer on the piano. Mr. Balmer graduated from the eminent German master of the violin, Spohr, at the early age of 9 and was sent by him on a concert tour through Europe at that age. Mr. Balmer continued his violin practice incessantly until he went into business in 1846, and his friends believe that if he had kept on he would now be one of the finest musicians in the world. He has written about 500 pieces, nearly all under a nom de plume.

The old couple have living five daughters, one son and fifteen grandchildren, all musical. The daughters are Mesdames Sallie Smith, Bertha Yost, Lily Ungar, Theresa Eyermann and Katie Bahm, the latter being now a resident of Texas. Charles Balmer, Jr., is the only son.

Little Daisy Yost, aged 11, is a prodigy. She first sang in public last winter at the soirees given in Balmer & Weber's Hall and has shown, in addition to having a high soprano voice of unusual purity and sweetness, excellent judgment and taste in her selections and great power of expression.

THREATENING LETTERS.

A Lady From Kansas Subjected to a Singular Persecution.

Elmer Spencer was in the First District Police Court this morning to answer to the charge of disturbing the peace. The prosecuting witness was Mrs. Augustina Klein, a middle-aged German widow, who told a somewhat peculiar story. The case may yet be carried before the United States authorities. Mrs. Klein for several years kept a boarding-house in Atchison, Kan., by which means she was enabled to properly support her seven children. Two weeks ago she came on to St. Louis and rented a house at 2220 Market street. While she was in Atchison the man Spencer boarded for several weeks at her house. When she left that city he followed her to St. Louis, and has since been hanging about her residence. He wanted to obtain board, but was refused on account of his habits of idleness. Within the past few days Mrs. Klein has been in receipt of a number of indecent and threatening letters from Spencer, who seemed possessed of the idea that her 12-year-old daughter should be given into his hands for protection. At first no attention was paid to the matter. Yesterday, however, the lady became alarmed and caused Spencer's arrest. The charge preferred against him was one of disturbing the peace.

The evidence submitted in the case showed that it did not come within the province of the city ordinances and Judge Cady ordered that the prisoner be discharged. Previous to dismissing the action, however, he advised Mrs. Klein to carry the case before United States Commissioner Crawford, prosecuting Spencer for sending threatening letters through the mails. Mrs. Klein seems to think that Spencer is mentally unbalanced.

THE RICE KILLING CASE.

Important Statement by an Eye-Witness—A Fresh Explanation.

John Verden, one of the witnesses in the case against George Rice, who is awaiting trial for having killed his brother last Thursday night, made a statement this morning concerning the occurrence which does not tally with that of the man under arrest, but which is backed up by the testimony of two others who witnessed the entire affair, although they took no part in it at the time of the actual fighting. Verden says: "George's sister said that George had gone into the house to take a rest, but that she was afraid that he would get up in the night and make trouble. I turned to go out of the gate, when John Rice said that George was coming with an ax. He came toward the gate and said he would kill us all. Tom Rice got in front of him and said, 'You will have to kill me first!' Then George hit him a crack over the head with the club. I jumped in then and he made a couple of passes at me, and I took the club away from him and threw it at his head. After that I knocked him down and jumped on him. I did not get into the fight until after the man who was killed got hurt. There was a statement made that the police were looking for me, which was not correct, as I spoke to several police officers the day Tom died, and they knew where I could be found."

The trouble referred to occurred on last Thursday evening at Twenty-first street and Warne avenue, between three brothers, George, John and Thomas Rice, and which resulted in the death of Tom on the day following.

THE NATIONAL LEAD TRUST.

Conference at the Southern Hotel Yesterday—Cutting Down the Expenses.

Messrs. F. W. Rockwell and John A. Stephens of the National Lead Trust, and President McBernie of the Southern White Lead & Oil Co. of Chicago, were in the city yesterday in the course of their semi-annual tour of conference and inspection. They were met at the Southern Hotel by Messrs. Thomas Richeson, President of the Collier White Lead & Oil Co.; Chas. Ferguson of the Southern White Lead & Oil Co., and Oliver H. Green of the St. Louis White Lead & Oil Co. The gentlemen held a conference with closed doors, and the amount of business transacted during the first half of the year was reported. Steps were taken towards keeping down expenses and the average cost of production. The result of the conference was not announced, but it was understood that the traveling staff would be reduced, the same men to represent all three undertakings.

Amusements.

Schnaider's Garden had a large and appreciative audience last evening to see the pretty opera, the "Gondolier" by the Spencer Opera Co.

The Garden company is making arrangements for the production of the pretty little summer opera of "Said Pasha," which was so well received last summer and had such a successful run. In case the opera is put on, Fred Lenox, the excellent comedian who made such a hit in St. Louis last summer will reappear.

AT THE CAVE.

The Cave company is in high favor and every night there is a large attendance. The members of the company are doing remarkably well and the patronage of the resort has not been greatly decreased by the opening of the garden.

A STRANGE SITUATION.

BOB GOODE LEARNS A PECULIAR STORY THROUGH A NARROW ESCAPE.

He Comes Near Losing His Life in Boarding a Suburban Train, and Upon Seeking an Explanation of Why the Train Did Not Stop for Him He Is Informed of a Curious Alleged State of Affairs.



AN escape from death which seems almost miraculous was made by Robert M. Goode, the attorney, last Thursday while on his way from his country residence in St. Louis County to his office in this city. Mr. Goode has moved to the country for the summer with his wife and goes to and from his home on the Missouri Pacific Creve Cœur accommodation train. Stories have been told of the manner in which this accommodation train has been running of late, but nothing definite could be learned until Mr. Goode related how he narrowly escaped losing his life.

"I am spending several months in the country with my wife," said Mr. Goode, "and am obliged to come in and go out on the Creve Cœur accommodation. I have had no trouble in catching my train on either end of the line until last Thursday. I was standing on the little platform of our station alone, and stood out on the edge so the engineer could see me. As the train approached the depot platform the engineer whistled, but did not slacken his speed. The engine whisked by at twenty miles an hour.

"GAVE HIM THE GO BY."

The first car, then the second and then the third passed, all going at the same speed. There was no sign of the train beginning to slow up. I consider myself something of an expert at jumping on moving trains, but I dared not catch that one. As the last car passed I began to think of my appointments in town and of hiring a buggy or waiting for the next train when I saw Conductor Martin rush out on the back platform and waving to me to follow the train, turned wildly at the brake. Several passengers stepped out upon the platform and shouted for me to follow. I thought the train was going to stop, and being in good running trim I started on a lively sprint down the cinder-covered track. I saw the train was still moving away and increased my speed. Still I grew no nearer and I put on an extra pressure. I was covering ground then and gaining on the train, which had slackened up on account of the brakes, though the engine seemed to be puffing and pulling as hard as ever. I finally got within two feet of the platform and made a reach for it, but I was so completely exhausted I could not make it. I tried half a dozen times and missed it each time. As I was about to give up some one reached over the rail and catching hold of my hand pulled me up. It was just in time. As my feet left the ground the men holding me gave a cry of horror, and looking over my shoulder I saw a trestles panning a deep ravine. If I had taken four more strides such as I had been taking I would have struck that trestle and gone through or broken my bones at least. When I recovered my breath I asked the passengers if the engineer was not pulling against the brakes and was told that was the case. I also learned that my experience was due to a very peculiar state of affairs. One of the passengers told me the conductor, J. B. Martin, a man about 40 years of age, but good looking and still young, had married the engineer's 16-year-old daughter about two years ago. The girl was going to school at the time, and the conductor eloped with her. Since then I am told the engineer James Ewing and Mr. Martin have never spoken though they have been running on that train ever since the elopement. I was told that such things as I went through were not uncommon, and it was a very common thing for the train to pass persons waiting on a platform. I understand that the conductor and the engineer give and take orders through the brakeman.

"This breach between the train hands is, I have since learned, the cause of no little annoyance to passengers."

THE ELOPEMENT.

The elopement of Conductor J. B. Martin with the daughter of Engineer Ewing, two years ago, will be remembered by many who read the romantic story at the time. Mr. Ewing's family lived in the county on the line of the Creve Cœur extension and Miss Ewing, then 16 years of age, attended the High School in this city. She rode in on her father's train every morning with other girls in her neighborhood and always before going into the coach she would run up to the engine and bid her father good-bye. Mr. Martin would hand her into the car and for six months prior to the elopement he would be at her side riding in and out every spare moment he could find. He was invited to Sunday dinners and always took flowers to his rosy-cheeked school girl sweetheart. No one knew of the attachment between the pair, the difference in the ages preventing any suspicion of it. One day a strange conductor took Martin's run and Miss Ewing did not return home. A letter to Mr. Ewing left at the house explained all. The couple were married, Martin had secured a brief leave of absence and the bridal couple went on a short tour east. On their return Mr. Martin took his train again, after fitting up a neat cottage not many miles from the girl's old home, but he never went near Mr. Ewing. Mrs. Martin went home to see her parents and spends a great deal of her time with them still, but the door is not open to Mr. Martin. The breach is still there, and the bad feeling that exists between them shows itself occasionally, it is said, by the manner in which the Creve Cœur accommodation train is run.

MR. JOHN M. WHITE and MR. W. E. ELLSWORTH have connected themselves with the advertising department of the POST-DISPATCH with the special object of writing up the business interests of St. Louis.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

Increase in 'Frisco Stock Authorized—Bills of Lading Held to Be Not Negotiable.

A special meeting of the 'Frisco stockholders was held yesterday. It was called prior to the absorption of the road by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, and the object was to increase the common shares by $10,000,000, making the total $40,000,000. The increase was recommended as a legal preliminary to a readjustment and unification of the company's securities. As explained in a special circular, it is not proposed to issue any additional shares at the present time, the idea being to merely place the company in a position to increase its bonded debt when it may be desirable and in the company's interest. Vice-President Morrill presided at the meeting, which was purely formal, and a majority of the stock was voted in favor of the desired increase.

THE FREIGHT CONFERENCE.

The St. Louis Freight Committee met yesterday and fixed the rates for flaxseed from East St. Louis to points in the Middle and Western States. A tariff for grain was also prepared, and a variety of other matters were considered.

BILLS OF LADING NOT NEGOTIABLE.

The Chairman of the Central Traffic Association has issued a circular explaining the use of the words "not negotiable" on bills of lading. The decision of the Supreme Court is quoted setting forth that a bill of lading is not negotiable as are bank notes, checks and promissory notes, and hence the endorsement "not negotiable" does not affect a bill of lading. Such a bill is merely a receipt and agreement to carry and deliver, and cannot be made negotiable so as to involve the carrier in responsibilities and risks extraneous to its carrying duties. This ruling, it is held, is a great protection against fraud.

Murdered by a Fellow Farm Hand.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 22.—Michael Haase, 21 years old, a farm hand recently from Buffalo and employed by Richard Petzold, a farmer of Granville Township, this County, was locked up here yesterday charged with the murder of George Olsen, a young farmer employed on a farm adjoining Petzold's. Sunday night during a dispute between Haase and Olson, the former ended the difficulty by drawing his knife and stabbing Olson in the back of his neck. Olson died yesterday morning and a constable brought Haase here and locked him up. Haase says he was drunk at the time he stabbed Olson and did not know what he was about.

NO CLUBBING.

Judge Cady Lays Down the Law Which Any Citizen May Find Interesting Some Day.

In the First District Police Court this morning Judge Charles F. Cady in passing on a case of resistance of a police officer laid down the law for both blue-coats and citizens. The nine propositions governing an arrest will prove interesting to citizens. They are as follows:

An officer has no right to use severity or violence if no resistance is offered, and has no right rudely and with violence to seize his prisoner. An officer is not justified in putting on handcuffs unless there is danger of the prisoner escaping. This, however, is left to the discretion of the officer, and he is only liable for a clear abuse of this discretion.

Arrests are authorized by warrant by the verbal order of a magistrate for an offense committed in his presence or by the general authority which is found in law for the arrest of certain classes of offenders under certain circumstances.

A warrant of arrest is a legal process used by competent legal authority, directing the arrest of a certain person or persons upon sufficient grounds, which must be stated in the warrant.

At common law a magistrate can direct a warrant to private persons as well as to officers of the law. It is not the custom, however, except in cases of emergency.

A legal warrant is complete and full justification and protection to an officer making an arrest, but a warrant issued in blank with the name of the person written in afterwards without authority is void and no protection to an officer attempting to serve it. An officer given a warrant for service must see that it is legal. The person to be arrested must be particularly and correctly named or described, and an officer cannot serve a warrant upon a person who is not correctly named in it, even if he is the person intended. This does not apply where the name of the person to be arrested is unknown. In such cases a description sufficient to clearly indicate the person intended will answer. A third person can assist one resisting arrest under an unlawful warrant.

An officer with a lawful warrant can call the assistance of any citizen, and a person refusing such assistance when lawfully demanded is subject to prosecution. A citizen called upon by one who is known to be an officer has no right to see the warrant before lending assistance.

An officer armed with a warrant or with a lawful right to make an arrest without a warrant has a right and it is his duty to use every means to make the arrest. If resisted he may use such force as may become necessary even to the taking of life. In such a case if the person resisting is killed it is justifiable homicide; if the officer is killed it is murder.

In order to execute a criminal warrant or to arrest for felony on reasonable suspicion or to quell an affray at that moment in progress an officer has the right to break down the outer and inner doors of the house to make the arrest, and the officer is justified, even though it should turn out that the person sought is not in the house at the time, for the officer has the right to search there and the verbal authority of a magistrate justifies the officer in breaking doors to make the arrest.

The officer must first ask admittance and explain the reasons for his entry. If an officer has reasons to believe that the person named in his warrant is in the house of another he has a right to search for him there and after demanding admittance and giving notice of his purpose, a right to break the doors if necessary to gain entrance. It makes no difference if it is afterward discovered that the person wanted was not in the house.

A DRUGGIST'S ROUGH EXPERIENCE.

Bernard Jobst Falls Into an Old Abandoned Well in His Cellar.

"And the earth opened and swallowed him up." Even as a matter of fiction these words are startling and highly suggestive. As a matter of fact they have a more powerful meaning. In the item at interest Druggist Bernard Jobst is supposed to take the part of "he," while the ground in the cellar of a South St. Louis business house well represents "the earth."

For about four years Mr. Jobst has done a general drug business at the corner of Arsenal street and Gravois road. He thought he knew every foot of ground about the place and every nook and corner of the house. But he did not. Events of yesterday have established that fact. To-day Jobst is perfectly satisfied that he is yet in the land of the living. And indeed he is a fortunate man.

About 10 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Jobst had occasion to go into the cellar under his stove in order to refill an oil can from the retort, which he had stored away. The druggist is a pretty big man himself, but he never for a moment thought his weight would destroy the equilibrium of the spheres. And that is just where he was mistaken. Before he could realize his danger he heard a sharp crack directly under his feet and was horrified to find that the ground for a distance of several feet around him was slowly sinking. The frightened man made a desperate jump toward what he considered solid ground. He landed right side up. An instant later he found himself in total darkness considerably the worse for a fall. How far he had dropped he did not know.

Then he lifted up his voice to shout for assistance. He shouted for fully fifteen minutes, when his wife, away up in her room over the drug store, heard a faint far-away sound which reminded her strongly of her husband's voice. Mrs. Jobst investigated the sound and soon several of the neighbors, by use of long ladders and strong ropes, hauled the unfortunate druggist from out of the depths.

Jobst had fallen almost thirty feet into what appears to be an abandoned well. Strange to say, he had escaped any serious injury, the few bruises he had sustained giving him little discomfort. To-day Jobst's many friends are busy congratulating him on his miraculous escape from death. At the same time a gang of workmen are just as busy dumping cart load after cart load of brick and stone into the druggist's cellar.

DELIVERING CHEAP ICE.

Mr. Breen Secures Plenty of Ice and Starts Out His Wagons.

The temporary suspension of business at the anti-combine ice stand at the Union Market does not seem to have had a very marked effect on the trade done. An ample supply of ice was on hand this morning and sales were very brisk at the now established price of half a cent a pound regardless of the weight called for. The demand was so great that the wagons could not haul the blocks up from the track quickly enough and there were occasional delays. These will not occur to-morrow as the ice box will be filled to-night and used as a reserve. Five cars are expected in to-day and to-morrow, and not less than three or four cars a day afterwards. Besides selling at the Union Market, Mr. Breen is working up a good trade at the tracks. He is selling very freely to buyers in Illinois who come across on the Venice ferry and also to shippers. At first he had to incur a loss by wastage while the cars were being emptied, but this is no longer the case to any extent, owing to the large quantity called for by purchasers who fetch it direct from the track.

A large quantity of ice was delivered this morning to customers and the delivery business will be extended as quickly as wagons can be procured. Orders for delivered ice are coming in by every mail. These are being sorted and the routes mapped out so as to accommodate the greatest number of applicants. The only difficulty is in the demand near the wagons' starting point. This is so large that the ice is sold before the route is well commenced, and it will take several more wagons to supply the regular orders.

Farmer Considering the Offer.

NEW YORK, July 22.—General Passenger Agent L. P. Farmer of the Erie road has under consideration the offer made to him by the Passenger Committee of the Trunk Lines of the chairmanship of the committee, to succeed Lucius Tuttle, who resigned some time ago. The committee desired an immediate answer, but Mr. Farmer felt that it was not a matter to be hastily treated. It seems probable, however, that he will accept the position.

Mr. F. L. Marshall,

Representing the POST-DISPATCH on 'Change will be on the floor during business hours and will call on merchants who desire to make use of the POST-DISPATCH market reports. Telephone 284.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY RECEIVES ASSURANCE THAT THEY WILL BE MADE.

He Receives a Telegram To-Day From Senator Vest Informing Him That the River and Harbor Bill is Sure to Pass—Mr. Shepley to Be Considered by the Council—City Hall Matters.

HARBOR COMMISSIONER MURPHY has felt very much concerned for some days past over the telegraphic specials from Washington stating that owing to deficiencies in the revenue there was danger that the rivers and harbors bill would be sacrificed and allowed to die on the calendar of the Senate. The Commissioner yesterday telegraphed Senator Vest, asking him if the bill was in any danger. This morning he received the following reply from the Senator, who is a member of the Senate Committee on Commerce, in whose hands the bill now is:

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.

M. J. Murphy, St. Louis:

No danger whatever River and Harbor bill will pass next week. G. G. VEST.

Senator Vest had canvassed the Senate thoroughly when Commissioner Murphy was in Washington a month ago and was certain then the bill would pass. This sets at rest a matter in which St. Louis is vitally interested as the bill contains large appropriations for labor and material to be expended here.

Council Meeting.

The Council and House will hold regular [meetings] to-night and after the meetings it [will] be probable that the time for adjournment [will b]e known. All depends upon the appro[priati]on bill which will come up in the House [firs]t for consideration. In the Council it [is proba]ble that Mark A. Shipley, nomination [for] Street Commissioner, will be duly [laid on the] shelf with the other four failures. [The Ma]yor's message may be sent in to-[night. It] is almost complete, the depart[ment repor]ts having been embodied some days ago. The Mayor says that the message will be confined almost entirely to facts concerning the reports.

Mr. Bensiek's water rates amendment is now in the hands of the Ways and Means Committee, who will probably report it adversely to-night. Mr. Bensiek is trying to get a reduction of water rates for livery stables. The pontoon bridge bill will be reported and it is understood that the committee will recommend that it be not passed.

At the City Hall Site.

The work of driving the piles for the foundations of the new City Hall is still going on, and it is the opinion of the city officials that it will not be stopped. The application of Gibson, Bond & Gibson, attorneys for the Smith heirs, asking for an injunction, created a good deal of interest among those directly concerned in the erection of the new building and no little amount of speculation was done as to what was really wanted. City Counselor Bell maintains that the city has done nothing which could in any possible way conflict with the terms of the deed under which Washington Park is held by the city. He maintains that the building of the new City Hall there and the beautifying of the grounds after the building is up will add to the attractions of the park, and in no way withdraw it from public use. The other officials are of the same opinion and do not for an instant believe that the injunction will be granted.

The Board of Public Improvements.

The Board of Public Improvements held a regular meeting this morning at 10 o'clock, Commissioner McMath presided, because of the illness of President Burnet. The Lindell Railway Co. submitted a plat showing the exact location of their pavilion, tracks and sheds to be put in Forest Park at the terminus of the road. The depot will be just north of the old race track, about 600 feet inside the park.

Several communications concerning sidewalks and other minor improvements were received and disposed of.

On Friday the board will receive bids for the twenty-one sprinkling districts now being sprinkled by carts hired by the day. The members of the board do not expect that the bids will be very low, and that not more than one-half of them will be acceptable. The lateness of the season and the scarcity of carts combined with the fact that the sprinklers are now getting $5 a day for all the carts they have, justifying the conclusion that they are not likely to bid lower than the prices they are now getting.

THE METTAWAS.

The New Summer Resort North Shore of Lake Erie.

This new and delightful summer resort is beautifully situated on the lake shore at Kingsville, Ontario, a district famous for its fertility and agreeable summer climate, and within an hour's journey by rail of Detroit, Mich. The cuisine and service are the very best. In the grounds adjoining the hotel is a spacious Casino, containing dancing, billiard, card, smoking and lounging rooms, and bowling alleys, which, with tennis courts, croquet lawns, excellent boating and bathing, and the charming walks and drives of the neighborhood offer unusually abundant means of recreation. Good orchestral music during the season. Hotel opened Wednesday, the 18th of June, and closes the middle of October. For descriptive pamphlet and further information, address Hiram Walker & Sons, proprietors, Walkerville, Ontario, or J. M. Dayton, manager, Kingsville, Ontario. Take Walkerville Ferry at foot of Campau avenue, Detroit, connecting with Lake Erie, Essex & Detroit River Railway. Excellent connection with Detroit by rail three times daily.

ALTON, ILL.

Colored People's Camp-Meeting — Horse-thieves—Items of Interest.

The great camp-meeting held by the colored churches of Alton and vicinity in Gett's Grove, on the line of the Middletown Motor Railway, is attracting large crowds. Sunday and yesterday the exercises were unusually interesting. Several noted ministers are doing the preaching, and Rev. James Thomas of Quincy leads the jubilee singing.

James Golden was arrigned in the Police Court yesterday for drunkenness, and John Gunning and Thomas Waters for vagrancy. They were all fined and went to jail.

Harry Benson, who was stabbed and seriously wounded by John Robidon on Saturday, is recovering and his physicians pronounce him out of danger. Robidon is in jail awaiting his trial.

B. L. Dorsey left for Carthage, Mo., to-day, where he will engage in lead and zinc mining.

The German Lutheran Church on Henry street has extended a call to the Rev. Carl Kramer of Pinckneyville, Ill., to become their pastor.

Alton and the small towns adjacent have been troubled recently by horse thieves. A number of valuable horses have been stolen from livery stables. Last night Deputy Sheriff Crowe, Chas. Lieboid of this city and C. V. Perrine of Jerseyville started in pursuit of the thieves, and will in all probability capture some of them.

Rev. M. Jameson, pastor of the Baptist Mission Church, has gone to New York City to spend his vacation.

Rev. C. C. Warner, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer, is in Freeport on a brief visit.

The remains of Capt. J. B. Smith, who died suddenly at Beloit, Mich., July 18 of cholera morbus, arrived here yesterday. They will be taken to Grafton for interment.

Shot On the Street.

Thomas Noble, aged 18, living at 701 O'Fallon street, was shot yesterday while on North Third street, in front of the store at No. 1236. He stepped off the pavement for a moment, and was instantly shot, the bullet entering his side. He was taken to a neighboring drug store and the wound examined and pronounced to be dangerous. The bullet was of the kind used in the Flobert rifle, and the shooting is presumed to have been accidental, or the result of a foolish joke.

At the Fair Grounds.

Racing commences at 3 o'clock this afternoon and each remaining day of the week at the Fair Grounds. Admission 50 cents. Ladies with escorts admitted free. Books on all Eastern events.

THE ST. LOUIS RAILWAY CO. ENJOINED.

J. W. Peters Files a Bond of $25,000—Asking for a Receiver—Notes.

John W. Peters filed his bond for $25,000 in Judge Dillon's court this morning, and was granted a temporary writ of injunction against the St. Louis Railroad Co. This will prevent the street railway company, for the time being, from cutting away twenty-seven inches of the old French Market pavement on Broadway, south of Chouteau avenue. The company intends laying two cable tracks on the street and in "straightening a curve" finds it necessary to take up a portion of the sidewalk, an act Peters objects to. The Sacred Heart Convent also appears and asks the court to enjoin the railway company from placing the tracks any nearer the Convent side of the street. This application will be given a hearing later as the injunction granted Peters will prevent any work being done at that point. Peters' bond is signed by himself, John Vogel, Jacob Kaiser and J. F. Mueller and is given to secure the St. Louis Railway Co. any loss the delay caused by this litigation may incur.

Divorce Suits.

Edwin O. L. Edholm charges his wife, Mary G., with general indignities and asks to be divorced.

William Cammack has entered suit against Sarah Cammack for divorce, and charges her with habitual drunkenness and neglecting her household affairs. The couple were married in Liverpool, England, August 13, 1880, and parted on this side in May last.

Henry Doll, in his suit for divorce, says his wife Barbara has an ungovernable temper, and is attempting to deprive him of his bakery business in Brooklyn in company with the foreman, with whom he claims she has been unduly intimate. He was married in Brooklyn in 1879, and left his wife in 1877.

Wants a Receiver Appointed.

H. S. Albrecht has filed an application in the Circuit Court to have a receiver appointed for the Eagle Machine Works Manufacturing Co. of 940 North Main street, and to have William Gruendler and William F. Moffett removed from the Board of Directors of that company. Albrecht says that Gruendler holds fifty-two shares, Maffitt fifty-nine shares and himself twenty-nine shares of stock, and though a stockholder, the others will not give him a statement of the affairs. He says they have neglected the business, kept faulty accounts, raised their own salaries and mismanaged the business in every way.

Circuit Court Notes.

Rice, Stix & Co. have filed a suit of attachment against Jacob C. Marks to recover $407.46.

In the will of Mary Schnelle the entire estate is given to Martha W. Frazer, an adopted daughter.

Carl Ungar, chief deputy in Collector Ziegenhein's office, is back at his desk again, somewhat bruised from the recent accident but still smiling.

Lydia P. Moore has sued John H. Vette for $125 as bondsman for Charles Martin, who took an appeal from a Justice of the Peace court and failed to prosecute his case.

The Aurora Springs Improvement Co. filed notice in the Recorder's office this morning of having decreased its capital stock from $12,000 to $4,500. The assets are $6,000 and there are no liabilities.

In the will of Thekla Wilkins John Wilkins is given the entire estate and all interest in a $5,000 damage suit against the Iron Mountain Railroad Co., with the exception of $10 to be paid her grandson.

In the condemnation proceedings of the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern Railway Co. against John D. Perry and a host of other property owners in North St. Louis, William C. Breckenridge was this morning given $7,523 by order of the court for his property which is wanted by the railroad.

MANY causes induce gray hair, but PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM brings back the youthful color. PARKER'S GINGER TONIC cures inward pains.

THE STOCK BROKERS.

The General List Shows a Lack of Animation—A Dull Market To-Day.

By Private Wire to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

NEW YORK, July 22, 9 a. m.—The brokers in the board had an idea at the end of the day yesterday that the general list had a strange tone of weakness and lack of animation, which was indicative of a further reaction to-day. The bulls on yesterday's market seemed to have gone to sleep in the afternoon, at any rate the old bull commission houses, when 3 o'clock came around, did not seem to understand that the market was heavy and down, and seemed to be entirely indifferent to the weakness shown in Grangers, especially in Atchison. They said it was only natural that the bears should attack a dull market, and they were only surprised that the bear scalpers had kept their hands off so long. Sugar was weaker on another cut of ⅛ in refined sugar by the Spreckles refinery.

10:20 a. m.—Atchison seems to be heavy, with no important trading. The stock looks decidedly weak at the lowest figure it has sold.

10:30 a. m.—Sterling exchange 485½ to 489½.

12 m.—It would be easier to describe what the market has not done this morning. There have been no sales of any of the Vanderbilt stocks, Missouri Pacific, Northwestern, Gas and many others of the less active shares. Those which have been traded in, with the exception of Lackawanna and Reading, have been rather weak; of these Atchison and Union Pacific show a decline of ¼ to ½ per cent, which is a good deal in a market of the dimensions of this one. Sugar featureless. Money easy at 4 to 4½ per cent.

Globe Shovel 'Em Out Sale Still On.

Ladies' button shoes, 75c; Ladies' $1.75 dongola Button shoes, $1.15; Ladies' $4 French kid button handturn shoes at $3; Ladies' 75c kid opera slippers at 45c; Ladies' $2.50 patent leather ooze top Oxfords, $1.50.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

PUZZLING THE DOCTORS.

The Long Sleep of Miss Lizzie Long at Mt. Morris, N. Y.

MOUNT MORRIS, N. Y., July 22.—A singular case is taxing the skill of the local physicians. Miss Lizzie Long, aged 26 years, went to sleep on Sunday, July 13, and has not since awakened. On that day she complained of numbness and drowsiness, and was put to bed and medical aid summoned. Restoratives were administered, and she passed into what appeared to be a peaceful sleep. On the following day a diagnosis of her condition was made, and it was pronounced a case of catalepsy. Up to the present time she has shown no signs of wakefulness except when ice cold water is applied to her temples and wrists, and even that now fails to cause any very perceptible change. She breathes freely and naturally, with pulse nearly normal and temperature slightly above medium. Medicine and nourishment are administered by forcing open her jaws. She is of a robust frame and has been generally healthy. The development of the case is anxiously watched by the medical profession.

The Matinees.

The racing matinees at the Fair Grounds take place every afternoon this week. Ladies with escorts are admitted free. Betting on all Eastern races.

He Slept on the Track.

About 12 o'clock last night Fred Pitz, a blacksmith, boarding at 840 Prairie avenue, went out for a walk and sat down on the Wabash track at the crossing at Talcott avenue. There he fell asleep and was struck a few minutes later by a north bound switch engine. Pitz was thrown a considerable distance from the track and severely bruised. His injuries are of an internal nature and will lay him up for some time. He will probably recover.

INDIGNANT ARCHITECTS.

THE SCHOOL BOARD INVITES THEM TO SUBMIT PLANS FREE OF CHARGE.

A Proposition From a Joliet Man Which Stirs Up a Nest of Bees—The Architects' Association Will Reply to the Objectionable Communication—The Echo[es of] a Junket to St. Paul.

The architects of the city are very angry because of a circular sent out by the Building Committee of the School Board, inviting them to submit plans for a school building free of cost. The circular is one of the most peculiar ever sent by what is supposed to be a body of intelligent men to professional men, and it is resented with a degree of professional indignation which is intense. It will bring no plans, but the architects will answer it, and the gentlemen of the School Board will not be at all flattered by the response. The trouble grows out of a proposition made to the Building Committee last Friday by an architect of Joliet, Ill. When the committee assembled there were four present, Messrs. Miller, Barstow, O'Connor and O'Connell. The ordinary routine business was transacted, and when the committee reached "new business" a young man who had occupied a seat in the committee room rose and asked permission to address the committee. The privilege was accorded him and he introduced himself by saying that he was F. S. Allen, an architect of Joliet, Ill., and that since his entrance into the profession of architecture he had made school buildings a specialty. He was thoroughly posted on the subject and would like to demonstrate to the committee his ability in that line of work, and he would like also to put up some buildings for the St. Louis schools.

HE DISCUSSED HIMSELF

and the matter for some time and finally proposed to furnish the committee a set of plans for a complete twelve-room school free. He did not ask a cent; he did not even ask an agreement that his plans would be seriously considered. He spoke in a very confident manner, and all he wanted to do was persuade the committee to accept a set of plans free. Mr. Miller and Mr. Barstow thought the idea was a very good one and were perfectly willing to accept the proposition, but Mr. O'Connor read the young man a lesson on municipal pride and Mr. O'Connell said amen. Mr. O'Connor told Mr. Allen that he thought it rather cheeky for an architect from a Chicago suburb to come to St. Louis to build its public schools. He wanted the young gentleman to understand that St. Louis had just as fine architects as any city in the country, if not better, and the idea that the School Board had to go out of the city to find one to put up a district school was too absurd to be considered. In this strain Mr. O'Connor spoke for several minutes and Mr. Allen stood the fire first rate.

Then a motion was made that Mr. Allen should be permitted to submit his plans. Mr. O'Connor would not let it go through in that style, so he amended it by inserting a clause extending the same privileges to all architects, and in that form it went through. In accordance with the motion the Secretary prepared the following circular, which was addressed to all the different architects of the city:

THE CIRCULAR.

OFFICE BOARD OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, ST. LOUIS, July 19, 1890.

DEAR SIR—At the meeting of the Building Committee held on Friday, July 18, 1890, Mr. F. S. Allen of Joliet, Ill., appeared before the committee and made a proposition to prepare and submit, at his own expense, a set of plans for a complete 12-room school building, which proposition was accepted, with the understanding that other architects be accorded the same privilege in accordance with the terms named above. If you desire to avail yourself of this opportunity please submit your plans to this committee on or before August 1, 1890, at 4 p. m.

Very respectfully, C. L. HAMMERSTEIN, Secretary Building Committee.

Some of the architects who received this laughed at it, some were indignant. Architects do receive such communications now and then, but not often, and they always come as surprises. Mr. Isaac H. Taylor expressed the views of those who were amused at the circular when he said: "I used to get angry when anything of that kind occurred, but the longer I live the less I am surprised at anything that happens. It is nothing but a business matter, however, and I simply regard it as a piece of bad business judgment."

Mr. Theodore C. Link was asked if the circular was not an unusual one for an architect to receive. His reply was:

"It is not an unusual circular to receive from an ignorant county board, or from those who know no more than to imagine that architects have nothing to do but to make plans for nothing and submit them, with a hope of getting the work; but it is a very unusual circular to receive from a body of men like our School Board, who are supposed to be intelligent men. I was inclined to tear it up and throw it in the waste basket at first, but on second thought I concluded to keep it."

"Do the architects who are recognized as men of high standing ever submit plans in that way?"

PLAYING LOTTERY.

"Never. There are some desperate men who do as some men invest 50 cents in a lottery, expecting either to win enough to get along on for a while or to lose the 50 cents, but recognized architects do not do it. There is a great deal of illusion about this competitive business and the best men never or seldom go into it."

"What do you suppose was Mr. Allen's idea in submitting such a proposition?"

"He has friends in the board and he thought this thing could be put in and rushed through. A member of the board told me that the amendment 'extending the privilege' to all architects was put in to prevent the rushing."

"Will any notice be taken of the circular?"

"Under ordinary circumstances none would be, but since this comes from our intelligent School Board it deserves a reply. The matter will be called to the attention of the Architects' Association, which will meet a week from to-night, and a suitable reply will be sent to the School Board."

The unexpected appearance of Mr. Allen, a stranger, on such a mission was a surprise and could not be understood at first, but it is said that he is more or less connected with the Ruttan Heating & Ventilating Co. of Chicago, the organization which took the School Board to St. Paul last winter on a junketing tour, and the supposition is that their plan is for Mr. Allen to secure in this manner the building of a school and then work in their system of heating and ventilating. It was a neat plan, but since the architects have become so indignant it is not likely to carry.

The Committees Working.

The School Board committees held their meetings yesterday and attended to some of the business of the board. The Teachers and Salaries Committee decided to report in favor of adopting the salary list of last year, though Mr. Macklin proposed that teachers' salaries be raised from $2.40 and $2.80 to $3 a day.

The Building Committee opened the bids for repairs and the joint Committee, Building and Teachers, adopted plans for an addition to the Pope School, which is to cost $24,000.

The Joint Committee on Teachers and Ways and Means decided to report in favor of the following additions: Garfield, four rooms; Arlington, two rooms; Elleardsville, six rooms; Hamilton, two rooms; Pope six rooms; No. 5, colored, three rooms; No. 8, two rooms; No. 11, two rooms. It was also recommended by the joint committee to add one room each to Blair and Rock Springs Schools for kindergarten purposes.

The Ways and Means Committee approved the bonds of James Y. Player, Secretary and Treasurer; Charles Stork, Attorney, H. Clay Sexton, Bailiff.

The board will appoint judges and clerks for the special election this evening and there will be other important business to transact.

North St. Louis.

Mr. Wm. Goessling, the insurance agent, has gone on a trip of recreation to St. Paul.

The North St. Louis Buedeschor will go on a railroad excursion to Waterloo, Ill., August 24.

Patrick Cotter, aged 23, and a well known young gentleman of North St. Louis, died at 1 o'clock this morning at his home, Fourteenth and Salisbury streets. Deceased was single and was a faithful member of the Young Men's Sodality of St. Michael's Church. The burial will take place to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery at Alton, Ill., where the services will take place in the Catholic Cathedral.

TO-MORROW (Wednesday)

SURPRISE DAY

—AT—

FRANK BROTHERS

Broadway and Washington Av.

SURPRISES LIKE THESE:

Announcement Extraordinary

—IN OUR—

House Furnishing Department

WE OFFER THE

CELEBRATED IVORY SOAP

Regular 5c Bar at......3½c

Regular 10c Bar at......5c

J. G. Haas Soap Co.'s Popular Extra Family Laundry Soap at.......2c Bar

And Many Other Surprises.

THE REVISION BEGUN.

SPECIAL AGENT BAIN STARTS OUT POLICE AND ENUMERATORS.

The Central District to Be Canvassed First and All the Rest to Be Gone Over in Turn—The Central Will Be Completed To-Morrow—Kansas City's Folly in Securing a Recount.



AS A Government representative, George Bain is losing no time in the verification of census omissions. He was appointed only yesterday. To-day he appeared at the Four Courts in person accompanied by eight men picked from Weigel's enumerators and soon completed arrangements with Capt. Young for an official revision of the count in the Central District.

At the 11 o'clock roll call eight patrolmen were called out of the ranks and assigned by Capt. Young to co-operate with the enumerators. In pairs these men will visit those houses marked in the police books where omissions were reported to the officer on the beat. The enumerators are provided with the regulation blanks, which will in every instance be filled out in the same form as used in the preliminary count under the Weigel administration. Only those houses will be visited where omissions have been reported.

It is confidently expected by Mr. Bain that the work in the Central District can be accomplished by this evening. To-morrow it is probable that the Third District will be covered. As rapidly as possible the eight enumerators will make the rounds of the entire city working each police District until the six have been visited. The work of verifying those omissions handed in by the citizens to the Census Committee will be done after the police recount has been finished. This verified count will then be forwarded to Census Superintendent Porter, under whose direction every name will be added to the count as originally submitted by Weigel. By this means Mr. Bain confidently expects that at least fifteen thousand names will be added to the unofficial total as first sent out from census headquarters.

MR. BAIN'S DUTIES.

The duties of Mr. Bain as special agent are simple, but important. He will see that each enumerator be accompanied by an officer who will be virtually the representative of the committee. If these two report that any one on the police list cannot be found, then Mr. Bain will look into the matter to see if they cannot be hunted up and such persons saved to the city. The committee has ascertained that the names sent in after the police books were forwarded to Washington will be counted, and therefore it is necessary that those who have been omitted should send their names to Secretary Frank. After the police list has been verified the committee list will be taken up and proved in the same manner. The work will be done promptly, but the force here must wait to receive the names section by section from the office in Washington, so there may be delays. It will probably be two weeks before the work is completed, but when it is done it will add a good many thousand names to the census of St. Louis. The plan that has been adopted was the one suggested by the local committee when it was found that a recount of the whole city had to be taken at once if at all. There are too many people away to make a recount advisable at this time, and since the recount could not be put off the present system was adopted at the request of the committee.

Kansas City's Folly.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—Special Agent W. H. Olcott returned from Kansas City yesterday and said he had finished the recount of that city which was demanded and it now ranks below Omaha, its rival. The population is 132,000, and that of Omaha 134,000. In recounting twenty-four districts in Kansas City, as the Citizens' Committee demanded, the enumerator found 1,200 less than in the original count. The men who did the work were selected by Supervisor Miller, the Commercial Club and the Citizens' Committee. There can be no doubt as to the accuracy of the work and yet Mr. Olcott says the returns were not padded on the first count. There were 7,200 more people in the districts recounted when the census was first taken a few weeks ago but they have all returned to their homes elsewhere. Omaha in the meantime is gleeful and will not have another count. The first howl in Kansas City was made by the Commercial Club, then by Supervisor Miller, then came Congressman Tarnsey and finally Senator Vest. Superintendent Porter could not stand under such pressure and gave way. It would be supposed that Kansas City after so bitter a disappointment would have nothing more to say, but she has. Her citizens and the Commercial Club are down on their knees as it were, begging Superintendent Porter to allow the first count to stand. After sending scathing telegrams and letters about this same count, and deriding the officers who made it, the people now want it to stand. The second and corrected count will of course be the official one.

Barr's Hot Weather Chats.



No. 2—So he took Sally down to the bumblebees' nest to see if they could find some amusement.
Look in to-morrow's paper to see what they found.

Do you know why this house is going to resemble a bee hive to-morrow? 'Cause we're going to sell China silk for 29 cents a yard and every woman in town 's coming after it. All the choicest shades and patterns, but—now don't forget this "but"—only a few pieces of each style. We sold it yesterday for sixty cents, goes to-morrow for 29 cents.

Also black and white China Silk that we sold yesterday for 75 cents goes to-morrow for fifty, mostly short lengths, but all choice patterns.

We'll give you six bits for 45 cents to-morrow, and here's how: Elegant shape, well boned, long waist summer corsets cut from 75 to 45 cents each on Wednesday.

Do you comprehend that Barr's are actually selling off their entire stock of stylish sateen and challi suits for ladies at one-half the price marked on them? There's a beauty in cream ground with old blue flowers, tastily trimmed in old blue velvet. It is marked $8, you get it for $4.

A Barr Wednesday Special—The latest, handsomest designs in plain, figured, striped and plaided silk parasols, long sticks in all the latest shapes, cords and tassels or ribbon bows—the cheapest in the lot is $5; all go to-morrow for $2.95 each. Wm. Barr D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.



Ice Cream Soda Free

With Each Pound of Our

Best Candies at 40c lb

L. MOHR,

Telephone 496. 602 Olive St.

AMATEUR Photography.



Photographic Instruments and Supplies, Detective and View Cameras In Great Variety.

Books of instruction for the beginners. All the latest appliances for taking flash light pictures.

Complete Outfits from $5 up.

Sole Agents for "Blair's" celebrated Reversible-Back Cameras; also, Hawkeye Detective Cameras.

500 Kodacs Just Received.

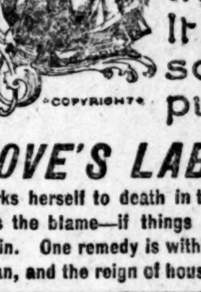
Special Reductions for the Next 10 Days Only.

Write for Catalogue. Mailed free on application.

A. S. ALOE & CO.

415 N. Broadway, St. Louis.

Good Wives



grow fair in the light of their works, especially if they use SAPOLIO: It is a solid cake of scouring soap used for all cleaning purposes. All grocers keep it.

LOVE'S LABOR'S LOST by many a woman who strives to please her household and works herself to death in the effort. If the house does not look as bright as a pin, she gets the blame—if things are upturned while house-cleaning goes on—why blame her again. One remedy is within her reach. If she uses SAPOLIO everything will look clean, and the reign of house-cleaning disorder will be quickly over.

ST. LOUIS JOCKEY CLUB!

RACE MATINEES

Every Afternoon This Week from Tuesday.

ADMISSION, 50c. : : LADIES WITH ESCORTS FREE.

Books on all Eastern Events and St. Paul Races.

Peace on Earth

Awaits that countless army of martyrs, whose ranks are constantly recruited from the victims of nervousness and nervous diseases. The price of the boon is a systematic course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest and most genial of tonic, nervine, pursued with reasonable persistence. Easier, pleasanter and safer this than to swash the victualling department with pseudo-tonics, alcoholic or the reverse, beef extracts, nerve foods, narcotics, sedatives and poisons in disguise. "Tired Nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep," is the providential recuperant of weak nerves, and this glorious franchise being usually the consequences of sound digestion and increased vigor, the great stomachic which insures both is productive also of repose at the required time. Not unrefreshed awakens the individual who uses it, but vigorous, clear-headed and tranquil. Use the Bitters also in fever and ague, rheumatism, kidney troubles, constipation and biliousness.

PEARS'

Is the PUREST, BEST and Cleanest SOAP ever made.

Of all Druggists, but beware of Imitations.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETINGS.

OFFICE of the W. L. Green Commission Co., rooms 34 and 35 Gay building, St. Louis, Mo. St. Louis, Monday, July 28, 1890. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the W. L. Green Commission Co. will be held at the offices of the company in the Gay building, n. e. cor. of 3d and Pine sts., St. Louis, Mo., Monday, July 28, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. A. W. Allen, President; W. L. Green, Jr., Secretary.

Hammett-Anderson-Wade Real Estate Co.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 22, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Hammett-Anderson-Wade Real Estate Co. will be held at the office of the company, No. 213 N. 8th st., in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on Monday, the 22d day of September, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of voting upon the proposition then and there to be submitted to increase the capital stock of said company from $10,000, its present authorized capital stock, to $150,000.

B. F. HAMMETT, President.

GEO. W. WILSON, Secretary.

B. F. HAMMETT, LORENZO E. ANDERSON, FESTUS J. WADE, Directors.

DIED.

COTTER—At 1 o'clock Tuesday morning. P. J. COTTER, eldest son of David and Mary Cotter, in the 23d year of his age, at the home of his parents, 3628 North Fourteenth street, after a short illness.

Interment at Alton Wednesday morning.

Alton papers please copy.

GORMAN—Mrs. ELLEN (nee Henly), dearly beloved wife of Michael Gorman, on July 22 at 3 a. m., after a lingering illness, aged 29 years.

Funeral will take place from residence, 1609 Carr street, Wednesday, July 23, at 2 p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Toole Church; thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited.

MASON—In Morning Sun, Io., on Sunday, 20th inst., RALPH WILLARD, infant son of Amos F. and Annie M. Mason of this city.

Burial at Morning Sun.

SLOAN—At her residence, 3540 Pine street, on the morning of July 22, CHRISTIANA MORTON SLOAN, relict of the late Joseph S. Sloan.

Funeral from St. Xavier's (College) Church Thursday morning at 9 o'clock.

WALSH—Monday, July 21, 1890, THOMAS WALSH, aged 59 years.

Funeral will take place at 2 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, July 23, from his nephew's residence, 2323 Dickson street, to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

CHAS. T. WHITSETT, Undertaker, Opp. Exposition. Telephone 1473. Day or night.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S ★ CAVE.

To-night and during the week,

DIXON & BELL'S OPERA CO.

FRA DIAVOLO.

Performance at 8:30 p. m. Seats at Sherer's Book & News Co.; 6th and Olive sts.

SCHNAIDER'S GARDEN AND NEW THEATER.

TO-NIGHT AND DURING THE WEEK,

SPENCER OPERA COMPANY.

—IN—

50 ARTISTS. THE GONDOLIERS. 50 ARTISTS.

Special Children's Matinee Saturday at Popular Prices.

Tickets for sale at Bollman Bros. & Co. 1,100 Olive st., telephone 1,420; Southern Hotel; Lindell Hotel, telephone 1,578; Geo. Fehl & Co., 1302 S. Broadway, and Schnaider's Garden, telephone 2,376.

For a Disordered Liver Try BEECHAM'S PILLS. 25cts. a Box. OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

NERVES!

Strong, brave, successful men and women win half life's battles on their nerve. NERVE BEANS cure Nervous Debility, Mental Depression, Weak Back, Sleeplessness, Loss of Appetite, Numbness, Sexual Weakness, and all Nervous Diseases. $1 per box, postpaid. Pamphlet free. Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold at Frost & Ruf's, 7th and Olive; Fernow's, cor. Broadway and Market, all leading druggists.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE METTAWAS.

THE NEW SUMMER RESORT.

North Shore of Lake Erie, Kingsville, Ontario.

On the line of the L. E., E. & D. R. R'y.

Trains leave Walkerville, opp. Detroit, at 9:50 a. m., 5:28 p. m. (special Mettawas through train) and 6:30 p. m., Eastern Standard time, which is 32 minutes faster than Detroit local time.

The Walkerville and Detroit ferry, connecting with trains, leaves the foot of Campau av., Detroit, at 9:00 a. m., at 4:30 p. m. (for special Mettawas through train) and 5:30 p. m., Detroit local time.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

The undersigned will receive bids for the removal of about 55,000 cubic yards of earth from the property of the Park Place Realty Co., and about 20,000 cubic yards of earth from the property of Mrs. A. B. Halderman, both tracts of land situated on the south side of Delmar av., west of King's highway; average haul about 700 ft. Specifications may be seen on and after July 23. A certified check of $350, payable to my order is required with each bid for grading the first mentioned tract, and $1.50 for the last mentioned tract; all work to be completed November 1, 1890. Bids will be received up till 3 p. m. Tuesday, July 29, 1890. JULIUS PITZMAN Civil Engineer, 615 Chestnut st.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, James Morrissey, by his certain deed of trust dated May 27th, A. D., 1889, and of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis, in Book 901, at page 497, did convey to the undersigned trustee in trust, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note referred to and described in said deed, the following lot or parcel of ground lying and being in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and in said deed described as follows to-wit: The lot known and designated at lot 6 in lot or block 5 on the plat of the subdivision of tract Z of the Ann Biddle estate in the city of St. Louis as said plat appears on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said city of St. Louis in plat book 5 at page 20, which lot fronts 25 feet on the north line of O'Fallon street, and with that width runs back northwardly 84 feet 3 inches more or less, and being the same lot of ground acquired by James Morrissey from Henry D. Laughlin and wife by deed dated November 17, 1888.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of said note, which is now past due and remains unpaid and in the terms of said deed.

Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1890, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the courthouse in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the above-described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust. HENRY D. LAUGHLIN, Trustee.

St. Louis, July 17, 1890.

PULL DOWN THE HEAT!

That Is, Let McNichol Do It.

Love and friendship both are fickle;
There are times when neither aid,
But, seek out the one McNichol
Then your fortune will be made.
Winter's promises are chilly,
Spring is when man's hopes arise;
Summer keeps hope's pledges illy,
Autumn gathers in supplies.

Talk of snow is mighty pleasant
At one hundred in the dark;
Heat we have enough at present,
Seems the world's Eternal spark.
Hot! My gracious—we should smother
If we cried not in a trice,
Live and bask like many another
Near McNichol's chest for ice.

Cool! When ice bergs they are on, where,
When those doors we open wide
Arctic regions—who would go there,
When we've got the pole this side?
Mac has jammed a thousand freezers
In this dainty box of zinc,
Man can cool off when he pleases,
Live to eat, to sleep, to think.

Mac can fit your safe and quickly,
Furniture! Well all you need;
Rest he gives the weak and sickly,
Comfort, rest and peace indeed.
If you love home reach and take it,
Shelter loved ones like a man;
Trust McNichol, he will make it
With his new installment plan.

Why suffocate and half die in a room or two when you can have breathing space for the same price and get a lovely home by paying weekly sums? You will prolong the lives of your wife and children and your own by hunting up

[Trade Mark.] The Only McNichol.

1015, 1022, 1024 Market st.

P. S. Use your vacation or dull weeks to see to this; you will be surprised at the little cost and the ease with which you can do it. Mac is ever ready to help those who are in earnest. Prices low.



A. P. Erker & Bro.

OPTICIANS.

617 Olive St. (two doors west of Barr's)

Gold, Aluminico, Silver and Steel Spectacles accurately adjusted.

MANTELS.

If you are building buy your Mantels of

BRIDGE & BEACH MFG. CO.,

503 S. Main st.

DRINK HIRES' ROOT BEER

The Purest and Best Drink in the World. Appetizing, Delicious, Sparkling, and the Best Blood Purifier and Tonic. A Package (liquid) 25c. makes five gallons. EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED. No Trouble. Easily Made. Try It. Ask your Druggist or Grocer for it, and take no other. See that you get HIRES'. THE ONLY GENUINE Made by C. E. HIRES, Philadelphia, Pa.

F. W. DROSTEN,

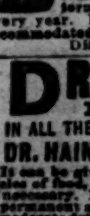
619 Olive Street,

THREE DOORS WEST OF BARR'S

Has a Large Stock of

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

And invites all those contemplating purchasing to compare quality, styles and prices.



Newland's College of Midwifery AND LYING-IN INSTITUTE.

This is the only institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians lecture, and which is connected with a lying-in institute, so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted. The regular term will commence March and September every year. Ladies who expect their confinement accommodated. DR. E. NEWLAND, 1305 Chouteau av.

DRUNKENNESS

LIQUOR HABIT.

IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE.

DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the patient, if necessary. It is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and ere he is aware, his complete reformation is effected. 48 page book free. To be had of M. W. Alexander, Broadway and Olive st.; Frost & Ruf, 7th and Olive sts.; Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 6th and Washington av., and all wholesale druggists.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

LOUISVILLE (KY.) MILITARY ACADEMY—Closes remarkable results by a new system...

THE ELECTION BILL.

GOV. GORDON FAVORS THE "CONSTITUTION'S" SUGGESTION OF A BOYCOTT.

The Bill Denounced as Sectional and Shameful Legislation—A Hope That Republican Senators Will Defeat the Measure—Senator Hale Talks About the Tariff Bill.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The following interesting communication from the Governor of Georgia is printed this morning:

ATLANTA, Ga., July 21, 1890.

To the Editor of the Herald:

I am in entire accord with the spirit, tone and practical suggestions of the Atlanta *Constitution* as to the use of the boycott as a means of self-preservation and commercial independence if the useless and infamous force bill becomes a law. Moreover, that spirit will possess and control approximately every white man, woman and child in the Southern States. It may be permissible to make a personal allusion in illustrating the effect of such legislation upon our people. As the *Herald* knows, I have labored constantly and earnestly since the 9th day of April 1865, in public and private, at the South and the North to allay passion and promote unity. My highest political ambition has been to be instrumental in some degree in restoring the real brotherhood of the people and the true sisterhood of the States. Ever since this sectional and shameful legislation passed the House I have sought to cheer my people with the hope that some of the Republican Senators would be found patriotic enough, broad and brave enough to prefer the well-being of the country to party ascendency. I still hope so, and that popular demonstrations at the North will uphold their hands and give them courage to denounce this effort to destroy the freedom of elections under the dishonest pretense of securing an "honest count." But if this is not to be realized and the force bill becomes a law, I shall use whatever influence and ability I may possess to arouse the Southern people to the necessity of looking only to their own exhaustless resources. We will still welcome to our section and homes our countrymen of the North, who may wish to live among us and will still protect all their investments and rights of property by impartial laws and honest courts, but we shall counsel a return to the old system of election of representatives by a general ticket, if need be, or resort to any lawful, peaceful means in order to protect the right of choosing representatives and to resist the wrong of having them chosen for us by Federal supervisors.

We will still endeavor to keep peace and promote good will between the races, and sincerely hope that the Southern negroes will not destroy their own prosperity by consorting with those whose mad policy threatens the well-being of both races. We still hope that after these years of apparent reconciliation and of restored confidence we shall not see the whole current of national sentiment turned backward and downward by sectional legislation, which has no possible justification or rational excuse. J. B. GORDON.

Senator Hale on the Tariff Bill.

ELLSWORTH, Me., July 22.—Senator Eugene Hale, one of Mr. Blaine's stanchest supporters, is at his home here for a few days for much needed rest. In an interview on the tariff issue, yesterday, he said:

"It is the duty of the Republican Senate to stick to the bill until it is completed and passed. It will not necessarily be the McKinley bill, but will retain all its good features. The Senate did not receive the bill with the prestige that would have attached to it had it been reasonably debated, and if an actual test of the important provisions had been made in the House. Justice cannot be done to any important measure in a committee or in any body without a full and free discussion. This the bill as it came from the House did not have. The proposition which will be debated and passed upon by the Senate will be one to secure a foothold in the South and Central Americas and to get their markets for our goods. This does not in any way interrupt the working of the protective system, nor is it inconsistent with a protective tariff. The free traders are very fond of declaring that the statement made by Mr. Blaine—and so far as can be judged by his messages, approved by the President—involved free trade or reciprocity with the countries of the old world. This has no foundation whatever. The protective tariff gives its benefits to our labor, which in the same fields has a competitor in the underpaid laborers of European countries, who manufacture the same things and stand ready if they can break down the protective system to take control of our markets and drive out our labor. The situation in Central and South America is precisely the opposite. They furnish the products which we do not supply and which we need. We produce and manufacture the things they need and which they cannot produce. Their market is largely in the hands of Great Britain and France and the money which we pay for their products goes to these countries. Instead of paying for their products in money, which goes to Europe, we ought to give in exchange ours. We ought by treaty or by legislation so fix business relations between us that their goods will come to us and our goods go to them.

"Taking the question of sugar alone, my impression is that a movement should now be made with reference to sugar, not involving it with the wool question. Mr. Blaine is right in saying that if we give to South America, Cuba and Porto Rico an open market for sugar without terms being imposed, we shall have no hold on those countries to induce them to let our products freely into their ports. I believe it to be a fact that preparations tending to negotiations with some of those countries which would have resulted in reciprocity, fell to the ground in the winter because the representatives of these countries discovered from the provisions of the McKinley bill that they would get the benefit of free sugar without being asked anything in return. When we open the ports of the United States to the sugar of South America, Cuba and Porto Rico the benefits which they will derive from such a policy ought to be paid for by their admitting the breadstuffs of the West, the agricultural implements manufactured all over the country, the petroleum of the Middle States, the lumber from Maine and the manufacture of cottons and woolens, and perhaps a few other articles. The duties laid by Spanish ports upon American flour alone are so enormous that the sugar products of theirs ought to be held where they now are till the enormous duties which they levy on American flour shall be wholly or partially removed." In speaking of the commerce of the United States the Senator said that a new day had dawned upon this country since shipbuilding had been revived.

Wisconsin Prohibitionists.

MADISON, Wis., July 22.—There is a lack of enthusiasm among the delegates to the State Prohibition Convention, which was called to order here at 10 o'clock to-day by Chairman M. O. Nelson. The forenoon was spent in preliminary work. A platform will be adopted this afternoon, also nominations made for a full State ticket. The choice for the gubernatorial nomination seems to be beween C. M. Blackman, the Whitewater banker, and Capt. J. F. Clighorn. H. A. Scomp of Athens, Ga., will be one of the principal speakers at to-night's mass meeting, and will deliver an address on "Prohibition in the South."

EXCURSIONISTS ASTRAY.

The Guaymas Merchants Cannot Be Invited Until They Are Found.

This morning Vice-President Marcus Bernheimer appointed a committee to communicate with the party from Guaymas, Mexico, and extend an invitation to them on behalf of the Merchants' Exchange to visit St. Louis. The committee consists of L. D. Kingsland, Chairman; Henry Stanley, S. L. Biggers, C. H. Spencer and A. A. Hendrick. Chairman Kingsland communicated with the officials of the Frisco road, to ascertain where the party was at present located. This the officers of the road were unable to ascertain, but promised to communicate with the committee as soon as the whereabouts of the excursionists was learned. When they are located, correspondence will be opened with them in reference to the date of their visit.

A HORROR BROUGHT TO LIGHT.

A Beautiful Cigarette Girl Killed by Abortionists in New York.

NEW YORK, July 22.—"Send a Coroner. Important case, hurry him up," was the message that was telegraphed from the Harlem Police Station at 5 o'clock this morning to the police headquarters. A hurried message was sent to the nearest Coroner's home, but when he reached Harlem he had to look in vain for a job. Although there appears no room for doubt that murder was committed, there is no corpse to prove it. The body of a dead girl has been spirited away so successfully that the police have not been able to get the least trace of it. It was by the sheerest accident that the police learned of this alleged murder ten days after it had been committed and the evidence of it removed by the conspirators. The story told by the police is briefly as follows:

Annie Goodwin, a cigarette girl employed in Hall's factory, shown by her picture to have been of rare beauty, was tortured to death by abortionists within two weeks in successive dens in Harlem. When it was done the doctor, a good deal over 70 years old, carried the body of his victim down four flights of stairs at the dead of night, and took it away in his carriage, where, nobody knows. The lover "Gus" Harrison, is a young man about town, who lives at 23 West One Hundred and Twentieth street. Besides this, Fannie Shaw, the old woman in whose rooms at 107 East One Hundred and Fifth street the girl is alleged to have died, is under arrest. She claims to be a washerwoman. There are likewise witnesses to the girl's death who are detained. A boy who held the door open for the doctor, as he carried the dead girl out to his vehicle, is one. The doctor's record is against him. He has over and over again been arrested for malpractice, but has always escaped punishment. The lover in the case confesses that he "put up" for the girl, but claims he knew nothing of the abortion. Friday last a person whose identity the police will not reveal, overheard in an elevated railroad train part of a conversation between two passengers. He gathered that Annie Goodwin had disappeared from her home; that she had been "in trouble," and that an operation had been performed. This person informed Detective Price of what he had overheard on reaching Harlem. The police at once suspected old Dr. McGonigal. It was only early to-day that they began to see the end of it when the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street Police Station held the persons above mentioned. At noon the police proved their suspicions correct. The clew that had been turned up in the Bureau of Vital Statistics, followed to the end, discovered the fact that Annie had been buried in St. Michael's Cemetery, Jersey City, under the name of Jane Wilson, aged 9 years. Her home was given as 229 East One Hundred and Eighth street. Another horror was added to the story by the discovery that the certificate of death was applied for and the burial permit made out on the day previous, July 11. The girl died on July 12. In the Harlem Police Court Justice Power held the doctor in $10,000 bail, and he was locked up for examination on Friday. Gus Harrison was held in $2,500 and Sadie Lapragen in $500. McGonigal is the patentee of the McGonigal wood pavement and a steam sand-sifter.

THE SEATTLE ROAD.

Its Purchase by the Northern Pacific Admitted—Farmers' Offer.

NEW YORK, July 22.—President Oakes, of the Northern Pacific, admitted yesterday that the reported purchase of the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern Co. by the Oregon Transcontinental interest of the Northern Pacific was true. He said: "The Northern Pacific Co. has purchased a little more than the majority of the capital stock of the Seattle Co.—that is about $3,000,000 of the $5,000,000—and has leased the property upon the basis of a guarantee of 6 per cent interest upon the outstanding bonds and the further issue of bonds necessary to complete the line to the international boundary, a total of about $5,000,000. The annual rental will be about $300,000, but inasmuch as the Seattle Co. has thus far earned interest, the Northern Pacific Co. is not likely to be called upon to make up any deficit. The Seattle line is so located as to command the valuable traffic of the new State of Washington between Seattle and the international boundary. The Northern Pacific Co. will enter upon active operation of the Seattle Co. under the lease of the 25th inst.

Carondelet Jottings.

Col. James Johnston has returned from Lebanon Springs.

Rev. Dr. Brough of Ste. Genevieve, Mo., is the guest of Mr. Thomas Barnum.

The young people of the Carondelet Presbyterian Church will give a lawn fete to-night.

Frank R. Harris, colored, was fined $10 and costs at noon to-day for driving an unlicensed vehicle.

The Missouri Pacific Railway Co. is building a new bridge over the River des Peres near New Memphis.

The Sunday-school members of the Baptist Church gave a lawn festival this afternoon at the residence of Rev. H. A. Slaughter on Sixth street.

The residence of James N. Pughon, on the Lamal Ferry road, was entered by thieves last evening. Goods to the value of $150 were stolen.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Knorr gave an ice cream party last evening at their residence, 7618 South Broadway, in compliment to a number of visiting friends.

Mr. F. W. Mott has decided to tear down the rear portion of the old Henry T. Blow mansion and remodel the building. The famous old landmark will be used as a private dwelling-house, instead of a hotel, as was previously announced.

Jennie Scott, colored, was run over by a brewery wagon shortly after 8 o'clock last evening on Broadway and Osceola street. The woman was painfully bruised about the legs. Officer Peter Westervelt summoned the patrol wagon and had the woman removed to her residence, No. 221 Caldwell street. The injury is not serious.

Clem Cotton was accidently cut on the right side of the body this morning by a man named Thos. Horne with a huge driftwood hook. Cotton was sitting in a skiff baiting a fish line near the Davis street wharfboat. Horne was also in a skiff catching driftwood. A big log floated near Cotton's skiff and Horne attempted to raise his pole to catch the log, but instead it pierced Cotton's right side, causing a very ugly wound. The physician who treated Cotton says that it is impossible to state at present whether the injury is serious or not.

The cases against Andrew Wolf, Henry Wolf and Henry Kelter, who were charged with disturbing the peace, were tried before Police Justice Meegan this morning. The case occupied nearly three hours and was very amusing. The defendants are Germans. They can hardly speak English. Last Sunday evening they jumped on a Carondelet street-car and because the driver refused to stop for them they attempted to do him up. Officers F. D. Mehl and Bebee arrested the men, but not until one of the crowd put the driver's left optic in mourning. They were each fined $10 and costs.

Criminal Assault.

John Burke, aged 20 years, was locked up at the Chestnut Street Police Station at 3 o'clock this afternoon on a charge of criminally assaulting Susan Spencer, colored, who resides at No. 813 South Main street. The Spencer woman claims that about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Burke and two other men entered her house and criminally assaulted her. She reported the matter to Police Sergeant Schalpenberger this morning. Officer McKeon was dispatched on the case and this afternoon arrested John Burke. The Spencer woman was summoned to the police station, where she identified Burke as one of her assailants. Burke claimed that he was innocent of the charge. The woman went to the Four Courts where she swore out a warrant against John Burke. The other two men, whose names are at present unknown although the woman is well acquainted with them, will probably be arrested to-night.

Joliet Stonecutters' Strike.

JOLIET, Ill., July 22.—The Joliet stonecutters have struck for a raise from $3.50 to $4 per day. The principal employers are Sanger, Moody and Steel, who are doing work for the Rock Island Arsenal. They will take their stone down there in the rough and cut it there. The Joliet Stone Company will shut down its department, as will the smaller employers.

THE BIG WORLD'S FAIR.

MEMBERS OF THE ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE ARRIVING AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Great Interest Taken in World's Fair Legislation—Cook County Divided—Meeting of the Special Committee of the National Commission With the Centennial Exposition Directors.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 22.—The members of the Legislature are arriving in considerable numbers and more interest is felt in the outcome of the World's Fair legislation than in the organization of the Legislature. It is almost certain that Cook County will be divided and the outside members show no disposition to step in as mediators in this case. There is no expressed intention to oppose any reasonable demands which Chicago may make, but unless Cook County can unite upon these demands the Legislature will not take the responsibility of making a decision between the demands of the two factions. The division of Cook County is upon the additional debt of $5,000,000 and the site. A strong and determined assault upon the present Fair arrangement is expected from the State Board of Agriculture, as the claim is set up by them that by no means could the lake front site be put into a condition fit for the contemplated agricultural displays.

Other members of the old board spoke at length, and detailed in a general way how the Centennial was organized and carried on, but they were all of the opinion that the director-general of the Fair should have supreme authority. The committee will leave this evening or early to-morrow for New York, where they will consult with Gen. Goshorn at his office, No. 10 Broadway.

The Meeting in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 22.—Mayor Fitler presided this afternoon at the conference held between the members of the special committee of the National Columbian Exposition with the members of the Finance Committee of the Centennial Exposition held fourteen years ago in this city. Gen. Thomas Palmer, Chairman of the National Commission, and John B. Dickinson, Secretary, were present, with all the members of the special committee, of which Judge Jas. K. McKenzie of Kentucky is Chairman. The Philadelphians — members of the Centennial Finance Committee—who were present besides the Mayor included Frederick Fraley, John Baird, William V. McKean of the *Ledger*, Thomas Donaldson, Thomas Cochran, Amos J. Little, Clement W. Biddle, E. T. Steele, Thos. H. Dudley, James Robb and P. R. Widener, who is also a member of the special committee. The Mayor and his guests seated themselves democratically around the table in the large reception room of his office and the conference was opened by Judge McKenzie, who stated what the committee would like to know.

"First," said he, "we should like to know the different suggestions and ideas that were mooted before you when you first took action in regard to the Centennial; also the original plans that were adopted and abandoned. Second, we would like your suggestions as to the plan and scope of the Exposition at Chicago in '93, and the suggestion of any novel ideas that would be suitable. Third—what you think should be the powers and the duties of the director-general. Fourth—what should be the powers and duties of the Executive Committee; and generally, any suggestions that you may be pleased to make. Our object is to make use of your experience and your ideas, which went so far to make Philadelphia's Centennial Exposition a shining success."

Mr. Cochran followed Judge McKenzie and sketched the suggestions that he made to the committee last week. Mr. Fraley, who was one of the most valuable members of the Centennial Commission, outlined the history of the exposition in this city and told how money was raised here by individual subscriptions of $10 each, and the work was carried on to triumphant success. Asked as to the duties of the director-general he replied: "He should prepare arrangements for all work; invite architects to submit plans of buildings to be erected, and make all preparations for the installment of exhibits. He should, of course, have wise consulters in the Executive Committee on whose advice he might rely. Be careful in the selection of your director-general and you can clothe him with all these important powers that should apertain to his position."

ABOUT TOWN.

BURGLARS entered Hugh McMorrow's saloon, 723 O'Fallon street, early yesterday morning and stole six boxes of cigars and $2.25 in small change.

ROBBIE JENKS, the popular assistant telephone operator at the Four Courts, has gone East on a two weeks' vacation.

A CARPET sweeper belonging to the Wagner Palace Car Co., was stolen from the platform at the Union Depot on the night of the 19th inst.

A Sneak Thief Caught.

At about 2 o'clock this afternoon a sneak thief entered T. Kytha's artist studio on Third and Locust streets and stole Mr. Kytha's coat which was hanging up, and the pockets of which contained several articles of value. The two assistants were at dinner and Mr. Kytha was busy and did not notice the theft. A moment later he missed his coat and looking out of the window saw a fine looking man over six feet high walking off with it. He gave chase to the thief and succeeded in knocking him down. They grappled on the ground and the artist's shirt front was torn and his hat smashed. The thief got up and ran off, but Mr. Kytha kept up the pursuit and finally captured him on the levee, and under threats of shooting, go him to walk to the Chestnut street station, where he was detained. The police believe him to be a man who is wanted on several similar charges.

The Duluth Regatta.

DULUTH, Minn., July 22.—The Junior four-oared race was rowed over again this morning. The Minnesotas won in 10m. 30s., with Duluths second in 10m. 35s., and the St. Pauls third. The Winnipegs were out of the race from the start to finish. The course was very rough. The Winnipegs were favorites in the pools, the favorites selling in the field. The St. Pauls led by two lengths to the turn, where they lost six lengths.

Cadiz' Big Fire.

CINCINNATI, O., July 22.—A dispatch from Steubenville, O., says fire to-day at Cadiz, the county seat of Harrison County, destroyed $25,000 worth of property; partly insured.

CELESTIAL TRIUMPHS.

A Most Beautiful Fabric Miss Bisland Brought From Japan.

From the Illustrated American.

Miss Elizabeth Bisland, during her trip around the world last spring, picked up in Japan one of the most exquisite fabrics ever brought to this country. The Orientals called it rainbow crepe, and surely never was a name more aptly given. The silky, daintily woven stuff is of silver white, having a sheen as of moonlight overlying its minute crepy twill. Then running in diagonal fashion across the narrow breadths are faint, illusive colors of pale rose, light gold, the blue of early dawn, a dim green tint and shadowy lilac. These ravishing hues, that are rather suggested than defined, seem to glimmer through warp and woof of the lustrous silk, one minute burning in flames of color, to be lost the next in vague, melting lights.

Costly and adorably beautiful as this rainbow material is justly reckoned, it holds no place whatever beside the moon-cloths worn by the Japanese nobles. Looking over and even handling this enchanting silken web, one can scarcely credit its reality. All of the golden pallor of Diana's nightly loveliness has been caught and imprisoned in its spidery threads. There are silvery beams that the cunning craftsman has shot through his loom, to be subdued by the warm glow of the harvester's honey-colored moon. Here the lights are vastly heightened, and there the shuttle has thrown in a thread that hints of dusk and gloom. So far these wonderful triumphs of Celestial skill are unknown to the Western world.

A short time since Miss Bisland appeared in her rainbow gown at a dinner given by Sir John Millais, in London. The great artist had never before seen anything of the kind, and grew vastly enthusiastic over the matchless beauty of the stuff.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

COLLISION OF EARTH AND MOON.

The Catastrophe the Old Astronomers Predicted, but That Can Never Occur.

From the New Castle (Eng.) Chronicle.

It is an undoubted fact that the moon is and has been for ages approaching closer to the earth, though whether by a fraction of an inch or a fraction of a yard in a century I am not prepared to demonstrate. This phenomenon is fully proved by a comparison of the Babylonian eclipses with those recorded by the Arabian astronomers, and further, by comparing the latter with those of modern times. A period, however, will arrive when this falling toward the earth will cease, and when the Queen of Night will start and go back to her former position. All this, no doubt, is very mysterious and complex, and had it not been for the giant intellects of Laplace and Lagrange, we might yet be calculating how long at its various rates of progression toward the earth, our satellite would take to reach that body and the probable results of such an event. The limit to the moon's acceleration and consequent approach to our planet was discovered to be due to the decrease and subsequent disappearance in the eccentricity of the earth's orbit.

Then the question naturally suggests itself as to how near the moon will be to us when the limit is reached. As I have intimated, this will be settled in about 50,000 years, by which period the moon's mean motion will indicate that she is between 600 and 700 of her diameters in advance of the position she would have occupied had no change been in progress. We may, I think, take it for granted that the arrangements of the solar system are stable; and that the perturbations in the moon's mean motion are not indefinitely progressive, but periodical, albeit extending over countless ages, reaching a limit, as they perhaps have done before, and then resuming their old character.

THE CZAR AND HIS EGGS.

Since He Has Learned They Can be Poisoned Every Precaution Is Taken.

From the Pall Mall Budget.

Not long ago a savant made the discovery that an egg could easily be poisoned by the insertion of a thin wire that would leave no mark on the shell. Until then the Czar had eaten eggs with absolute security: but now, a Continental correspondent avers, they are sent him in all sorts of mysterious receptacles—sometimes in hat boxes—and they are boiled or converted into omelettes in a little kitchen contiguous to the Czar's study. Here a Parisian cook named Reymaud operates, under the personal superintendence of the Czarina, who goes in and out of the kitchen at all hours, and often prepares a dish with her own hands.

The Czar never eats thick soups or thick sauces. His food is meat, boiled or broiled, but the broth or gravy must always be perfectly clear. The vegetables are served whole, and cut before him with a silver knife. The sugar which he eats with his fruit is also pounded in his sight, and his salt is the common gray salt in large grains, with which it would be impossible to mix arsenic, as could be done with the fine white table salt.

Real Estate Transfers.

James Chadwick to B. E. W. Ruler, 25 ft. on Bailey av.; city block 1927	$ 2,400
Henry Kent to Bernard Gigethoff, 135 ft. on Dickson st.; city block 971	6,000
Christ Moehrle and wife to Geo. Moehrle, 94 ft. 2½ in Durand tract; block 17	4,000
Anna Freiberger to Chas. H. Hesse, 128 ft. 2¾ in.; block 6, Lucas and Hunt's addition	6,000
Elizabeth Hess and trustee et al. to Anna Freiberger, 128 ft. 2¾ in. on Easton av., block 6, Lucas & Hunt's addition	6,000
Henry B. Johnson and wife to John McKeon et al., 25 ft. on Easton av., block 1, third subdivision Wash estate	3,750
Wm. R. Walker to Yerkes & Finan Woodworking Machine Co., 118 ft. 7¼ in. on 11th st., city block 2547	4,000
Joseph T. Donovan to Stephen DeLille, 80 ft. on Evans av., city blocks 3728 and 3731	2,400
Board of President and Directors of St. Louis Public Schools to Builders' Investment Co., 21 ft. on 14th st., city block 591, and other property	13,222
Carrie B. Stewart et al. to Chas. Allenger, 25 ft. on Garrison av., city block 1856	1,700
Henry J. Berger et al., by Special Commissioner, to Phoebe L. Galway, 25 ft. on Goode av., and other property; Special Commissioner's deed	600
Christ Moehrle and wife to Geo. Moehrle, 81 ft. 5 in. on Gravois av., city block 1399	1,500
Robert J. O'Reilly and wife to J. H. Gundlach, 50 ft. in Horton pl., city block 3852	400
Francis G. Flannigan to Eliza J. Buckley, 25 ft. on Hunt av., city block 3985	300
R. H. Newberry and wife et al. to Smith H. Koon, 50 ft. on Knox av., city block 4637	2,750
Charles Green and wife to Rosalie Greffet, 50 ft. on Lee av., city block 4429, and other property	750
Franz G. Ramsperger and wife to Anna Masek's trustee, 60 ft. on Linn st., city block 675; conveyance in trust	2,100
R. H. Newberry and wife et al. to John J. O'Brien, 50 ft. on Lloyd av., city block 4610	3,250
Frederick Bold and wife to Paul Buol, 28 ft. on Lynch st., city block 1803	630
Charles J. S. Digges and wife to Sarah Gilooly, 50 ft. on Maple av., city block 3852	405
Christopher M. Hawken to Mary A. Terry, 100 ft. on Michigan av	4,750
Frank H. Schulte and wife to Samuel S. Pomeroy, 50 ft. on Minerva av., city block 3793	1,000
City of St. Louis to Henry Frese, 25 ft. on w. s. of Minnesota av., bet. Oregon and Dakota sts., city block 2702	156
Emil Roer to Henry A. Christophel, 50 ft. on New Manchester rd., block 17, McRee City	2,550
Luella Stewart and trustee et al. to Horace Fox, 59 ft. 8½ in. on w. s. of Nineteenth st., bet. Ferry and Bissell sts., city block 2444	950
Eliza A. W. Clymer to Arnold Beck, 30 ft. on e. s. of Seventeenth st., bet. Mullanphy and Madison sts., city block 2334	1,020
August H. Sante and wife to August C. Kuenneke, 216 ft. 1½ in. on 9th st., city block 2815	1,300
Julius E. Greffett and wife to Catherine Moore, lot 8, near Coleman and North Market sts., city block 1891	600
Michael Moran and wife to Peter Farvies, 20 ft. on Shenandoah st., city block 1830	3,600
Mary J. Bollo et al. to Thomas P. Luckey, 25 ft. on Sullivan av., city block 1088	1,700
Frederick Simon et al. to Rudolph F. Camien, 25 ft. on Taylor av., city block 3718	625
Wm. H. Hauschulte to Ellen Flynn, 64 ft. 7 in. on 12th st., city block 1127	5,000
City of St. Louis to Martin Steitz, 25 ft. on 21st st., city block 2331	4,338
Wm. Fleming, Jr., and wife to Ferdinand G. Uhlich, 25 ft. on 21st st., city block 1747	750
Marriette Real Estate Co. to John V. Hogan, 45.34 acres in United States survey 378	70,000
Louis Andreas et al. to Gottlieb Stroebel, 25 ft. on Vulcan st., city block 3127	750
Board of President and Directors of St. Louis Public Schools to Robert J. Kirkpatrick, all of city block 3150	2,500
John Padberg and wife to Albert J. Staef, 90 ft. on Nebraska av., city block 2756; warranty deed	700
Susan Farry and trustee et al. by trustee to Martha R. Little, 60 ft. on Polk st., city block 3155; trustee's deed	900
Robert H. Watton to Daniel O'Connor, 20 ft. on Grand av., city block 2199; warranty deed	5
Robert Morris and wife to Blanche P. Carter, 50 ft. on Arlington av., city block 4825; warranty deed	500
Bernard Proetz and wife to Wm. T. Bennett et al., 25 ft. on Finney av., city block 3743; warranty deed	5,000
Peter Giegerich and wife to Theo. Walterman, 17 ft. 8 in. on Lynch st., city block No. 2073; warranty deed	4,000
Stephen De Lille and wife to Geo. N. Truesdale, 51 ft. 5 in. on Evans av., city block 3729; warranty deed	7,100
George N. Truesdale and wife to Alfred R. Dix, 26 ft. 5 in. on Evans av., city block 3729; warranty deed	3,750
George N. Truesdale and wife to Ada B. Lincoln, 25 ft. on Evans av., city block 3729; warranty deed	3,850
John M. Meyer and wife to Ferdinand Rossi, 17 ft. 8 in. on Morgan st., city block 541; warranty deed	2,000
Western Mutual Land & Improvement Co. to David H. Stewart, 50 ft. on Hancock and other property, city block 4775; warranty deed	825

Horses and Mules.

Reported by Martin Bros., horse and mule market, Nos. 1438, 1442, 1444, 1446 North Broadway, St. Louis.

HORSES.

Heavy draft, extra	$ 150@170
Heavy draft, good	110@130
Drivers, extra	150@200
Drivers, good	120@150
Streeters	90@110
Southern mares, extra	90@110
Southern mares, good	70@ 90
Southern horses	65@ 80
Plugs	20@ 40

MULES.

15 hands, extra	$110@115
15½ hands	120@ 135
15½ hands, extra	135@ 150
16 hands	140@ 160
16 hands, extra	160@ 175

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JOHN J. HOLE, Office. J. C. PAYNE, Cattle Salesman. HUGH M. WATSON, Hog Salesman.

HOLT, PAYNE & CO.,
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Offices 5 and 6 Union Stock Yards, St. Louis. Office No. 5 National Stock Yards, East St. Louis, Ill. All Stock consigned to us at either yards will receive our personal attention. Consignments solicited.

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OVERSTREET & M'NEILEY,
Commission salesmen and forwarding agents for all kinds of
LIVE STOCK.
Office Nos. 1 and 2, Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo. Cash advances made on consignments.

R. T. WHEELER. C. JAMES. J. S. MCKINNON.

WHEELER, JAMES & CO.,
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS
UNION STOCK YARDS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

D. S. IRONS & CO.,
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
UNION STOCK YARDS,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

LIVE STOCK.

Union Stock Yards.

DON N. PALMER, Manager. Closing hour 3 p. m.

Cattle—The market to-day for all classes of butcher cattle was briskly active, and there was not enough of this kind of cattle in the pens to supply the trade of the day. The urgency of demand has caused an advance of from 5c to 10c per 100 lbs. There was only a moderate run of cattle to-day, and the bulk of them was of the common kind, but there was enough of that grade to keep up to the market. Everything was sold and the market closed steady.

Good butchers steers, 1,300 to 1,400	$4 00@$4 50
Good butchers steers, 1,000 to 1,200	3 25@3 75
Good butcher steers, 800 to 1,000	2 50@3 25
Stock steers and feeders	1 75@2 50
Good to choice cows and heifers	2 25@3 00
Fair to good cows and heifers	1 75@2 25
Common cows and heifers	1 50@1 75
Sausage bulls	1 50@1 75
Butcher bulls	2 00@ 2 25
Extra choice cows and calves	25 00@30 00
Medium	18 00@20 00
Common	12 00@15 00

The representative sales to-day were:

No.	Description.	Av.	Price
10	Southwest steers	900	$2 75
14	Southwest steers	903	2 75
10	native stockers	731	2 25
14	native cows	1,177	2 25
10	native cows and heifers	1,107	2 87½
11	Southwest mixed	619	2 00
18	Southwest steers and heifers	875	2 50
16	Rough native steers	1,237	3 55
15	Iron Mountain scalawags	716	1 62½
16	Southwest stockers	834	2 20
10	Native cows and heifers	982	2 35

237 retail from $2 to $3.25.

Hogs—The market opened up active to the extent of receipts to-day, with values steady. $3.65@3.70, with a sale of selects at $3.75. Chicago telegrams posted on the exchange showed 22,000 head arrived there and stronger.

The general quotations on hogs to-day were as follows:

Selects	$ 3 75
Butcher	3 65@3 70
Packers	3 60@3 65
Common mixed	3 35@3 50
Skips and culls	3 00@3 25

The representative sales to-day were as follows:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
64	206	$3 75	72	197	$3 70
61	174	3 70	68	211	3 70
36	202	3 60	70	177	3 65
53	156	3 60	43	194	3 62½
12	314	3 65	49	226	3 67½
47	200	3 65	49	188	3 65
85	180	3 65	60	198	3 70
49	180	3 65	56	206	3 70
31	182	3 65	67	195	3 60
33	186	3 65	20	257	3 65
64	194	3 67½	73	197	3 67½
40	194	3 65			

Sheep—There was a good active market to-day in sheep, with light arrivals, not enough for the trade that offered. All kinds of good sheep are wanted. But thin, worn-out sheep have very slow sale, and likewise common stock lambs.

The quotations furnished by the Live Stock Exchange are as follows:

Good to choice muttons	$4 00@4 50
Medium to fair	3 75@4 00
Stock wethers	3 25@3 50
Stock ewes	3 50@3 75
Stock lambs, common	50@1 25

The representative sales to-day were as follows:

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
21	native	114	$4 37½
14	native	97	4 15
4	lambs	55	4 50
31	native	74	3 75
7	lambs	70	5 00
16	lambs	98	5 00
25	native	101	4 00
7	lambs	60	5 00
18	lambs	74	5 12½
4	native	132	4 50
2	stockers	70	3 50
10	lambs	64	4 75
2	native	115	4 00
10	lambs	66	5 00
3	native	90	4 00
12	lambs	65	4 75
5	native	92	4 00
6	stockers	80	3 50
4	native	102	4 00
3	lambs	63	5 00
3	stockers	86	3 50
93	Southwest mixed	74	4 00
5	native	104	4 50
9	stockers	71	3 30
98	stockers	70	3 60

5 bucks, per head, $2
4 bucks, per head, $2.50.

Addenda.

Sheep steady; light receipts.

Hogs, $3.70; selects, $3.75; steady.

Cattle active on butcher stuff; 10c to 15c higher.

Butcher steers and heifers wanted; common cows and calves exceedingly dull.

Wallace, Northern & Dowell, Mexico, sent in hogs to-day.

H. M. Goran, Jonesburg, Mo., had cattle, hogs and sheep at the yards.

Robt. Gill, Newborne, Ill., had hogs at the yards to-day.

Cobb & Hammock, New Hope, Mo., had cattle, hogs and sheep at the yards to-day.

Jacob Schuetz, Eureka, Mo., had in hogs to-day and sold at good prices.

W. J. Hitt, Cape Girardeau, Mo., sent in cattle and hogs to-day.

Pamother & Johnson, Oak Ridge, Mo., sent in hogs and sheep to-day.

F. N. Hantz from Newburg, Mo., had hogs in to-day.

Pose Palmer from Sturgeon, Mo., marketed hogs to-day and sold at top prices.

W. J. Hitt from Cape Girardeau, Mo., shipped cattle in to-day.

Wm Koeppel, Egypt Mills, Mo., was in to-day with stock.

Chas. Wegener, Feldtmann, Mo., sent in hogs to-day.

August Heysel, Jamestown, Mo., sent in hogs to-day.

Paul Kidlen, Loutre Island, Mo., sent in a drove of hogs to-day.

Fred Woods, Loutre Island, Mo., was in to-day with hogs.

George W. Jennison, New London, Mo., had in cattle and hogs to-day.

Howell & Kennedy, Troy, Mo., regular shippers, had in cows and calves to-day that sold well.

J. S. Busch, Hannibal, Mo., had hogs on the market to-day.

J. V. B. Goodman, Louisiana, Mo., sent in hogs to-day by boat.

Ricket, Range & Co., from Fayette, Mo., marketed hogs to-day and sold at good prices.

E. V. Dyson, from Williamsburg, Mo., shipped in hogs to-day.

R. C. Tandy, from Spanish Lake, Mo., marketed hogs to-day and sold at good prices.

Alex Nifong from Fredericktown, Mo., had sheep in to-day.

Henry Gergon from Wright City, Mo., marketed hogs to-day.

N. S. Wade from Wentzville, Mo., marketed hogs to-day.

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 21.—Cattle—Receipts 8,000; market dull, slow; beeves and steers, $3.50@4.85; stockers and feeders, $2.25@3.60; Texans, $1.50@3.50. Hogs—Receipts 18,000; market strong; mixed, $3.60@3.85; heavy, $3.65@3.92½; light, $3.60@3.95. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; market strong, higher; natives, $3.40@5.50; Texans, $3.75@4.75; Westerns, $4@4.60.

BUFFALO, N.Y., July 22.—Cattle—Steady; receipts, 51 loads through; no fresh sale. Sheep—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 13 loads through, 5 sale. Hogs—Firm; receipts, 15 loads through, 8 sale; medium heavy and heavy Yorkers, $4.05; pigs, $3 80@4.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,600 head; shipments, 4,100 head; market steady; steers, $3.25@4.40; cows, $1.50@3.10; stockers and feeders, $2.60@3.70; range steers, $2.25@2.85; range cows, $1.25@2. Hogs—Receipts, 16,600; shipments, 950; market 2½@5c higher; bulk, $3.47½@3.50; all grades, $3.45@3.55. Sheep—Receipts, 1,550; shipments, 125; market weak to 10c higher; lambs, $5@5.50; good to choice muttons, $4@4.40; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.25.

Exchange Quotations.

Furnished by A. G. Edwards & Son, 313 N. 3d st.

New York	60 premium
Chicago	40 premium
Cincinnati	25 premium
Louisville	par
New Orleans	par

FINANCIAL.

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DEALERS IN HIGH-GRADE MUNICIPAL BONDS
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MONEY.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, successors to Matthews & Whitaker, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 22.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Atchison	45	45	44½	45
Canada Southern				
Canadian Pacific				
Central New Jersey				
Central Pacific	125¼	125½	125¼	125½
C., C., C. & I.				
Chicago Gas Trust				
C., St. P., M. & O				
C., St. P., M. & O., pfd.				
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	90¾	91⅛	90½	91⅛
C., B. & Q.				
C., M. & St. P.	73½	73¾	73½	73½
C., M. & St. P., pfd.				
C. & N. W., common				
Cotton Oil Trust, new	28⅛			28⅛
Cotton Oil Trust, old				
D., L. & W.	148¾	149	148⅝	149
Delaware & Hudson	168			168
Denver & Rio Grande				
East Tennessee, common				
East Tennessee, pfd.				
Erie, com	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛
Erie, pfd				
Erie 2d mortgage bonds				
Fort Worth & Denver				
Hocking Valley	32¼	32¼	32	32
Houston & Texas				
Illinois Central				
I., B. & W.				
Laclede Gas com	22½			22½
Laclede Gas pfd				
Laclede Gas 5 per cent bonds				
Lake Erie & Western, com				
Lake Erie & Western, pfd				
Lake Shore	110⅛	110⅛	109⅞	109⅞
Louisville & Nashville	86¼	86¼	86⅛	86¼
Lead Trust	20⅞			20⅞
Michigan Central				
Missouri Pacific	73½			73½
M., K. & T.	20½			20½
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	111⅛			111⅛
New York & New England	50	50½	50	50½
New York Central				
Norfolk & Western, com				
Norfolk & Western, pfd	61¼			61¼
Northern Pacific com	35¾	35¾	35⅝	35⅝
Northern Pacific, pfd				
Ohio Southern	22½			22½
Oregon & Trans	46¾	47	46½	47
Oregon Nav. & Trans				
Ohio & Miss., com	24⅛			24⅛
Pacific Mail	46½			46½
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville				
Philadelphia & Reading	45¾			45¾
Pullman Palace Car	218	219	218	219
Richmond Terminal	22½			22½
St. Paul & Duluth, com				
St. Paul & Duluth, pfd				
Sugar Trust	74¼	75¼	73⅞	74⅞
St. L. & S. F., com				
St. L. & S. F., 1st pfd				
St. L. & S. F., 2d pfd				
St. P., M. & M.				
Silver	109¾	109⅞	109¾	109¾
Tennessee Coal & Iron				
Texas & Pacific				
Union Pacific	63¼	63¼	62⅞	63¼
W., St. L. & P., new	12½			12½
W., St. L. & P., pfd. new	26	26¼	26	26¼
Western Union Tel. Co.	83⅝	83¾	83⅝	83¾
West Shore bonds	104			104

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, July 22, 11 a. m.—For dullness the transactions in the stock market during the first hour this morning eclipsed all previous records and a dead level stagnation was the only feature in the course of prices in the general list, while even Sugar Refineries failed to move over a range of more than a slight fraction. The one stock showing any life whatever was Atchison, which opened at 45 and continued its decline of yesterday in a half-hearted way, its loss from the opening being only ½ per cent. The market showed no change throughout the hour, and at 11 o'clock it was still intensely dull at opening prices, which differed only slightly from those of last evening.

Noon—Money is easy at 3½@4 per cent. The dealings in the stock market became entirely barren of feature after 11 o'clock, and the business done shrunk to still smaller proportions. Sugar moved up and down over a small range with extremely limited transactions for that stock, but no other life was seen in the whole market. At noon the market was dull and stagnant at opening prices.

Bar silver, 108½.

3 p. m.—Money closed easy at 3 per cent. Bar silver 109. The stock market closed dull and steady at the highest figures on the day.

4 p. m.—Consuls closed at 96 7-16 for money and 96 9-16 for the account. U. S. bonds, 4s, 124; do 4½s, 105. A. & G. W. firsts, 37⅝; Canadian Pacific, 83⅝; Erie, 26⅛; Mexican, ordinary, 42⅝; St. Paul, common, 74⅞; New York Central, 110½; Reading, 23⅜; Mexican Central, new 4s, 75⅞; bar silver, 50½d per ounce. Money 3½ per cent.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
4½ per cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	103¼	104
4 per cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	121¾	122½

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	101½	102¼
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1902	May and Nov	102	106½
City 4s sterling 10-20s	1895	June and Dec	106	106
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	110	112
City 6s, gold	1892—93	Various	105¾	106½
City 6s, sterling	1898	June and Dec	114	116
City 6s, water	1899	June and Dec	115	117
City 6s, water	1892	April and Oct	104	105
City 6s, bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	104	106
County 6s, gold	1895—96	Jan. and July	109	110
County Park	1905	April and Oct	125	126

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. consols	1920	May and Nov	110	111
Mo. Pac. 3d	1895	May and Nov	115	117
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	112	114
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug	111¾	112
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	111	112
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov	113½	114
K. P. consols	1910	May and Nov	115	115½
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	105½	106

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearances	$3,478,146
Balances	729,977

RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

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St. Louis and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Packet.

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For Ludington, Manistee, Frankfort, Charlevoix, Petoskey and Harbor Springs, etc.: Tuesdays 1:00 P. M., Fridays 10:00 P. M.
Office and Docks, Rush and N. Water Sts., Chicago.

TIME TABLE.

*Except Sundays; †Daily; ‡Except Saturday; §Except Monday; ¶Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis. Pullman Sleepers on all trains and Free Chair Cars on all West-bound trains.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	† 8:45 am	† 5:15 pm
Rock Island, Bushnell, Galesburg and Peoria Express	‡ 8:15 pm	¶ 6:50 am

The 8:15 p. m. train is daily except Saturday, and the 6:50 a. m. arrives daily except Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.

Minneapolis, St Paul, Spirit Lake, Cedar Rapids Express	* 9:20 am	* 5:40 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, St. Joe, Kansas City and California Express	† 8:05 pm	† 7:20 am
Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Spirit Lake, Minneapolis and St. Paul Night Express	† 8:45 pm	† 6:30 am
St. Louis and Quincy Sunday Excursion train	§ 7:30 am	§11:15 pm

The 8:45 p. m. train is daily, except Saturday it runs to Burlington only and does not make connections for Spirit Lake, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and the 6:30 a. m. train arrives daily, except Monday does not make connections from Cedar Rapids.

VANDALIA LINE.

Pennsylvania Special, daily	8:10 am	7:40 pm
Day Express, daily	8:40 am	7:00 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp., daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Cincinnati Express, daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Express, exc. Sunday	8:40 am	7:00 pm
Indianapolis Accom., exc. Sun.	11:25 am	5:00 pm
Cincin. Day Express, daily	8:10 am	7:00 pm
Effingham Accom., daily	5:30 pm	7:55 am

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston, Galveston Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line.)

Day Express	*8:40 am	*7:00 pm
Chicago Express	†8:00 pm	†7:00 am

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE." Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York, via Lake Shore Railway. No change of cars.

Day Express	† 7:15 am	† 5:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	† 8:05 am	† 6:10 pm
Alton Express Daily	10:40 am	7:55 am
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:20 pm	*10:30 am
Southwestern Express	† 7:25 pm	† 7:30 am
Alton Express Daily	5:55 pm	1:30 pm

Ticket office, cor. 5th and Chestnut sts.

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.

New Orleans Express	† 7:50 pm	† 7:00 am
Cairo & Jackson Express	* 7:40 am	* 7:25 pm
Mobile & Florida Express	† 7:50 pm	† 7:00 am
Murphysboro & Chester Acc'm	* 5:05 pm	*11:00 am

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL R. R.

Hannibal Special, Sunday only	§ 8:30 am	¶7:00 am
Mail and Express	* 9:00 am	*11:55 am
Mail and Express	* 5:00 pm	* 6:30 pm

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Kansas City Mail	† 8:45 am	† 7:00 pm
Chicago Express Mail	* 8:15 am	* 7:35 pm
Alton Express	*10:00 am	* 8:00 am
Through Chicago Express	† 4:40 pm	†10:40 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 5:50 pm	*10:40 am
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:55 pm	† 7:30 am
Kansas City Vestibuled Limited	† 8:20 pm	† 7:00 am
Godfrey & Alton Accom.		* 1:40 pm

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Mt. Vernon Accommodation		* 9:10 am
Southern Fast Mail	† 7:50 am	† 7:45 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	5:00 pm	
Belleville Accommodation	† 10:45 am	† 1:50 pm
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 pm	† 7:25 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.

New Orleans Limited Mail and Through Sleeping Car Line	†8:30 am	†7:10 pm
Memphis & Cairo Fast Line	†7:40 pm	†7:20 am
New Orleans Through Line	†7:40 pm	†7:10 pm
Cairo & Paducah Express	†8:30 am	*1:30 pm
Sparta, Murphysboro & Carbondale Accommodation	*4:30 pm	*1:30 pm
Grand Tower & Cape Girardeau Express	*4:30 pm	*1:30 pm

ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R. (Bluff Line, via Big 4)

Grafton and Elsah Express	* 7:15 am	† 5:45 pm
Jerseyville and Springfield Ex	* 4:20 pm	†11:45 am

All trains daily except Sunday.

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE AND ST. LOUIS "AIR LINE."

	Depart.	Arrive.
Louisville Day Express	† 8:20 am	† 7:20 pm
Louisville Night Fast Line	† 8:25 pm	† 8:10 am
ILLINOIS & ST LOUIS DIVISION.		
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 8:25 am	* 7:55 am
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 11:00 am	* 10:30 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 2:50 pm	* 2:00 pm
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 5:35 pm	* 5:10 pm

On Sundays trains marked (b) will run thirty minutes later.

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

10 hours to Cin. & Lou.; 4 solid trains. Sleepers to Cin., Lou., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York.

Cincinnati & Louisville Accom.	* 6:40 am	* 7:15 pm
Cin'ti, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Cincinnati Express	† 7:00 pm	† 6:40 am
Cincinnati, Louisville, Wash., Balt., Phila. and New York	† 8:00 pm	† 7:45 am
Salem Accommodation	* 5:15 pm	8:25 am

WABASH RAILROAD.

LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Chicago & Peoria Express	* 7:05 am	* 7:25 pm
Chicago & Peoria Fast Express	* 7:55 am	* 6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:15 pm
Decatur & Jacksonville Accom	* 4:45 pm	*10:35 am
New York & Boston Fast Exp.	† 6:55 pm	† 7:45 am
Chicago Night Express	† 8:10 pm	† 7:25 am
LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Through Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe & Ottumwa Fast Line	* 9:00 pm	* 6:30 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	*11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express	† 8:25 pm	* 7:30 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver & Salt Lake Short Line	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 7:15 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 8:25 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	* 3:50 pm
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:30 pm	* 5:35 pm
Ferguson theater train (Thursday only)	11:15 pm	7:50 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	10:20 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	4:00 pm	3:00 pm
FROM VINE STREET STATION.		
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:50 am	* 6:45 am
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 8:50 am	* 8:45 am
Ferguson Accommodation	*10:45 am	*10:40 am
Bridgeton Accommodation	* 4:15 pm	* 1:40 pm
St. Charles Accommodation	* 5:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:10 pm
Ferguson theater train (Wednesdays and Fridays only)	11:15 pm	7:50 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	8:55 am	8:45 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	1:30 pm	10:25 am
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	2:45 pm	2:30 pm
Ferguson Acc. (Sunday only)	5:45 pm	5:35 pm

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 7:00 am	* 6:45 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 8:15 am	* 8:40 am
Texas & Col. Mail	† 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	† 1:00 pm	†10:30 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 2:00 pm	* 3:10 pm
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	* 4:20 pm	* 4:00 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 7:50 am
Windsor Spring Accommodat'n	† 6:30 pm	† 6:10 pm
San Francisco Express	† 8:15 pm	† 7:25 am
Col. & Southern Cal. Express	† 8:25 pm	† 6:50 am

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	......
Creve Cœur Lake Passenger	† 6:00 am	† 8:10 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 6:20 am	* 6:35 am
Kirkwood Passenger	* 6:45 am	* 6:30 am
Kirkwood Pass. (Sunday only)	7:30 am	......
Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:25 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	† 8:00 am	* 7:25 am
Creve Cœur Pass. (Sunday only)	8:00 am	10:10 am
Oak Hill Passenger	† 8:05 am	† 8:20 am
Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln, Southern Kansas & Galv. Exp.	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Creve Cœur Passenger	† 9:30 am	†12:40 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 9:50 am	* 8:40 am
Oak Hill Passenger	†10:00 am	†10:30 am
Kirkwood Passenger	*11:50 am	† 9:50 am
Oak Hill Passenger	*11:55 am	*11:55 am
Kirkwood Pass. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	2:50 pm
Oak Hill Pass. (Sunday only)	1:15 pm	......
Creve Cœur Passenger	† 1:30 pm	† 3:50 pm
Creve Cœur Pass. (Sunday only)	2:00 pm	8:15 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	† 3:00 pm	† 1:30 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	† 3:15 pm	*12:35 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	* 4:20 pm	* 1:50 pm
Creve Cœur Passenger	† 4:25 pm	† 7:00 am
Oak Hill Passenger	* 4:45 pm	† 5:35 pm
Washington Passenger	* 5:25 pm	* 8:00 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	† 5:50 pm	* 5:10 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	† 6:15 pm	† 6:55 pm
Kirkwood Passenger	† 6:30 pm	* 5:55 pm
Creve Cœur Lake, Sunday only	7:30 pm	10:30 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha and Wichita Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:46 am
Kirkwood Passenger	† 8:45 pm	† 7:40 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Colorado & Texas Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am
Kirkwood Passenger (Sunday only)	9:45 pm	......
Kirkwood Passenger	*11:30 pm	*10:50 pm
Oak Hill Passenger	†11:35 pm	† 7:45 am
Kirkwood, Sat. and Sun. only	......	8:35 pm

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN.

Columbus Accommodation	† 7:55 am	† 6:45 pm
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Fort Worth Express	† 9:25 am	† 5:45 pm
Memphis & Southeastern Express, daily	8:05 pm	7:40 am
Hot Springs, Gal., San Antonio, Laredo and City of Mexico Fast Line	† 8:15 pm	† 7:30 am
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas, Fort Worth El Paso and California Express	† 9:20 pm	† 6:20 am

ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY & COLORADO R. R.

Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 6:00 a m	† 8:20 a m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 9:10 a m	†11:15 a m
Union Accommodation	†12:01 p m	† 3:00 p m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 4:50 p m	† 7:10 p m
Union Express	† 4:50 p m	† 8:20 a m
Creve Cœur Accommodation	† 7:45 p m	†10:00 p m

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY R. R.

Day Express	7:45 am	5:05 pm

ST. LOUIS, ARKANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

Arkansas & Texas Express	† 8:[illegible] pm	[illegible]
Arkansas & Texas Express	[illegible]	[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

THE MARKETS IN BRIEF.

WHEAT—Firm. Cash No. 2 red sold at 87 3-4@88c and No. 3 red at 82 1-2@82 3-4c. Futures closed at 87 5-8c and December at 91 7-8c.

CORN—Spot No. 2 weaker at 36 1-4c. Futures steady, September closing at 36 7-8c.

OATS—Lower, August and September closing at 29 3-4c bid.

FLOUR—Steady for low grades, but high grades dull and weak.

Closing Prices—1:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
July.	87⅛	88	88	88 b
Aug.	87⅛	87¾	87½	87⅝
Sept	88¾	88⅞	88¾@⅞	88¾
Dec.	91⅝ b	92	91½@⅝	91⅞
May.	96¼ a	95¾	95¾	96 a
CORN.				
July.	....	....	....	36 b
Aug.	36 b	36⅛	35⅞	36⅛
Sept	36⅞ b	36⅞	36¾	36⅞
Oct	37½ b	37⅞	37⅜	37⅞
Dec.	38⅛ n	....	....	....
May	39⅞	39⅞	39⅝	40 b
OATS.				
July.	31¼ b	32	32	32½ b
Aug.	30 b	....	....	29¾ b
Sept.	30 b	29⅞	29½@⅝	29¾ b
Year				
May.	33½@⅝	33½	33¼	33¼

CHICAGO.—Reported by Frank J. Brown, rooms 130 and 132, Chamber of Commerce.

WHEAT.				
Sept	89	89½	89	89½
Dec.	91⅛	91¾	91⅛	91¾
CORN.				
Sept	38¼	38⅜	38	38¼
OATS.				
Sept	29	29⅛@¼	28¾	29⅛@¼
PORK.				
Sept	10.15	10.10	10.10	10.10
LARD.				
Sept	5.87½	5.90	5.90	5.90

CHICAGO—Wheat—August, 87½c. Corn—August, 37¾c. Oats—August, 29½c. Short ribs closed at: August, 5c, September, 5.12½c. October, 5.17½c.

NEW YORK—Wheat—July, 96⅞c; August, 94⅝c; September, 94½c; December, 95¾c. Corn—July, 44c a; August, 44½c a; September, 45⅛c; October, 45⅝c. Oats—July, 39c a; August, 36⅝c a; September, 34⅞c a; October, 35c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—July, 88¾c b; August, 89c b; September, 89¾c b; December, 92⅝c b.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles at St. Louis,

For the twenty-four hours ending Tuesday, July 22, 1890, and corresponding day in 1889, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange:

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1890.	1889.	Shipments by River and Rail. 1890.	1889.
Flour, bbls	4,712	2,541	8,855	12,142
Wheat, bu.	97,582	102,955	517	32,340
Corn, bu	91,250	39,800	65,054	37,524
Oats, bu	35,620	26,100	2,190	4,165
Rye, bu	..	..	193	690
Barley, bu.	..	..	56	700
Bran, ship-stuff, sks.	1,887	...	4,289	4,962
Do in bulk, cars	2	3	3	3
Cornmeal, bbls	..	375	693	1,469
Cotton, bls, local	..	8	1,200	273
Cotton, bls, through	..	1		
Hay, tons	401	135	70	133
Pork, bbls	...	...	169	23
Hams, lbs	50,000	25,000	110,847	148,295
Meats, lbs	1067,860	586,829	1565,748	854,346
Lard, lbs	277,980	25,600	935,396	178,815
Cattle, head	3,846	4,555	1,264	669
Hogs, head	3,898	2,688	1,240	368
Sheep, head	2,259	1,748	...	...
Horses and mules	62	104	157	49

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
T'd	1,199,602	1,514,410	78,711	15,398	....
Yes	1,112,787	1,501,233	59,194	14,454	....
'89	415,839	427,004	58,869	5,601	....
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
T'd	1,081,055	1,404,479	19,574	1,704	
Yes	999,396	1,390,764	9,307	1,703	
'89	150,039	271,558	15,488	4,344	

No. 2 white corn, 87,328 bu.

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	95,582	91,250	517	65,054
Milwaukee	8,321	1,160	91,487	....
Baltimore	81,882	45,548	....	85
Toledo	106,676	30,788	2,200	113,800
New York	259,500	328,250	89,203	114,339
Chicago	33,824	319,543	3,899	289,453
Kansas City	....	....	....	....
Detroit	20,717	2,995	1,567	903
Duluth	50,784	30,432	183,027	....
Minneapolis	39,060	....	42,435	....
Philadel'hia	6,233	52,129	2,837	25,949

Grain Inspections.

INSPECTED IN:

Wheat.	Cars	Corn.	Cars.
No. 1 red	1	No. 2	36
No. 2 red	69	No. 3	4
No. 3 red	16	No. 4	1
No. 4	5	No. 2 white	19
Rejected	1	No. 3 white	—
No-grade	2	No. 3 yellow	—
No. 2 hard winter	—	No. 2 St. Charles	—
No. 3 hard winter	—	No-grade	—
No. 2 Mediterranean	—		
No. 3 Mediterranean	—	Total	61
Weevily	1		
Total	95		

Also 13,701 sks wheat, 9,393 sks No. 2 red, 3,478 No. 3 red, 618 No. 4,— rejected, 120 no grade; 91 cheat.

Oats—No. 2, 11 cars; No. 3, 19; No. 2 white, 7; No. 3 do, 9; no-grade, —; total, 46.

Rye—No. 2, — car; No. 3, 2; no grade, —.

Barley—No. 3, spring, — car; rejected, —.

Inspection out: Wheat—No. 2 red, 1 car; No. 3 red, 12 cars; No. 4, 3; rejected, —; no grade, —; No. 2 Mediterranean, —; No. 3 do, —.

Corn—No. 2, 83,200 bu and 17 cars; No. 3, 3 cars; No. 4, —; No. 2 yellow, — car; No. 2 white, 11 cars; No. 3 do, 1; no-grade, —; No. 2 St. Charles, —.

Oats—No. 2, 5 cars; No. 3, 8 cars; No. 2 white, 11 cars; No. 3 do, 7; no-grade, —.

Rye—No. 2, — car; No. 3, 1; no-grade, —.

Barley—No. 3 spring, —; rejected, —.

Exports From Atlantic Seaboard

From September 1 to July 19 for flour and grain, and from November 1 to July 19 for provisions:

	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88.
Flour, bbls	8,633,741	6,548,592	9,674,569
Wheat, bu	20,530,971	11,290,134	26,697,782
Corn, bu	90,931,980	64,846,392	19,753,125
Pork, lbs	38,064,600	37,100,600	33,900,200
Bacon, lbs	399,426,412	309,000,812	264,379,211
Lard, lbs	329,367,278	247,878,680	194,201,784

Available Supply of Grain.

	Wheat.	Corn.
Visible supply	18,557,000	13,128,000
On ocean passage	21,832,000	8,922,000
Total July 19, 1890	40,389,000	22,050,000
Total June 12, 1890	42,573,000	23,001,000
Total July 20, 1889	28,554,000	13,734,000
Total July 21, 1888	39,785,000	12,204,000
Total July 23, 1887	51,405,000	12,387,000

Amount on Ocean Passage.

On passage to United Kingdom:

	July 19, '90.	July 12, '90.	July 20, '89.
Wheat and Flour, bu	16,888,000	18,360,000	14,656,000
Corn, bu	6,797,000	6,025,000	4,243,000
On passage to the Continent:			
Wheat, bu	4,944,000	5,674,000	1,704,000
Corn, bu	2,125,000	2,355,000	1,500,000

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—July—10 at 88c. August—10 at 87½c, 125 at 87⅝c, 40 at 87⅝@¾, 70 at 87¾c. September—20 at 88¾@⅞c, 10 at 88⅞c. December—20 at 91½@⅝c, 125 at 91⅝c, 20 at 91⅝@¾c, 130 at 91¾c, 70 at 91¾@⅞c, 100 at 91⅞c, 10 at 91⅞@92c, 10 at 92c. May—5 at 96⅛c.

Corn—August 15, at 35⅞c; 10, at 36⅛c; 25, at 36⅛c; September 5, at 36¾c; 90, at 36¾@⅞c; 175, at 36⅞c; October 20, at 37⅜c. May—10 at 39⅝c, 15 at 39¾c, 10 at 39¾@⅞c, 25 at 39⅞c.

Oats—July—20 at 32c. September, 10 at 29½@⅝c, 265 at 29⅝c, 80 at 29⅝@¾c, 75 at 29¾c, 10 at 29¾@⅞c, 5 at 29⅞. May—15 at 33¼c, 10 at 33½c.

ST. LOUIS MARKETS.

Grain and Flour.

Wheat—There was such an entire absence of outside orders and local interest was so slight that trading was reduced to a minimum, only a few and occasional sales being made. Had there been even fair speculation there were enough bull influences on hand this morning to have given the market a good boost in price. There was the decrease of 2,152,000 bu in ocean wheat where it increased 1,200,000 bu last year at this time, the market cables, the bullish "Mark Lane Express" review, reports of damage to English and Continental crops, besides the regular run of poor threshing returns from winter wheat and complaints of damage from the Northwest. The large receipts here and the small speculation deadened bull feeling, and the buying was slack. There was a relapse from the early strength, but bull news began to pour in thick and fast, such as higher cables, wet weather abroad, export purchases at New York, etc., and so causing a full recovery in price. But the market did not hold up with all the strong news, though the close was ⅛@¼c above yesterday. July sold at 88c. August sold at 87¾c, off to 87½c, back to 87¾c, and closed at 87⅝c. September sold at 88⅞c to 88¾@⅞c. December opened at 91⅝c, sold up to 92c, off to 91⅝c to 91¾c to 91½@⅝c, up to 91⅞c to 91¾c to 92c, to 91¾c, to 91⅞@92c to 91⅞@¾c, and closed at 91⅞c. May sold at 95¾c. SPOT GRADES were firm and the lower qualities improved both in price and demand. Local millers were after No. 3 red, and an order was filled for a country miller for several cars. The low price of No. 4 attracted a speculator and he bought and offered at 75½c. The No. 2 red was taken by carriers or shorts, 5 cars selling at 87¾c, 62 at 87⅞c, 5,000 bu at 88c. An exporter took 20,000 bu for shipment to the Continent. No. 3 red—part car in C., 2 in St. L., and 6 regular at 82½c, 2 in St. L. at 82⅝c, 1 in Cdlt. and 1 E. side at 82¾c. Rejected off—No. 4—3 cars regular at 75½c. Rejected offered at 68c and 63c bid; 65c bid for E. side. No. 2 Turkey—84½c bid for regular, 85c for Cdlt. No. 3 Turkey—80c bid for Cdlt. SAMPLES—The greater part of the receipts were placed upon grade, which limited offerings considerably. Millers bought quietly and the market showed no change. Sales—Special bin—1 car old smutty at 67c, 1 rejected at 74c, 3 No. 3 at 83c, 1 do at 83¼c, 6 do at 83½c, 2 do at 84c. West track—2 cars at 82c, 1 No. 3 at 84½c, 2 No. 2 at 88c. East track—2 cars No. 4 at 82c, 1 No. 3 at 84c, 13 No. 2 at 88c, 1 do at 88½c. Sacks—88 at 70½c, 215 at 75c, 1,100 at 80c, 183 at 83c, 349 at 84c, 136 at 86c, 76 at 87½c, 286 at 87⅞c.

Corn—The market was firm at the opening, as outside points were better and half crop reports and complaints of injury from other from Kansas and complaints of injury from other points were received this morning. There was so little speculation, however, that the market had no spring to it and soon turned easier, though there was little change in price at any time and the close of September was the same as yesterday. August sold at 35⅞c to 36⅛c. September fluctuated between 36¾c and 36⅞c, opening and closing at 36⅞c. October sold at 37⅜c and May at 39¾@⅞c, off to 39⅝c and back to 39⅞c, with 40c bid at close. No. 2 white for August offered at 39c, bid 38⅝c. SPOT GRADES were quiet and easier. It was not possible to sell No. 2 above 36¼c, and the only demand was a moderate one from the order trade, which bought most the other grades offered. Sales. No. 2, 1 car E side at 36⅜c; 1 in C, 1 in M, 2 in U, 5 E side and 18 in Cldt at 36¼c; 45,000 bu regular, late yesterday, on p. t.; No. 2 white, 2 cars in U at 41c, 1 in St L at 42c and and latter bid for M. and C., 40¾c for E. side. No. 3—7 cars in Cdlt. at 35¾c; bid 35½c for C., 36c for E. side. No. 4—1 car in Cdlt. at 34½c; for U. 34c bid. No. 3 white—39c bid for East side, 39½c for A. and U., 40c for St. L., M. and C. No grade in C. offered at 33½c, and 32c bid. Sacked lots on orders 44@46c.

Oats—Several traders who have been identified with the long side were conspicuous sellers early in the day, which led to the belief that either they were trying to unload or else raiding the market to shake out traders. September opened at 29⅞c and sold off to 29½@⅝c, but afterwards rallied to and closed at 29¾c. July sold at 32c and May at 33¼c to 33½c. SPOT GRADES—The only bid anywhere near worthy of attention was 33c for No. 2 in St. L. and E. side and there were no offerings. SAMPLES—Offerings were liberal and the market was quiet for all grades. Buyers were indifferent, and at the close a good many cars were held over, though prices were unchanged. Sales: 4 cars No. 3 at 34c, 2 do at 33½c, 1 No. 2 at 35½c No. 3 color at 34½c, 4 No. 3 white at 35c, 1 do East side at 36c, 2 No. 2 Northern mixed at 36c. 1 No. 2 rust proof at 36c. No. 2 white was held at 37c but no sales; 124 sacks mixed on Levee at 37½c.

Rye—Bids on call were 50c for No. 2 regular and for No. 3 were 45c for regular, 45½c for E. side and 46c for St. L., but no offerings. A car No. 2 sold at 46c.

Flour—There was a first rate demand for low grades, which mixers bought freely, really taking all the offerings. The high grades were easier and slow sales, as few orders were here. Sales: 71 sks (unsound) at $2, 139 do at $2.30, 1 car in bbls and 1 car in sks at $2.50, 19 bbls at $2.80, 27 bbls and 87 bbls delivered at $3, 74 sks at $3.75, 150 bbls at $3.92½, 1 car sacked at $4.07½, 300 bbls at $4.25, 1 car in bbls and 956 bbls and 900 sks on p. t. Quotations range: XXX, $2.40@2.50; family, $2.60@2.75; choice, $2.80@3; fancy, $3.60@3.75; extra fancy, $4.20@4.30; patents, $4.60@4.75. Prices for lots on levee and on this side.

Cornmeal—Strong and in demand at $2.20@2.30, and pearl meal, grits and hominy at $2.65@2.75.

Rye Flour—Slow sale at $2.90@3.

Pork—Standard mess pork in a small way on orders f. o. b, at $11.00; irregular (summer packed) at $10.75; orders at $12.50.

Lard—Prime steam nominal at 5½c; fancy leaf on orders, 6¼c; kettle rendered, 6⅞c on orders.

Dry Salt Meats—Loose of shipping age in a small way f o b, on cash orders—Shoulders at 5.10c; longs and c'ribs, 5.10c; shorts at 5.25c; boxed shoulders, 5⅜@5½c; longs at 5.10@5.20c; c'ribs at 5.15@5.25c; shorts at 5.25@5⅜c. On orders—Boxed shoulders, 5⅝c; longs, 5⅝c; c'ribs, 5¾c; shorts, 5⅞c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders sold at 5⅝c, longs at 5.80c, c'ribs at 5.85c, shorts at 5.95c. On orders—Shoulders, 5⅞c; longs, 6⅛c; c'ribs, 6⅛c; shorts, 6¼c.

Hams—Range from 10@11½c, as in size or brand.

Country Bacon—Mostly skippery. Free from skippers, 5c, and skippery, 3@3½c.

Country Lard—Very dull at 4@4½c.

Breakfast Bacon—Sells at 8@9c per lb. Beef—Family, $8 50@10 per bbl; $5@6 per ½ bbl; on orders higher. Dried, 9@10c, and selected, 11c per lb. Smoked beef tongues, $4@5 per doz.

Highwines—Steady at $1.10 in St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati; $1.11 in Peoria.

Hay and Millfeed.

Bran—Firm and in demand. Sales—Bulk—2 cars at country points at 47½c. Sacked—2 cars this side at 63c, 3 at country points at 66c, 3 f. o. b. E. side at 66½c, 20 do at 67c.

Hay—Receipts of timothy were only fair, though the accumulation on track was more than enough to supply the demand. Receipts of prairie improving but prices remaining very firm, feeders taking all offerings at fancy prices for choice and fancy grades. Sales—4 cars Prairie at $10.50, 6 do at $11, 1 mixed timothy at $8, 1 prime at $10, 1 do at $10.50, 1 strictly prime at $11.50, 1 do at $12, 5 choice at $13, 1 do at $15, 4 fancy at $15.

Straw—Sales: 1 car wheat straw on track at $6 per ton.

Provisions.

Large purchases of fully-cured dry salt were made to-day, about 750,000 lbs 50-lb c'ribs selling, 10 cars of which was at 5c c. and f. here. There were sellers of spot at 5c, and of September at 5⅛c c and f here. Outside of this large sale the market was quiet and but a moderate order trade. Bacon was firm, but there was hardly as good an inquiry as there has been. Green meats were dull, owing to the time it will be fully cured and ready to smoke. This will be by September and October, and whether the weather is cool or hot then will have the influence upon them. There were sellers of sweet pickled meats at 5¾c for 13-lb bellies, 6¼c for 8@10-lb Californias and 9¼c for 12-lb hams.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Offering large and far in excess of the demand, the advance in silver having stimulated mining, and thus enlarged the supply of lead. Both chemical and refined freely offered at $4.35, but no buyers at that, and 300 tons sold at a fraction below $4.35.

Spelter—Quiet and easy at $5.20.

Afternoon Curb.

December wheat, 92c b. September corn, 36⅞c b. Chicago—September wheat, 89½@⅝c; September corn, 38⅛c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Fruits.

Pears—Receipts improving and the demand very good for choice fruit. Sales at 75c@$1.25 per ⅓-bu box and $5@7 per bbl; Le Conte, $1@1.25 per ⅓-bu box.

Cantaloupes—Steady, with a fair demand for consignments. Sales at 75c; home grown sold at $1 per crate.

Plums—Arrivals continue small. Prices range: Common sold at 45@55c per ⅓-bu box; Chickasaw at $2@2.50 and homegrown wild goose at $2.50@3 per bu.

California Fruit—Arrivals more liberal and prices a trifle lower. We quote: Pears at $3.50@4, peaches, $1.75@2.50; plums—Royal native, $2; peach plums, $3; German prunes, $2.50@3; apricots, $2@2.25 per crate.

Currants—Arrivals scarce and in many cases over ripe. Sales at $1.75@2.50 per 6-gallon case, according to condition.

Blueberries—Receipts very liberal and market lower. We quote at 70@80c per 2-gallon case.

Blackberries—Receipts small, with a better demand. Sales of home grown at 30@40c per gal. Consignments much lower.

Apples—Receipts very light and demand good. Prices range at 25@50c per ⅓-bu box, and bbls at $2.50@3.10; maidensblush at $3@3.50 per bbl. Receipts not equal to the demand at present, especially of choice stock.

Peaches—Receipts very small, and not equal to the demand at prices quoted. The majority of the offerings from Arkansas were sold at 75c@$1.50 per ⅓ bu box. A few home-grown at $3 per bu.

Grapes—Small receipts, mainly from Arkansas; 9-lb baskets sold at 75c per basket and ⅓-bu box at 75c@$1, according to quality and condition.

Oranges—Only a light stock of Rodi on hand. Sales at $6.50@7 per box.

Lemons—Firm and in good demand. Sales: Choice unpacked, $7; fancy Rodi, $8.50 per box.

Huckleberries—We quote at $2.25@2.50 per 6 gallon case.

Coconnuts—$4 per 100, $35 per 1,000.

Bananas—Choice bunches on orders at $1.75@2.25 per bunch.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts, 2,795 bu. Arrivals were fair, but the stock was poor and small which caused a decline. Prices range: 75@85c per bu by loose wagon-loads, on the levee 60@70c and on orders 90c@$1 per bu.

Onions—Arrivals continues small, but the demand was only moderate and prices lower. We quote $1.15@1.20 for yellow and $1.20@1.25 for red per bu, on orders, $3.50@3.75 per bbl.

Cabbage—Arrivals larger and the demand falling off, owing to better receipts. Prices range on orders at $3.50 per crate.

Tomatoes—Receipts decreasing; much lighter, especially of home-grown, which sold at $1@1.25 per bu. Consignments almost neglected, but selling at 25@30c per box; Tennessee and Mississippi, peck boxes, at 15c.

String Beans—Home grown at $2.25@2.50 per bu. Consignment—$1.25@1.50 and wax at $1.75@2 per bu.

Gumbo—In good supply and dull. We quote: Arkansas, 25@35c for ⅓ bu box; Louisiana at 65@75c per ⅓ bu box.

Cucumbers—Consignments dull at 10@20c per doz. Home grown on orders at 50c per doz.

Sweet Potatoes—Southern Queen at $3.50; Bermuda at $4 per bbl.

Eggplant—Dull; Southern at 25@50c per doz.

Beets—Home grown sell on orders at 25c per doz.

Carrots—Home grown on orders at 25c per doz. bunches.

Celery—Selling slowly at 10@20c per bunch.

Watermelons—Receipts were fair and running pretty well in quality. The demand was for choice and large car lots. Sales—1 car at $75, 1 do at $115, 1 do at $130, 1 do at $135 per car. Prices range from $120@135 for choice and large per car.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—Spring chickens dull, with fair offerings, mainly of small and thin stock. Hens scarce, though prices unchanged. We quote: Hens, 8c; roosters, 4c; spring chickens, 10@11c (according to size); young ducks, 7c; young geese, 8c per lb.

Veals—Receipts light and market steady. We quote choice and fat at 4c; medium at 3@3½c; heretics and poor at 1½@2c ⅌ lb.

Lambs—Sales were made at 4@5c ⅌ lb.

Game—Woodcock scarce and wanted at $5 and wood duck at $2.25 ⅌ doz; frogs' legs, 50@60c; old pigeons, $1.50; squabs, $1.50 ⅌ doz.

Butter and Eggs.

Butter—Receipts—65,190 lbs. The market remains quiet, but steady for the choice fancy grades owing to the light offerings. The local demand was good; other grades dull and nominal.

CREAMERY.	
Elgin	17 @18
Fancy separator and set milk	14 @15
Choice separator and set milk	13 @14
Fancy gathered cream	12 @13
Choice gathered cream	11 @12
Faulty creamery, such as streaked, slushy and off flavor	6 @ 8
DAIRY.	
Fancy selected	12 @13
Good to choice	10 @11
Streaked and off flavor	5 @ 7
Ladles	5 @ 6
Prime near-by country packed	4 @ 5
Poor and grease	3 @ 3½

Cheese—Steady and firm. We quote: Wisconsin full cream twins, 8¼c; singles, 8½c; Young America, 8¾c; skims, 5@6c; Swiss, 12@14c; limburger, 8@9c.

Eggs—Receipts, 636 cases. The market remains unchanged, though for sound and fresh stock there was a better feeling, but arrivals of this kind were very small. We quote sales at 8½c, loss off.

Wool.

Receipts, 361,160 lbs. Unchanged. Fair offerings, though mainly of inferior Texas, Kansas and Territory. Sales reported, in original sacks: Unwashed—Missouri, Illinois, etc., small lots, burry at 15@18c. 5 sks, slightly burry at 20½c, 18 coarse and burry at 20¾c. Southern—3 burry at 18c, 6 medium and coarse mixed at 21c. Tub 5@35c.

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Bright medium.	Braid, coarse.	Low, sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	23 @23½	19@22	16@ 18
Kansas and Nebraska	19 @20	14@17	11@ 12
Texas and Ind. Ty (8 to 12 mo.	22 @23	18@21	15@ 17
(4 to 6 mo.	19 @20	14@17	11@ 13
Colo., Utah, New Mex, etc	20 @21	16@19	13@ 15
Mont., Wyo., etc	21 @22	18@20	15@ 17

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	FINE. Light.	Heavy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	20 @21	16@ 19
Kansas and Nebraska	17 @19	13@ 16
Texas and Indian Territory (8 to 12 mo.	20 @21	15@ 18
(4 to 6 mo.	16 @18	11@ 14
Colo., Utah, New Mexico, etc.	18 @20	13@ 16
Montana, Wyoming, etc	19 @21	15@ 18

Tub—Choice, 35c; inferior, 30@33c. Black, 3@5c off. Sacks—Texas, 3 lbs tare, 10c; regular long sks, 3½ lbs tare, 15c. Burry, cotted, etc.—Slightly, 3@4c off; moderately, 5@6c off. Hard burry, etc., 12@12½c for Southern to 15c for Missouri and similar.

Hides, Feathers, Etc.

Hides—Active and slightly higher, owing principally to local causes. Actual selling prices are as follows: Green salted—No. 1, 7½c; No. 2, 6½c; bull at 5½c; pepper boxes or badly grubby at 3c. Dry flint—No. 1, 11½c; No. 2, skins weighing less than 10 lbs, bulls and stags, all at 8½c; dry salted at 8½c for No. 1 and 6½c for No. 2; glue at 2c for green and 4c for dry. Dry flint selling round at 8@8½c for Southern, 7@8c for extreme Southern; 9¼@9¾c for heavy Western, and dry salted at 7@7½c; green salted at 6½@7c, latter for Missouri, etc.

Tallow—Firm. Prime and strictly prime in oil bbls, 4½c; and cake, 4¼c, in irregular pkgs ¼c less. No. 2 at 3½@3¾c.

Deer Skins—Nominal. Light sales at following quotations: Native skins, 23@24c for prime; mountain and Southern Texas, 20@21c; green, salted, damaged, meaty, etc., half price; antelope at 15c; goat, 10@25c.

Sheep Skins—Steady. Green—Large, full-wooled, $1@1.10; medium size and fairly wooled, 60@75c; lambs, 35@55c. Dry, 10@15c less. Shearlings—Green, 15@35c; dry, 5@20c; Texas pelts, 9@12½c ⅌ lb.

Feathers—Active. Prime live geese at 42@43c; top rate for small sacks; prime gray, quilly, unripe, 35c; renovated—X, 36@37c; XX, 27@30c; XXX, 18@22c; mixed, old etc., 15@35c; chicken—dry, picked, at 4c; duck at 20c for dark to 30c for white; turkey—body, 3½c; wing and tail, 5c; fare, 3@10 per cent.

Beeswax—Steady at 27c; burnt, half price.

Grass Seed, Flaxseed, Castor Beans, Etc.

Grass Seed—No spot seed offerings, except from store. New timothy in demand for August delivery at $1.45@1.50 and none offering at present. Nominal spot quotations: Clover at $2 for low grades; $3.25@3.40 prime to choice; timothy, $1 45@1.50 for prime; redtop, 35@40c.

Hemp Seed—Quotable at 3c for foreign and 4½c for domestic.

Castor Beans—Nominal at $1.25 per bu.

Flaxseed—Receipts, 21,375 bu. Buyers again lowered their bids and would not offer over $1.25 for spot and $1.26 for August and September, 3 cars spot selling at $1.25. Early 5 cars July sold at $1.26, but that rate could not be realized later.

Miscellaneous Markets.

White Beans—Common, 50@75c; fair, $1.15; choice navy, $1.50@1.75.

Peas—Green, $1; Scotch, $1.10.

Roots—Ginseng at $2.50@2.55—large worth more; seneca at 27@28c—toppy less; snake, 20c; blood, 2c; mayapple, 2½c; golden seal, 20c; angelica, 4½c; pink, 15c; black, 5c; wahoo root bark, 10c, and bark of trees, 7c; blue flag, 5c; bitter sweet bark, 6c.

Moss—Rough—Gray, 2c; brown, 2½@3c; brown mixed with black, 2¾@3¼c; black, 3@3½c.

Honey—Comb at 9@10c for inferior to 13@14c for choice; strained and extracted, in can, 8@9c; s., in bbls, 5@6c.

Scrap Iron, Etc.—Wrought, 75c; heavy cast, 50c; plow, 45c; stove plate, 35c; malleable and burnt, 30c. Brass—Heavy, 8c; light, 6c; copper, 11½c; lead, 3½c; zinc, 2½@2¾c; pewter, 6c.

Bones—Green, $12@14; junk and mixed, $15@17; bleached, $18; buffalo, $20 per ton.

Rags, Etc.—Country mixed rags, $1; Southern rags, 90c; paper, 55c; old rubber, $2.50; old rope, $1.25@2.25.

Baling Stuffs—Bagging strong and in demand. Prices range: 1½-lb bagging at 6c, 1¾-lb at 6½c, 2-lb at 7¼c, 2¼-lb at 8c; hemp twine, in job lots, 2c; iron cotton ties scarce and wanted at $1.30@1.43.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops—Slack-work flour bbls, country shaved, $3.50@4.50; cooper shaved in demand at $5.50@6; half bbls, $2@3; patent, $6.50@7; light stuff—pork bbls, oak, $8; hickory, $9; lard tcs.—oak, $10; hickory, $12. Staves—Flour bbl, No. 1, $5.75@6; culls, $3@3.50; beer kegs, $16@20; sawed and listed pork bbls, $18@19; lard tierces, $23@24. Flour bbl heading, 4¼@4½c per set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, hickory hoops, 28@29c; patent hoops, 25@25½c; half bbls, 21@21½c; produce bbls, 21c; meat bbls, 24c; pork bbls, 90c best bid; half bbls, 70c; lard tierces at $1.15 del.; half tierces, 65c; kegs, 25c.

Sacks—Burlaps, 2 bu 6¼c; 2½ bu 6⅛c; 3 bu 7½c; 4 bu 8½c; 5 bu 9¼c; cottom seamless, 15@22c; flour, 98lb, 7¼@9c; 20lb, 14@23c; wool, 26@33c per sack.

Maple Sugar—Quotable at 8½@9c per lb.

Empty Barrels—Black, 40c; lard oil, 60c; linseed oil, 60c; whisky, 70c; wood do at 40c per bbl; coal oil, 90c.

Country Brooms—Quotable at $1.25@1.50 per doz.

Commercial Notes.

Weather in England more settled.

Speculation is perfectly staguant. Is it the calm before the storm?

From San Francisco last week three cargoes of wheat were exported.

It looked this morning like an attempt to scare in some lines of long oats the way certain traders attacked the market. The raid did not bring the oats out.

Antwerp cables reported continental crops sustaining damage by continued rains.

Exports last week from seven Atlantic ports were 2,176 bbls. pork, 8,445,471 lbs. bacon and hams, 8,191,961 lbs. lard, 425,987 bu wheat, 1,478,122 bu corn, 114,597 bbls. flour.

Sergt. Barwick has sent the following telegram from Sacramento to the chief signal officer at Washington: "The grain harvest is about over; yield and acreage much below the average, but the quality is good. An abundant fruit crop, except peaches, is reported from nearly all portions of the fruit belt."

The India crop of wheat is only 6,000,000 bu below last years' total, though it is 29,200,000 bu smaller than in 1887-88. It must be remembered, however, that the official estimates are based very largely on "guess-work." The totals as last officially presented are 237,000,000 bu for 1890, 243,000,000 bu for 1889, and 267,000,000 bu for 1888.

Antwerp mail advices of the 12th say: "The rains have caused a delay in harvesting, but no damage to crops, which still look well."

The following came from Crookston, Minn.: "From Vincent to Stephen prospect of very heavy crop; south to Warren much lighter; west half of Polk County good, but light and all well headed out. Light rust on leaves here, but no damage."

A private London cable says: "Harvest late. Reports damage to crops by severe storms and crop expected to be less than last year. French crop usually poor and rust in some sections."

From a thoroughly reliable source we have returns of threshing from Southern Indiana that three large fields threshed and fanned yesterday yielded 4, 6 and 8 bu per acre and weighed 46, 52 and 56 lbs. These fields were counted to go 15 per acre.

The Mark Lane Express in its weekly review of the grain trade says: "The brilliant weather of Tuesday and Wednesday revived the hopes of the farmers, but tremendous down-pours since have seriously injured their prospects. The expectations on the acreage of 1889 have lessened 1,000,000 quarters as regards wheat, although oats and barley are uncertain. English wheat in London advanced 2s 9d on the fortnight, with a smaller increase northward. Most markets advanced 6d@1s. The sales of English wheat for the week amounted to 38,172 qrs at 33s 10d, against 38,349 qrs at 29s 4d for the corresponding period last year. The trade in foreign wheat was disappointing, although the tone on Friday was somewhat encouraging. The stocks are liberal, but the markets show no animation. The spring corn trade is in favor of sellers; the immense quantity of maize afloat prevents an advance. Barley was slightly dearer. Oats in most places made a slight advance. Beans favored sellers outside of London."

There was too much difference in the late cables reported from Europe. One said wheat was ½d higher and weather unsettled; another showed no change in price; still another read: "Closing market easier and weather fine."

New York reported 14 loads of wheat taken for export.

Everything was a bull, from speculators to all the news and influences, except the market.

Chicago Market Letters.

Special to John P. Grier.

CHICAGO, July 22.—We have nothing to add to our previous advices. English wheat is selling at 40s per quarter or say $1.20 per bu, which with the prospect of a late and poor harvest means over a dollar for our winter wheat at the seaboard. The next advance will be a permanent one. With present conditions home and foreign wheat at present price is low, and we recommend buying it. Corn inactive. Our local men don't believe in damage. The damage may not be so serious as we are advised, but if half of it is true corn at 40c for September is a good investment.

The provision market ruled steady but firm, the volume of trade being light. The demand for cash meats is improving and we consider ribs and lard a good purchase.

F. G. LOGAN & CO.

Special to J. C. Ewald.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Wheat—A decrease of more than 2,000,000 bu in the amount afloat, most cables quoting decidedly higher prices and reporting English weather unsettled and poorer crop conditions, 14 loads said to be taken for export, with a good inquiry among exporters at the seaboard, all were certainly bullish enough, but yet failed in the absence of outside business to impart any particular stimulus to values. Northwestern crop reports were plentiful and conflicting, but whether good or bad they have now lost their effect owing to a surfeit of that kind of news for some time past. Foreigners sold wheat to-day in a quiet way, as they have done for a week back, actions somewhat contradictory to the private advices of better markets and discouraging crop outlook on the other side. With the sentiment bullish, with no short interest, with all futures commanding fair premiums and with the daily advices worn threadbare, being simply a rehash of what we had over and over again, the situation locally looks to us a little strained and a fair decline in prices necessary to purify the speculative atmosphere. When the decline comes we shall be bulls again.

Corn and oats dull. The trading was narrow and governed purely by local influences. We look for some lower prices in both corn and oats before we get much higher ones, though, and are by no means bearish, but advise taking the bull side on any fair break.

Provisions dull and without special feature. Lard and ribs a shade higher, owing to a higher hog market.

W. G. MCCORMICK & CO.

Cotton.

Liverpool spots were up 1-16c and firm with a good demand, and the near options were higher and firm, but the more distant quiet and rather easy. New York spots were quiet and steady, but futures declined. Local market entirely nominal.

Manchester cloths steady and little doing and yarns firm but quiet.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, nominal; ordinary, nominal; good ordinary, 10⅛c; low middling, 11⅛c; middling, 11½c; good middling, 11⅞c; middling fair, 12¼c; fair, nominal. Stained ⅛@⅜c less than white.

ST. LOUIS MOVEMENT.

	This season.	Last season.
Gross receipts to-day	5	9
Gross receipts since September	535,459	578,334
Net receipts to-day	5	9
Net receipts since September 1	231,058	270,502
Shipments to-day	77	51
Shipments since September 1	534,036	581,106
Stock on hand	1,935	1,243

NEW ORLEANS—Receipts, 63 bales. Spot—Firm at 11⅝c. Futures quiet at 12:10 p. m.: July, 11.84c; August, 11.73c; September, 10.54c; October, 10.20c; November, 10.11c; December, 10.11c.

NEW YORK—Receipts, — bales. Spot—Middling quiet and steady at 12 7-16c.

	Closed Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	2:15 p.m. To-day.
July	12.43	12.41	12.36	12.38
August	12.13	12.14	12.10	12.10
September	11.07	11.09	10.03	11.03
October	10.77	10.77	10.70	10.70
November	10.63	10.63	10.57	10.57
December	10.63	10.62	10.57	10.57
January	10.68	10.67	10.61	10.61
February	10.73	10.71	10.66	10.66
March	10.75	10.74	10.69	10.69
				Quiet.

Sales to-day, 31,800 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Spot, 6⅝d; sales, 8,000 bales; receipts, 3,000 bales, of which 2,200 American.

	Closed Yesterday.	Closed To-day.
July	6.37	6.40
July and August	6.37	6.40
August and September	6.36	6.37
August	6.37	6.40
September	6.36	6.37
September and October	6.04	6.04
October and November	5.59	5.58
November and December	5.57	5.56
December and January	5.57	5.56
January and February	5.56	5.56
February and March	5.57	5.57
March and April	5.59	5.59
		Firm.

The Coffee Market.

As reported by the Hanley & Kinsella Coffee & Spice Co.:

	First call.	Second call.	Third call.
July	17.25 b	17.25	none
August	17.10 b	17.10	none
September	16.60	16.60	none
October	16.00 b	16.00	none
November	15 55 b	15.60	none
December	15.55 b	15.60	none

RIO, July 22.—Prices and exchange unchanged. Receipts of 21st 6,000. Clearances for United States, 5,000. Clearances for Europe, 3,000. Stock, 192,000. Market firm. Santos receipts, 4,000.

July 22—New York.—Our market ruled very dull and steady to-day, closing July unchanged. Havre is ¾ to 1 franc higher. Hamburg is ¼ higher. Nothing new from Rio. Hear of a firm offer, 500-7 Santos at 17⅞; c. and f.; trade continues very dull; we hear of no invoice sales.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Wheat—Receipts, 259,500 bu; sales, 1,000,000 bu; No. 2 red quiet ⅛c lower, some foreign buying; August, 94¼@½c; September, 94⅛@½c; December, 95 15-16@96¼c; May, 99⅝@⅞c. Barley out of stock. Corn—Receipts, 328,250 bu; sales, 360,000 bu; No. 2 red quiet, ⅛c lower, easy; No. 2 44¼@45⅜c; steamer mixed, 44¼@½c. Oats—Receipts, 21,000 bu; sales, 35,000 bu; No. 2 dull, weak; Western, 38@47c. Beef, unchanged, dull; plate, $7.25@7.75; extra mess, $7@7.25. Pork fairly active, steady; mess, $12.75@13.50. Lard moderate demand; easy; steam rendered, 6.02½c. Butter—Receipts, 24,139 pkgs; freely offered, quiet; Western dairy, 6@11c; Western do, 10@17c; Elgin, 17@17½c; imitation creamery, 6@13c. Cheese—Receipts, 13,270 pkgs; about steady, quiet; State, 6@7⅞c; fancy white, 7½@7⅝c; do colored, 7¾@7⅞c; Western, 5@6½c; skims, 1½@5½c. Eggs—Receipts, 8,868 pkgs; fresh laid firm; others quiet and easy; prime to fancy, 17@18c. Sugar—Raw quiet and firm; fair refining, 4 13-16c; centrifugals, 96 test, 5 7-16c; refined dull; powdered, 6 9-16c; granulated, 6⅛c; crushed, 6¾c. Spirits turpentine quiet 42½@42c. Molasses dull, steady; common to fancy, 28@45c. Tallow strong, quiet; city hhds ($2 for pkgs), 4½c. Coffee—Rio options varied only 5 points, that much lower and higher as to deliveries. Havre was easy at ½ franc decline and Hamburg was unchanged to ½ pfennig decline. Trading was very dull. Receipts at Rio were 6,000 bags and at Santos 4,000 bags. Rio Exchange 23⅛d. Rio on spot was quiet and steady. No. 7 flat bean 18⅜.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 22. 11:30 a. m.—Wheat—August, 88c; September, 89⅜c; December, 91⅝c. Corn—August, 37¾c; September, 38¼c. Oats—August, 29⅝c; September, 29c. Pork—August, $10.25; September, $10.15. Lard—August, 5.77½c; September, 5.90c. Short ribs—August, 5@5.02½c; September, 5.12½c.

1:15 p. m.—Wheat, cash, 87⅝@88c; August, 88@88½c; September, 89@⅛c. Corn steady; cash, 37¾c; August, 37¾c; September, 38⅜c asked. Oats dull; cash, ber, 29⅛@¼c. Pork dull; cash, $11.25; August, $10.10; September, $10.05. Lard steady; cash, 5.72½c, August, 5.75c; September, 5.90@5.92½c. Short ribs firm; cash, 5.00c; large sales. Sixty cars August, 5.02½c; September, 5.12½c. Rye steady, 49c. Barley—No. 2 cash, 60c. Timothy steady at $1.37@1.40. Flax steady, $1.40. Whisky, $1.10. Butter and eggs steady.

CINCINNATI, O., July 22.—Flour more active. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red, 85c. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed, 41@41½c. Oats firm; No. 1 mixed, 38@39c. Rye dull; No. 2 50c. Pork steady at a decline, $11.87½@12. Lard steady. Bulk meats steady. Bacon firm. Whisky steady; sales 915 bbls finished goods on basis $1 10.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 22.—Wheat quiet; No. 2 spring on track, cash, 86@86½c; August, 85⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 90c. Corn dull; No. 3 on track, 38c. Oats easier; No. 2 white on track, 36½@37c. Rye steady. No. 1 in store, 49c. Barley steady; No. 2 in store, 55c.

TOLEDO, O., July 22.—Wheat firm, quiet; cash and July, 88¾c; August, 88⅞c; December, 82⅞c. Corn steady; cash, July and August, 40c; September, 39½c. Oats firm; cash, 37c; August 30¼c; September, 30c. Cloverseed firm; cash, $3.60 bid; October, $4.00 asked.

DETROIT, Mich., July 22.—Wheat—No. 1 old cash, 92½c; new, 88c; No. 2 red cash, 89c bid; August, 89¼c; September, 89⅞c. Corn—No. 2 cash, 44c, August, 39½c. Oats—No. 2 cash, 38c; No. 2 white, 43c. Receipts—Flour, 740 bbls; wheat, 20,700 bu.; corn, 2,995 bu.; oats, 10,700 bu.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 22.—Wheat—No. 1 hard quiet at 97¼c; No. 1 Northern, 96⅝c; No. 2 red, 89@½c. Corn—No. 2, 42½c. Receipts—Wheat, 150,000 bu; corn, 300,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 100,000 bu; corn, 210,000 bu.

Oil and Petroleum.

CLEVELAND, July 22.—Petroleum quiet; S. W. 110, 7⅜c; 74 gasoline 9; 86 gasoline 12, 63 naphtha 7.

PITTSBURG, July 22.—Petroleum is dull. The market opened at 89¾ asked and at noon 89½ was bid.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 22.—Turpentine firm, 39c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, July 22, 3:45 p. m.—Close—Pork is in poor demand; prime mess Eastern, 52s 6d, steady; do Western, 45s, steady. Lard is in poor demand; spot and July, 30s, easy; August and September, 30s 2d, easy. Wheat is in good demand; new No. 2 winter, 7s 1½d, firm; do spring, 7s 2½d, firm. Flour is in fair demand; 10s, firm. Corn—Demand poor for spot and good for futures; spot and July, 3s 9d, steady; August, 3s 9½d, steady; September, 3s 10½d, steady.

Marine.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Arrived: Steamers Ethiopia, Glasgow; Ems, Bremen.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Arrived: Neustria, from Mediterranean ports.

THE WEATHER.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

The following observations are taken at 6:58 a. m., local time, and 8:00 a. m.; 75th meridian time, at all stations:

SIGNAL OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, MO., July 22.

STATIONS.	Height of Barometer.	Thermometer.	Wind direction.	Rainfall in 24 h'rs, inches	State of Weather.
St. Louis, Mo.	30.12	68	E	..	Cloudy.
Boston	30.26	64	SE	...	Cloudy.
New York City	30.26	66	NW	...	Cloudless
Lynchburg, Va	30.22	66	E	...	Cloudless
Washington City	30.26	68	E	...	Cloudless
Charlotte, N. C.	30.22	64	E	.18	Cloudy.
Wilmington, N. C.	30.20	70	NE	...	Cloudless
Charleston, S. C.	30.12	72	NE	.66	Cloudless
Augusta, Ga.	30.16	74	NE	...	Cloudless
Jacksonville, Fla	30.04	78	E	...	Cloudy.
Atlanta, Ga.	30.14	64	E	T.	Cloudy.
Pensacola, Fla	29.94	72	E	2.52	Rain.
Montgomery, Ala	30.04	74	E	.08	Cloudy.
Vicksburg	29.92	76	NE	...	Cloudy.
New Orleans	29.99	80	E	.16	Pt. Cldy.
Shreveport	29.94	74	N	...	Pt. Cldy.
Fort Smith, Ark.	29.98	72	E	...	Cloudy.
Little Rock	30.00	72	NE	..	Cloudless
Palestine, Tex.					
Galveston	29.98	74	N	.28	Cloudy.
San Antonio	29.96	78	0	...	Cloudy.
Brownsville, Tex	29.92	78	S	...	Ptly Cldy
Memphis	30.00	76	NE	...	Cloudless
Nashville	30.06	70	NE	...	Cloudy.
Chattanooga	30.14	68	S	.34	Cloudy.
Louisville	30.12	66	NE	...	Cloudless
Indianapolis	30.14	68	E	...	Cloudless
Cincinnati	30.14	62	E	...	Cloudless
Parkersburg, W. Va.	30.14	66	SE	...	Cloudless
Pittsburg	30.16	68	SE	...	Cloudless
Oswego	30.22	62	SE	...	Cloudless
Buffalo	30.14	64	S	...	Cloudless
Cleveland, O.	30.18	62	SE	...	Cloudless
Toledo, O.	30.22	62	NW	...	Cloudless
Port Huron, Mich.	30.20	62	S	...	Cloudy.
Chicago	30.12	68	S	...	Cloudless
Milwaukee	30.12	66	SW	...	Cloudless
Grand Haven, Mich.	30.12	64	S	...	Cloudless
Manistee, Mich.	30.10	68	S	...	Cloudless
Sault Ste. Marie	30.02	58	SE	.44	Cloudy.
Marquette, Mich.	29.98	70	SW	.10	Pt. Cldy.
Duluth, Minn	30.00	66	NW	...	Cloudy.
P. A. L'ding, N. W. T	29.86	66	W	.32	Cloudless
St. Paul	30.02	66	SE	.02	Cloudy.
La Crosse	30.10	68	S	...	Cloudy.
Dubuque	30.12	70	SE	...	Cloudy.
Davenport	30.10	66	E	...	Cloudy.
Des Moines	30.04	66	NW	...	Cloudy.
Keokuk	30.10	68	E	T.	Cloudy.
Springfield, Ill.	30.10	62	SE	.04	Cloudy.
Cairo, Ill	30.06	68	NE	...	Ptly Cldy
Springfield, Mo.	30.02	70	SE	...	Pt. Cldy.
Kansas City	30.00	70	SE	...	Pt. Cldy.
Wichita, Kan.	29.92	74	SE	.64	Cloudy.
Concordia, Kan	29.98	72	E	.02	Cloudy.
Omaha	30.02	70			
Valentine, Neb.	30.04	68	W	...	Cloudless
Fort Sully, S. D.	30.00	66	E	...	Cloudy.
Huron, S. D	30.00	68	W	.04	Cloudy.
Moorhead	29.96	66	S	.14	Cloudy.
St. Vincent	29.92	68	SW	...	Pt. Cldy.
Bismarck	29.96	70	N	...	Cloudless
Fort Buford	30.04	6[illegible]	NW	.28	Cloudless
Q'Appelle, N. W. T.	30.02	64	NW	.06	Pt. Cldy.
Minnedosa, N. W. T.	29.92	64	0	...	Pt. Cldy.
Calgarry, N. W. T.	30.12	50	NW	...	Cloudless
Fort Assinaboine	30.16	62	N	...	Cloudless
Helena, Mont	30.18	62	NW	...	Cloudless
Fort Custer, Mont.	30.12	64	SW	...	Cloudless
Rapid City, Dak.	30.02	74	W	...	Pt. Cldy.
Fort Washakie, Wyo.					
Salt Lake City	30.10	68	0	...	Cloudless
Cheyenne	30.14	60	NW	1.36	Cloudless
North Platte	30.10	68	W	.06	Cloudy.
Denver	30.12	64	NW	.08	Cloudless
Montrose, Colo	30.02	66	S	...	Cloudless
Pueblo, Colo.	30.04	66	NW	...	Cloudless
Dodge City, Kan.	29.92	76	N	...	Cloudless
Fort Elliott, Tex.	29.9[illegible]	72	NW	.01	Cloudy.
Fort Sill, I. T.	29.94	78	N	.02	Rain.
Santa Fe, N. M.	30.04	70	NE	...	Cloudless
El Paso, Tex.	29.90	74	0	...	Cloudy.
Abilene, Tex.	29.90	82	SW	...	Cloudy.
San Francisco	30.08	50	SW	...	Cloudy.
Portland, Ore	30.24	58	NW	...	Cloudless
San Diego, Cal.	29.96	64	0	...	Cloudless

NOTE.—T. indicates trace of precipitation.

W. H. HAMMON, Observer.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—There is a slight barometric depression in the Upper Lake Region. The barometer is highest on the Middle Atlantic Coast. Light rain has fallen in the Missouri Valley and in the Southern States. The temperature has risen slightly in the Lake Regions, New England, the Middle Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley.

Forecast till 8 a. m. Wednesday:

For Illinois, Iowa and Missouri—Showers; southeasterly winds; slight changes in temperature.

For Nebraska and Kansas—Fair; preceded in eastern portions by showers; northwesterly winds; cooler.

The rivers will remain about stationary.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, Ill., July 22.—Arrived: City of Savannah, Ohio, midnight; City of Providence, Natchez, 9 a. m.; Joe Walton, Ohio, 10 a. m. Departed—Providence, St. Louis, 1 a. m.; Savannah, St. Louis, 2 a. m.; Walton, St. Louis, 11 a. m. River 13 feet 2 inches, falling. Cloudy, mild.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 22.—River 6 feet 6 inches, stationary. Clear and pleasant.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 22.—River falling. No arrivals or departures. Cloudy and hot.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 22.—River falling, 5 feet 2 inches on the canal; 2 feet 10 inches on the falls. Clear and pleasant.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 22.—River 5 feet 10 inches, stand. Clear.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 22.—River 1 feet 9 inches and falling. Clear.

The Bridal Bulletin.

J. J. Creir	6632 S. Broadway
Maggie Montgomery	6632 S. Broadway
Franz Bestle	Marshall, Mich
Mary McLaughlin	Madison, Ind
J. W. A. Boehling	1210 Shenandoah st
Josepha Bodenmeyer	1012 Shenandoah st
E. C. Green	1308 Olive st
Ella Omer	Barroll, Io
Edward Ross	Danville, Mo
Lizzie Minor	Montgomery City, Mo.
Felix Aloisius	2611 Sheridan av
Eliza Bond	1412 Leffingwell av
Emil Stocker	2016 S. Broadway
Mary Herzog	1203 O'Fallon st
J. Dielschneider	1909 S. 7th st
Ida Boehmer	1515 S. 7th st
Geo. Hamm	1816 Gratiot st
Elizabeth Mueller	2727 Osage st
William Goeb	1705 Russell av
Mary Klein	1413 Dillon st
Walter B. Stetson	Boston, Mass
Elizabeth Freund	Red Bud, Ill
Joseph C. Reilly	1215 Franklin av
Cora M. Riggen	920 N. High st
James Gould	1901 S. 12th st
Isabell Bassett	1901 S. 12th st
George B. Miller	Sandy Springs, Mo
Zaidne Tennent	4140 Washington av

PURE 18-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

A SALOON-KEEPER GRUMBLES.

He Says the Police Are "Down On" Him and Are Not Giving Him a Show.

Matthew Hastings, a saloon-keeper on Minnesota avenue and Courtois street, is in hot water. The trouble is between himself and the police. Last Saturday night Hastings gave a "grand opening," at which there was a free lunch. A dance was also in progress in the yard adjoining that of the saloon. About four minutes to 12 o'clock an officer approached Hastings and told him to close up his establishment, that it was midnight. Hastings did so, but still the dancing continued. The officer left, and inside of an hour made his appearance again and informed Mr. Hastings that he must break up the dance. Hastings refused to do this, as the dance was being conducted next door to his saloon. The officer informed him that the crowd was too noisy and disturbed the peace and sleep of those in the neighborhood, and that if he refused to dismiss the crowd he, the officer, would raid the whole crowd. Hastings then dismissed the orchestra and informed the dancers to go home. Mr. Hastings claims that the crowd were respectable and consisted of the most prominent German people of this locality. Mr. Hastings claims that this instance is only one of the many abuses inflicted on him by the police.

The Striking Cloakmakers.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The position of the striking cloakmakers is virtually unchanged this morning. A gang of over one hundred operators and tailors gathered in front of Meyer Jonassen's house on Broadway about 8 o'clock, many of them being armed with clubs, but after making a few angry growls and threatening attitudes they were dispelled by two policemen. One of the Meyers brothers was arrested and fined $10 in the Tombs' Police Court.

The President Returns Home.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 22.—President Harrison, accompanied by his son, Russell B. Harrison, arrived here this morning at 1 o'clock from Cape May, and left for Washington in a special car attached to the 11:35 train on the Pennsylvania road.

DR. ENNO SANDER'S Effervescent Mineral Waters are made of the purest materials. For sale everywhere. Telephone 773.

REDMOND CLEARY COMMISSION CO.,
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED—Grain, Hay, Grass Seed, Flax Seed, Castor Beans, etc. We make specialty of sample sales on track and special bin. LIBERAL ADVANCES made on shipments. Orders promptly executed in this and other markets for future delivery. Correspondence solicited.

J. E. LEWIS, PRESIDENT. FRANK LAWRENCE, VICE-PRESIDENT J. W. SHARPE, SECY. AND TREAS.
LEWIS-SHARPE COMMISSION CO.,
ROOM 210, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ST. LOUIS, MO.
Consignments of All Kinds Solicited.
Grain, Hay, Flour, Grass Seed, Flax Seed, Castor Beans, Etc. We make a specialty of Track and Sample sales. Liberal advances made on consignments.

W. T. ANDERSON & CO.,
GRAIN COMMISSION.
LACLEDE BUILDING .... ST. LOUIS, MO.
Special Attention given to selling grain by sample. Liberal advances made on Consignments. Our facilities are unsurpassed for prompt execution of orders, in this and other markets, for future delivery.

FLOUR AND GRAIN COMMISSION.
SCHWARTZ BROS. COMMISSION CO.
GRAIN, FLOUR AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
1601, 1603 and 1605 N. Broadway.
Corner Mullanphy Street. St. Louis, Mo.

BERNET & CRAFT,
Flour Commission Merchants,
No. 8 South Main St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

J. M. DAVIDSON & CO.,
GRAIN COMMISSION,
208 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
ST. LOUIS.

F. D. WOODLOCK. EMIL W. GESSLER, formerly with D. R. Francis & Bro. Com. Co.
WOODLOCK & GESSLER,
GRAIN COMMISSION,
307 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

FRANK H. RYAN. JOHN F. RYAN.
F. H. RYAN & SON
GRAIN COMMISSION.
Rooms 4 and 5, No. 108 N. 4th St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

D. BLOCK. WM. B. DEAN.
BLOCK, DEAN & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 417 Chamber of Commerce,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

John Mullally Commission Co.,
405 and 406
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

ANNAN, BURG & SMITH,
GENERAL COMMISSION,
FLOUR AND GRAIN SPECIALTIES.
2 S. Commercial. - St. Louis, Mo.

A. N. EATON. J. R. CRANDALL. J. B. M'CLELLAN.
EATON, McCLELLAN & CO.
GENERAL COMMISSION.
Grain and Flour, Specialties.
No. 4 S. Commercial St. St. Louis, Mo.

GRIER COMMISSION CO.,
408 Chamber of Commerce,
St. Louis, Mo.

BILLINGSLY & NANSON
COMMISSION CO.
HAY, GRAIN and SEED
Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis, Mo.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
L. HAKE & SON,
Commission and Provision Merchants,
819 N. 3d St. & 816 N. 4th St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
GEO. A. BENTON & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
For the Sale of Country Produce of all kinds.
827 N. 3d st. and 824 N. 4th st., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1873.
H. W. KNEHANS & SONS,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Dealers in Butter, Eggs, Dried Fruit, Etc.
1022 N. THIRD ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.
Eggs a Specialty.

C. H. BOLGARD,
General Commission Merchant,
1026 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.
References—Franklin Bank, Meyer, Schmid & Robyn Grocer Co.

G. W. GODLOVE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WOOL
A SPECIALTY.
114 NORTH MAIN ST.

B. WINKELMAN,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND RECTIFIER,
and wholesale dealer in Wines, Liquors, Cheese and all kinds of Country Produce.
826 N. 3D ST. ST. LOUIS.

D. S. HELTZELL & CO.,
Commission Merchants.
Grain, Hay, Wool, Hides and Produce.
10 S. Main st., St. Louis.

W. J. TEMPLEMAN. P. E. BETZ
W. J. TEMPLEMAN & CO.
Fruits, Produce, Game and Poultry.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
950 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.
Reference, Continental National Bank.

ESTABLISHED 1865
HAUEISEN & LANG
Dealers in Fruits and Produce, and General Commission Merchants,
1016 N. 3d ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.
Orders promptly attended to.

Established 1859. Incorporated 1890.
Gaupel Grocery & Commission Co.
GENERAL GROCERS, LIQUOR DEALERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Pure Liquors for Family Use a Specialty.
Telephone No. 2151. 218 and 220 S. Main st.

MAKE YOUR CONSIGNMENTS TO
C. E. WETZEL,
General Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce Generally.
219-221 Market Street, ST. LOUIS.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
T. B. MORTON. JOHN M. GANNETT. A. L. MESSMORE.
MESSMORE, GANNETT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Grain, Hay and Seeds a Specialty.
Room 511, Chamber of Commerce.

JOHN A. HUNTER. E. O. HUNTER.
HUNTER BROS.,
—SHIPPING—
FLOUR, GRAIN AND FEED COMMISSION.
46 Republican Building, St. Louis.

JOHN THYSON,
SUCCESSOR TO THYSON & DAVIDSON,
GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANT,
325 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.

WOOL.
FUNSTEN & MOORE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
809 N. Main St. Write for Special Information.

ESTABLISHED 1873.
MICHENFELDER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
WOOL, HIDES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
No. 8 N. Main St., St. Louis, Mo.
Consignments and Correspondence Solicited.

T. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
224 N. COMMERCIAL ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.
Consignments of all kinds solicited.
Grain, Hay, Seeds, Wool, Hides, Furs, Etc.
Track stuff a specialty.

ESTABLISHED 1866
P. M. KIELY & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
914 North Third Street, St. Louis.

Edw. Beckmann Commission Co.,
Grain, Eggs, Poultry, Dried Fruit, Wool, Game, Hides, Etc.
No. 121 Market st., St. Louis, Mo.

REFERENCES: ANY OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE IN THE CITY. ESTABLISHED, 1871.
F. C. TAYLOR & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
GRAIN, WOOL, HIDES AND COUNTRY PRODUCE
208-210 N. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

GEO. G. FAIRHAM & BRO.,
General Commission Merchants
And Wholesale Dealers in
Fruits and Vegetables,
918 and 920 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.

H. C. SCHOPPE & SON,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
818 N. COMMERCIAL ST. - ST. LOUIS, MO.

CHAS. E. HOFMANN,
Butter, Cheese and General Commission,
No. 903 North Fourth Street,
ST. LOUIS.

PICKER & BEARDSLEY
General Commission Merchants,
214 North Main street and 215 North Commercial, St. Louis.

ESTABLISHED 1874.
J. L. STEDELIN & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FRUIT AND PRODUCE,
928 NORTH THIRD STREET.

A. Landauer. S. Landauer. H. Landauer.
A. LANDAUER & SONS,
General Commission Merchants,
924 N. 3d St., Formerly Broadway.

STEPHEN L. SMITH
COMMISSION CO.
225 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

DORMITZER & MEARA
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
TOBACCO, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
N. E. Cor. Main and Market sts., St. Louis, Mo.

Established 1873.
W. B. WESTCOTT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Hay, Grain, Flour, Seeds, Dried Fruit, Hides, Wool, Feathers, Furs, Poultry, Eggs, etc.
320 NORTH MAIN ST. .... St. Louis, Mo.
Consignments and Correspondence Solicited.

W. J. HAYNES & CO.,
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Specialties:
WOOL, HIDES AND FURS,
2 S. COMMERCIAL ST., ST. LOUIS.

HENRY BROEDER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
All Kinds of Country Produce. Eggs a Specialty.
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Russell-Massengale Commission Co.
AND
LUMBER COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
And dealers in all kinds of hardwood lumber, southwest corner Main and Olive sts., St. Louis.

Established 1873.
O. VOELKER & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Special attention given to filling orders for fruit, game, poultry and eggs.
No. 916 N. Third Street. ST. LOUIS.

F. W. STEPHENS & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
934 N. 3d St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Wanted --- Waiters!

Male or female. Apply at
DELICATESSEN,
118 N. 4th st.

Old Rock Bakery.
417-419 Lucas Av. - - E. W. Henge, Prop.
A light meal is just what you want now, and the Old Landmark is the place to get it in first-class quality and at the lowest price.

CITY NEWS.

ANOTHER grand field day was yesterday at D. Crawford's & Co.'s. A penny hained is a penny gained; the road to wealth is to buy your dry goods, etc., at Crawford's, who are now unloading the balance of their summer stock at fearful reductions.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

THE BOSS QUARRY-WOMAN.

How Rich Mrs. Gehres Manages Her Quarries and Employes.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 22.—Jammerthal, a suburb of Buffalo, is the only stone quarry region in this section and special attention has just been directed to it through the strike of the hundred or more quarrymen to have their pay increased from $1.75 to $2 a day. Five boss quarrymen have yielded, but the largest and richest quarry owners, Mrs. Mary Gehres, the Buffalo Building Stone Co. and Chris Hebeloer, refuse to pay the advance. Mrs. Gehres own forty acres of the richest stone quarry country in Western New York and is independently rich. She has made her wealth, according to what men who have worked for her say, through a system much like the Pennsylvania coal mines. She has a grocery store in her dwelling in the center of her preserves. She employs forty men when there is no strike on, and the married employes occupy the nine cottages in the neighborhood which the boss quarry woman built for that purpose. The other employes are expected to board in these houses. They have all found it convenient to do so, that is, those who have not lost their jobs. For groceries Mrs. Gehres charges as high prices as she thinks the men will stand and when they want beer or liquor she gives them checks to pay in at a saloon across the street from her grocery store. When she settles with her men, as a general thing they have very little money left. They are unemployed during a quarter of the year and in the winter months they are allowed to run behind on their grocery and bar bills. The claim is made and not denied, that Mrs. Gehres discharges employes who buy anything elsewhere without her consent. She recently discharged a driver for this offense and he obtained employment with a local contractor. He was sent to get a load of stone in one of the wealthy widow's quarries and she refused to let the contractor have any more stone unless he discharged the man. The people in that region are really in a pitiable state. The men do not earn enough to support themselves and families and they are continually in debt to their employer. They will probably win the strike for 25 cents advance a day for enough are at work to help the strikers out. Jammerthal, although within the city limits, is so isolated that few people ever hear of it except on some provocation as a strike or the accidental death of a quarryman.

VISITORS TO THE CITY

Should not fail to enjoy visiting the MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT (*the grandest in the world*), corner Broadway and Locust, and see the marvelous array of lovely diamonds, watches, cut glass, silverware and art goods and note *the low prices asked for them.*

Tourists and visitors are received and treated with especial courtesy.

NEGRO LABORERS.

Planters Having Trouble With Them—Arrested for Arson—Arkansas Atoms.

LITTLE ROCK, July 22.—There is trouble in Chicot County, on the Louisiana line, over the negro laborers. The planters there import negroes from North Carolina, but the negroes no sooner arrive than they violate their contracts and run into Arkansas. The planters have gone after them several times and more than one fractious negro has been shot. Recently at Menouge they organized and a band of twenty-five of them made a stand. There was a fight and several of the negroes were killed and wounded. The planters recently held a convention in which they discussed the project of paying to each other the debts of runaway negroes employed by them out of the negros' wages. Some one facetiously suggested that it would be a good plan to go into Arkansas and kill off the runaway negroes, and now the negroes of Chicot are much excited.

EUREKA SPRINGS, July 22.—Mrs. R. M. Thornton, wife of a prominent business man, has been arrested for Arson.

Lots of Horses Here.

There are now more race horses at the Fair Grounds than there ever have been at any regular meeting before this year. Washington Park having closed, owners have been forced to choose between St. Paul, the West Side and our matinees, and a great many have chosen that better part—the latter. Books, as usual, on all Eastern events.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The German residents of Beatrice, Neb., have joined to fight prohibition.

The steamship George W. Elda is ashore at Point Wilson, Wash. Charges of carelessness have been preferred.

John Wells, an old farmer near Owensboro, Ky., eloped with his 15-year-old grand niece. The officers are after them.

At DesMoines, Io., Arthur Webb's 3-year-old child died yesterday as the result of a beating administered by its step-mother and her children. The whole family is under arrest.

Henry Maynard, a Red Key, Ind., lad, fired a fire cracker in Horn & Carroll's grocery store yesterday afternoon. A spark ignited a keg of powder, and the store was destroyed. J. T. Carroll, Dan Welt, John Lake, James Blakely and John Taylor were injured, Welt fatally.

In a discussion in the Chamber of Deputies in Paris yesterday, it was said that an effort had been made to secure the co-operation of other European powers to obtain a moderation of the American customs bill, and that a strenuous effort would be instituted to get a moderate application of it if passed.

Shovel 'Em Out at the Globe To-Morrow.

Boys' $1.25 Flannel Coats and Vests, 49c; Men's $1.50 Derbys, 59c; Boys' Long Pants, 25c; Boys' Flannelete Waists, 23c; French Web Suspenders, 13c; Men's Vests, 15c; $1.50 French Flannel Shirts, 75c; Boys' 75c Hats and Caps, 14c; four-ply Linen Collars, 8½c; Cuffs, 8½c; Men's Flannette Shirts, 25c; Gold-headed Umbrellas, 65c; Boys' $1.25 Flannel Coats and Vests, 49c; Boys' Waists, 14c; Ladies' Button Shoes, 75c; Boys' Knee Pants, 10c; Men's $1.50 Shoes, 99c; Men's $1.00 Pants, 49c.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A Victim of Highwaymen.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 22.—John Watkins, a retired business man, died at his home in Bridgeport, Sunday night, from injuries inflicted by two highwaymen a short time ago. The highwaymen were convicted, but afterward escaped from the jail at St. Clairsville and are still at large.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

Accurately fitted by the best opticians. Prices, steel, $1 and up; gold, $5 and up.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Corner Broadway and Locust.

THE GREAT YOUNGSTERS.

AN INFERIOR LOT OF 2-YEAR-OLDS OUT THIS SEASON.

None of the Cracks Are Reliable Performers—The Browns Keep Up Their Winning Streak at Philadelphia—Racing at Chicago, Brighton Beach and Guttenburg—Sporting News of All Kinds.



ANY man that contends that the 2-year-olds of 1890 are a high class lot should be considered a fit subject for examination by a lunacy commission, says the New York *Herald* of Sunday. Why, Ambulance, Russell, Sallie McClelland and Bolero, the best of the youngsters thus far seen in the East, are no more to be compared with the El Rio Rey of 1889 or the Proctor Knott of 1888, or the others of that class that have made preceding racing seasons memorable, than that venerable imposter Kingmate is to be mentioned in the same breath with the mighty Salvator. Kingmate is a 6-year-old, and he enjoys the distinction of being the oldest thoroughbred now in training that has never won a race. But even Kingmate could be styled an equine champion if one were to call the 2-year-olds of 1890 anything better than fair class. They run to-day and to-morrow they can't raise a respectable gallop. Sallie McClelland beats Ambulance one day and she turns the tables the next time they meet. Bolero beats Russell and Ambulance beats them both. Then it's turn about once more, and Russell has a taste of victory. Why, the so-called lightning changes of a "fake" actor on the stage of a Bowery dime museum are not a marker to the transformations of form exhibited by these inconsistent youngsters. It's in and out, up and down, and all around with them, day after day and week after week. They take turns at beating one another, and not infrequently some outsider defeats them, one and all. Just about the time a man thinks he has a good line on one of them and makes up his mind that he is bound to win some race or other, zip! he's off and out of sight with an alacrity more surprising even than that of a frightened flea. The heartaches they give their backers would cause the hair of a brass monkey to turn gray.

Why Ambulance failed to win the Tyro Stakes at Monmouth Park yesterday is beyond understanding. Two days previous she had won at the same distance—three-quarters of a mile—in such impressive fashion that it seemed like robbing the poor bookmakers to make a bet on the crack filley of the Morris stable. But the money went in on her in thousands, and the aggregate of dollars she carried when she galloped to the post would have made an appreciable lump even in the pocket of a millionaire. Sad to relate, the "bookies" kept it all, and what's more they kept other thousands that were wagered on Bolero, Russell and Sallie McClelland. And these are said to be crack-a-jacks, too! Yet a nimble hoptoad could have given them pointers on speed yesterday.

For two-thirds of the race Ambulance loped along in front, leading in the easiest of gallops, with Sallie McClelland close to her flank and Green Morris' colt Strathmeath not far away. Russell and Bolero, both given to roguishness, lumbered along somewhere in the rear of the procession, Russell staggering all over the track like a drunken beast, tacking back and forth across the track somewhat after the fashion of a forty-footer on a dead head to windward. A quarter of a mile from home it seemed absolutely impossible for Ambulance to lose, and many of her backers prepared to sprint into the ring to get in line for cashing their tickets. But the cashing that they longed for never came. As the flyers neared the last furlong pole Littlefield inexplicably let go Ambulance's head and, drawing his whip, belabored her violently. That whipping settled it. Strathmeath skipped away in front, while Ambulance stopped almost to a walk and Sallie McClelland actually dropped anchor in the rear. It was a cake walk for Stratmeath to within fifty yards of the finish, when Garrison got Bolero up out of the ruck and challenged the leader with desperate vigor, making him stretch his neck to get by the judges' stand winner by a head. Ambulance was third, two lengths behind, and Russell finished fourth, coming with a wonderful rush at the end and then bolting to the rail, over which he nearly threw his rider, Covington. Sallie McClelland came in last of all the lot.

West Side Park Results.

CHICAGO, July 22.—The races at the West Side Park yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, three-fourths of a mile—Amelia, first; Lizzie D., second; Bonnie T., third. Time, 1:15.

Second race, three-fourths of a mile—G. W. Cook, first; Basthol, second; Benson, third. Time, 1:14.

Third race, three-fourths of a mile—Lizzie C. Gwynn, first; Glen Rush, second; Borealis, third. Time, 1:15½.

Fourth race, one and one-sixteenth miles—Mary J., first; Longshot, second; Noonday, third. Time, 1:50.

Fifth race, one mile—Wrestler, first; Lizzie B., second; Vexator, third. Time, 1:43.

Sixth race, seven-eighths mile—Pearl Jennings, first; Ecarte, second; Pinkie T., third. Time, 1:30¾.

Guttenburg Meeting.

NEW YORK, July 22.—At Guttenburg yesterday the races resulted as follows:

First race, three-quarters of a mile—Facial, first; Little Bill, second; Rudolph, third. Time, 1:18½.

Second race, one mile—Lonely, first; Blackthorn, second; Vigilant, third. Time, 1:45.

Third race, five furlongs—Little Fred, first; Upman, second; Refraction, third. Time, 1:03¼.

Fourth race, five furlongs—Equality, first; Rancocas, second; Torchlight, third. Time, 1:02½.

Fifth race, one and one-sixteenth miles—Gen. Boulanger, first; Larchmont, second; Maggie K., third. Time, 1:52.

Sixth race, seven furlongs—Jennie McFarland, first; John Mullens, second; Pontico, third. Time, 1:33.

Brighton Beach Races.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The races at Brighton Beach yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, three-quarters of a mile—Roger, first; Long Jack, second; Nina W., third. Time, 1:17½.

Second race, five furlongs—Headlight, first; Hannah, second; Zed, third. Time, 1:03¼.

Third race, one mile and three-quarters—Ernest, first; Darling, second; Reward, third. Time, 3:07.

Fourth race, one mile—Bessie K., First; Warlike, second; Signature, third. Time, 1:45½.

Fifth race, seven furlongs—Puzzle, first; Belwood, second; Ballston, third. Time, 1:30.

Sixth race, one mile and a quarter—Tarquin, first; Bassanio, second; Jim Murphy, third. Time, 2:58.

Brought High Prices.

The sale of Mr. Alexander's Woodburn yearlings at Monmouth on Saturday was a pronounced success. The fourteen colts brought the splendid average of $2,482.14, while the thirteen fillies averaged $805.77, making the total average of $1,462.50 for the twenty-seven head. Only twice since 1882 has the average exceeded $1,000, forty-four head bringing an average of $1,081.70 in 1883 and $1,452.34 in 1886. The gem of the sale was undoubtedly the full brother to Troubadour, who, after considerable spirited opposition on the part of Wyndham Walden and Mat Byrnes, finally fell to Green B. Morris' bid of $10,100. The colt is now larger than his distinguished brother was at the same age, and is a handsome, shapely youngster, large without being gross, and of racing conformation. The half brother to Foxhall, by Falsetto, also had many admirers, and finally went to R. W. Walden's bid of $5,500, while the Dwyer Bros. bought the Powhatan-Cachuca colt for $5,000.

Straight Tracks a Failure.

From the Turf, Field and Farm.

At Monmouth Park so much of the racing is done out of sight, or with horses looking like ants in the dust and distance, that the spectator has very little chance to cultivate a growing interest in the contest. He sees but little of the shifting phases, is not in turn depressed and buoyed up by hope, and the finish usually finds him dull and unresponsive. It is like the flash of light which blinds but does not set the nerves on edge. Talk to one of the advocates of the new school and he will insist that only on a wide and straightaway track can the true form of a field of horses be measured. Talk to the majority of those who visit tracks out of a pure love of sport, and the answer will be: "We want to be amused; we want to see more than a fraction of a race, and if we are denied that privilege here we know where we can see it." In view of the enterprise shown by the Monmouth Park Association it is almost a pity that a feeling like this should exist, but that it does exist every man who mixes with the crowd at Long Branch knows full well.

Nothing Else

equals Ayer's Pills for stimulating a torpid liver, strengthening digestion, and regulating the action of the bowels. They contain no calomel, nor any other injurious drug, but are composed of the active principles of the best vegetable cathartics.

"I was a sufferer for years from dyspepsia and liver troubles, and found no permanent relief until I commenced taking Ayer's Pills. They have effected a complete cure."—George Mooney, Walla Walla, W. T.

"Whenever I am troubled with constipation, or suffer from loss of appetite, Ayer's Pills set me right again."—A. J. Kiser, Jr., Rock House, Va.

"For the cure of headache, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the most effective medicine I ever used."—R. K. James, Dorchester, Mass.

"Two boxes of Ayer's Pills cured me of severe headache, from which I was long a sufferer."—Emma Keyes, Hubbardston, Conn.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Horse Notes.

Goodale, who wore the all-black of Brookdale for a short while last year, has been engaged by Scoggins Bros. and is now at Saratoga with some of their horses.

The Duke of Portland has retired Donovan to the stud. The colt's winnings on the turf amounted to $267,499.33, by far the largest amount ever credited to a single animal.

At the recent sales of thoroughbred yearlings in England, from the Hampton Court, Yardley, Heather Kerleton and other studs, the sister to Memoir, sold for £5,500, or about $27,500.

Wesley P. Balch has opened a national stallion race of $10,000, free for all. The entry list will close on August 18, the race to take place at Mystic Park on Wednesday, September 17.

Hough Bros. will take their stable to Saratoga. Reclare, Sallie McClelland and other good horses will race there this season. The meeting begins on Thursday, July 24, and continues till August 28.

Spokane has run his last race. He broke down the other morning while at work, and Mr. Armstrong said the same day that the break down was a bad one, and that the colt would never be trained again.

The Prince of Wales has hitherto not been very successful in his attempts on the turf, and the fact that he won a race at the Newmarket July meeting has created quite a blaze of enthusiasm among English sportsmen.

The Anglo-Indian sportsman, Mr. Apcar, who is the owner of the Australian-bred horses Bravo, Moorhouse and Cyclops, purposes taking them to England next season, with his own trainer, Southall, in charge of them.

The Chicago Stable was the biggest winner of the Chicago meeting, with a little over $23,000 to its credit. The bulk of that was won by Uncle Bob in the American Derby. The Santa Anita Stable comes next, with a little over $10,000, and the Undine Stable is third, with over $8,000 to its credit.

The jockey Taral joins the stable of Lambold Bros. at Saratoga this week. Taral has made many friends in the East this season. It is said of him, and believed by all who know him: "Whenever you see Fred Taral on a horse you needn't be afraid to play him. He tries to get there every time."

Trainer McCormick of the Palo Alto Stable was asked: "Is it true that Flambeau can beat Racine after going a mile?" and his reply was: "Yes, he can beat him after going a mile and do it easily. That's the kind of a horse Flambeau is." Flambeau is a 3-year-old chestnut colt by Wildidle out of Flirt, and is therefore a half-brother of Senator Hearst's speedy Gorgo.

Yesterday's Games.

The Browns yesterday won their third consecutive victory from the Athletics at Philadelphia, the score standing 8 to 4. Ramsey and Wells for St. Louis and Seward and Robinson for the Athletics were the batteries, and the St. Louis twirler pitched a great game. Base-hits—St. Louis, 16; Athletics, 6. Errors—St. Louis, 2; Athletics, 3.

At Rochester—Rochester, 10; Columbus, 6.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 6; Toledo, 4.
At Louisville—Louisville, 11, Brooklyn, 4.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 4; Boston, 1.
At Cleveland—Brooklyn, 5; Cleveland, 4.
At Buffalo—New York, 7; Buffalo, 5.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 14; Philadelphia, 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 20; Brooklyn, 11.
At Cleveland—Boston, 12; Cleveland, 5.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 20; Pittsburg, 7.
At Chicago—Chicago, 7; New York, 2.

The Championship Race.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Louisville	72	45	27	.625
Athletics	73	42	31	.575
St. Louis	73	41	32	.562
Rochester	73	41	32	.562
Columbus	74	36	38	.486
Toledo	68	31	37	.456
Syracuse	72	32	40	.444
Brooklyn	68	18	50	.265

PLAYERS.	P.	W.	L.	P.C.	NATIONAL.	P.	W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	74	46	28	.622	Philadelp'a	76	50	26	.658
Brooklyn	78	45	33	.577	Brooklyn	75	48	27	.640
Chicago	73	41	32	.556	Boston	77	48	29	.623
New York	73	40	33	.548	Cincinnati	74	44	30	.595
Philadelp'a	76	40	36	.526	Chicago	72	37	35	.514
Pittsburg	72	33	39	.458	New York	77	34	43	.442
Cleveland	69	29	40	.420	Cleveland	73	21	52	.288
Buffalo	67	18	49	.269	Pittsburg	74	17	57	.225

Base Ball Briefs.

To strengthen the Buffalo Players' League team the Philadelphia Players' League Club has released Pitcher Cunningham to them.

The Browns and Rochesters are having a most exciting race for third place. They have been tied for several days, both teams keeping up their winning streak.

Amateur Nines.

The Emmets defeated the Blairs Sunday by a score of 9 to 8.

The St. Louis Juniors would like to hear from the Nanons, the Barnard Juniors, the Kensington Juniors and the Anchors. Address Wm. Miller, 3741 California avenue.

The Tylers defeated the Emerald Cadets Sunday morning at Compton Avenue Park by a score of 10 to 6. The Tylers would like to hear from some good club for next Sunday.

The Poplars defeated the Carondelet Whites Sunday by a score of 23 to 5. The Whites have heretofore claimed the championship of St. Louis for all clubs with players under 19 years of age.

The North Ends would like to hear from all clubs whose players are under 16 years of age, the Granites and J. L. Hudson, Jrs., preferred. Address challenges to Ed Lutz, 4000 North Twenth-fifth street.

The Westerns would like to hear from some nine with players under 16 years of age for a game next Sunday. The Anchors, Barnard Jrs., or Madison Sluggers preferred. Address all challenges to J. O'Leary, 2619 Prairie avenue.

The Elks is composed of the following players: Jim Shehen, p.; E. Krause, c.; Jack La Barge, 1b; Knobs Miller, 2b; Frank Duffe, s. s.; Fat Rodehaver, 3b; John Shehen, c. f.; S. Jones, l. f.; E. Warmhoff, r. f. They would like to hear from all clubs. Address J. Holmes, 2333 Wright street.

The Barnard, Jrs., defeated the Anchors by the score of 19 to 16 at Forest Park Sunday. The battery of the Barnards were Dressing and Mueller. The Barnard, Jrs., would like to hear from all clubs with players under 16 years of age. Address H. Baker, manager, care Geo. D. Barnard & Co., 1101 Washington avenue.

The Duluth Regatta.

DULUTH, Minn., July 22.—There was beautiful weather and water for the regatta here yesterday, and the attendance was large. The races were three-quarters of a mile and return.

Nettleton of the Minnesotas, Thompson of the Winnipegs and Henderson of the Chicagos competed in the first event, the junior single scull, and they finished as named, Nettleton winning by two boat lengths. Time, 10:49.

The Winnepegs won the junior four-oared race; Duluth, second; Minnesota, third; Lurline fourth and St. Paul fifth. As the judge's boat had fouled the St. Paul's and compelled them to back water the race will have to be rowed over.

The Catlin Club of Chicago had a practical walk-over in the junior double, the Lurlines quitting three-eighths of a mile from the finish and the Minnesota coming in six boat lengths behind the winners. It was a great fizzle, all the crews doing very poorly. Time, 10:10½.

The professional double was over a two mile course and was for a purse of $1,000 to the winner, $550 to the second crew and $350 to the third. Gaudaur and McKay, Teemer and Hosmer, Hanlan and Wise and Hamm and Teneyck were the crews and drew positions from the shore in the order named. Gaudaur and McKay were pulling a powerful stroke and immediately commenced to gradually assume the lead until they were a full boat length ahead of Teemer and Hosmer, the second crew. Gaudaur and McKay were the first to turn the stake, followed by Teemer and Hosmer, Hamm and Teneyck, and Hanlon and Wise as named. Gaudaur and McKay were never headed, covering the line winners by four boat lenghts. Teemer and Hosmer, second; Harmon and Teneyck, third, and Hanlon and Wise last. There was only a length between each of the last three crews. The winners' time was 12:28.

Sporting Notes.

M. C. Brown of Carondelet and James H. Haggerty at Compton Avenue Park yesterday shot their return match at 100 live bird each for $50 a side. Brown won by a score of 94 to 93.

J. B. Johnson, champion swimmer of the British Isles, has been matched to swim Prof. Donaldson ten miles in an ocean course for $1,000 a side. They will probably swim at Coney Island.

Fred Erb of St. Joseph easily defeated George C. Beck of Indianapolis at Lafayette, Ind., yesterday in a match shoot for $100 a side at fifty live birds. The score was 45 to 39. Beck has twice defeated Erb in contests for the American cup.

Charles A. Chase of the North End Tennis Club of Chicago yesterday at Kenwood won the championship of the West for the fourth successive time by defeating Edward McClellan, winner of the tournament which closed Saturday. Chase won 24 games and scored 138 points to McClellan's 19 games and 123 points. Chase will enter the Newport tournament in the fall and play for the championship of America.

Lowest Priced House in America for Fine
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Gold watches for ladies	$20.00	to	$100.00
Gold watches for gents	35.00	to	250.00
Silver watches for gents	10.00	to	45.00
Silver watches for ladies	10.00	to	25.00
Nickel watches	6.00	to	10.00

Warranted good timepieces. See them at
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Corner Broadway and Locust.
Catalogue, 2,000 engravings, mailed free.

FARMER WADE SUED.

A Census Enumerator Arrested—Killed by the Cars—Missouri Matters.

SPRINGFIELD, July 22.—Congressman Wade has been sued for $5,000 damages by J. H. Duncan, who charges slander. The suit is based upon an interview published in the Aurora *Advertiser* in which Congressman Wade is made to say, "Duncan published a lie on me in the Aurora *Advertiser* on the 18th of July, 1890, and I can buy him for $2.50." The thing is creating a good deal of interes there.

KANSAS CITY, July 22.—W. H. Gibbens, a census enumerator, is under arrest for making false returns on the district canvassed by him. He is charged with populating vacant houses and vacant lots. Gibbens is the publisher of the *Pythian Knight*, a secret order paper. He will have a hearing on Saturday.

John W. Adams, a Chicago boy, aged 17, has been arrested here on a charge of grand larceny. He came here about a week ago with a 16-year-old girl named Lily Auden, and they were married. He denies that he has stolen anything.

Wm. Sparks, a respectable young man from Kansas, was arrested yesterday, charged with assaulting Mrs. Alldred, a widow. He agreed to go back without a requisition, and denies the charge.

The trial of five residents of Peculiar, Mo., charged with diverting the mails, has been commenced. They boycotted the postmaster.

MARSHALL, July 22.—J. H. McEnerny, conductor on the Chicago & Alton Railway, tried to board the Chicago Limited when the train was in motion at 8:35 last night, fell under the second coach and was killed. His home was in Slater, where he leaves four children.

EDINA, July 22.—Miss Specie South, who died Sunday morning, was, as nearly as can be reckoned, 112 years old. She often told of attending the inauguration of Washington in New York in 1788 and said her father, Jerry South, was a friend of Washington's.

PERRYVILLE, July 22.—Considerable damage has been recently done to crops, stock, etc., by electrical storms.

LEXINGTON, July 22.—A number of bad washouts have been caused by the recent heavy rains, and several houses have been struck by lightning.

BOONVILLE, July 22.—Chas. Whittaker, the young man who was thought to have suicided recently, has been heard from. He worked the dodge just for fun, but will be arrested for wife desertion.

CHAMOIS, July 22.—Henry Young, who has been arrested for the brutal beating of August Kohn, denies the charge and weeps like a child. There is no positive evidence against him.

LEBANON, July 22.—Edward Anderson, who was tried yesterday on a charge of murdering his father, has been acquitted.

SEDALIA, July 22.—Semple, the train robber in jail at Dallas, Tex., has been positively identified.

Globe Shovel 'Em Out Sale—Second Floor

Boys' 25c and 35c Knee Pants, 10c and 19c to the finest Tailor Made, $1.75 and $2.00; Knee Pants, $1.10, 50c and 75c; Long Pants, 25c to the finest Tailor Made, $6; Long Pants, $3.85.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A Singular Recovery.

A peddler named Henry Wright went out on Saturday evening leaving a pair of pants in his room at 501 South Seventh street. When he returned someone had got into his room and taken away the garment in question. Last night Wright met a colored man named Tolbitt, who he claims was wearing the stolen pants. He had Tolbitt arrested, and the contents of the pockets bore out his statements. Tolbitt is held on a charge of burglary.

LITHIA-POTASH WATER cures gravel and urinary diseases. Telephone 779.

BRANDT'S GREAT REDUCTION

— ON ALL —

Tan, Russet and Colored Footwear!

Ladies' Tan Oxfords, tipped, hand-sewed turns....Reduced from $1.50 to $1.00
Ladies' Russet Oxfords, patent-leather tipped and trimmed, Reduced from $1.75 to $1.25
Ladies' Tan Oxfords, all the new shades, tipped and plain toe, Reduced from $2.50 and $2.00 to $1.50
Misses' Tan Oxfords, tipped, spring heel and heel..Reduced from $1.35 to $1.00
Child's Tan Oxfords, tipped, spring heel, sizes 5 to 8, Reduced from $1.00 to 75c
Child's Tan Oxfords, tipped, spring heel, sizes 8½ to 10½, Reduced from $1.25 to 95c
Every Pair of Gents' Tan Shoes in the House....Reduced to $2.25
For Comfort, Neatness and Convenience These Shoes Are
JUST THE THING.

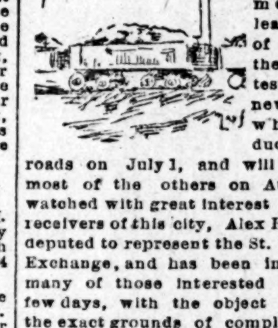
J. G. BRANDT, Broadway and Lucas Av.

Open Every Saturday Night Until 10:30.
New Illustrated Catalogue Mailed Free.

READY FOR A CONTEST.

THE NEW RAILROAD BILLS OF LADING AROUSE SHIPPERS AND RECEIVERS.

A General Meeting to Be Held in Chicago to Oppose the New Contracts—Points to Which Objections Are Raised—A New Departure Made by the Railroads—Preparing to Fight.



THE meeting to be held on July 24, at the Chicago Board of Trade, and which will be attended by members of the leading exchanges of the country, for the purpose of protesting against the new bill of lading which was introduced by some railroads on July 1, and will be adopted by most of the others on August 1, will be watched with great interest by shippers and receivers of this city, Alex H. Smith has been deputed to represent the St. Louis Merchants' Exchange, and has been in conference with many of those interested during the past few days, with the object of ascertainning the exact grounds of complaint, and of obtaining their ideas as to the best measures to take to secure a reconsideration of the obnoxious features embodied in the bill.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

Many complaints have been made against different bills of lading issued by various railroads, which in some cases have led to modifications, and in other cases have been unsuccessful, but formerly the railroads have invariably had a strong party, either shippers or receivers, on their side. In the present instance, however, the railroads stand alone and the protest against the provisions of the bill of lading are more general than in any case that has ever arisen. The different lines have hitherto made it a practice to consult with a deputation of the New York Produce Exchange before issuing any new bill, and a contract has been adopted which was satisfactory to that body. Not a little feeling has been aroused by the fact that the shippers have generally been ignored, and the contract settled by the railroads and the receivers. This has been the case in a marked degree in the West, especially in Chicago and St. Louis, but the protests have often been ineffectual, because the New Yorkers have sustained the position taken by the railroads.

A ONE-SIDED CONTRACT.

For the first time the railroads have ignored the New York Produce Exchange in the matter of the new bill of lading, and that body is the one loudest in its protests against it. A statement of the points complained of appeared in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. By the new bill the railroads are relieved of responsibility for loss from almost any cause except actual theft or criminal negligence on the part of railroad employes. Strikes, accidents that are not directly traceable to gross mismanagement and a variety of other reasons for losses for which the railroads were previously responsible are covered by the new bill and the responsibility transferred to the shipper or receiver. The new bill is about twice as lengthy as the one previously in use, the additional space being taken up with contracts for the release of the railroads from their responsibilities as common carriers. The feeling is nearly universal that an attempt is being made all along the line to take shippers by surprise and compel them to sign a contract that will enable the railroads to do pretty much as they please in regard to shipments. Special provisions are made in reference to delays. Should delays occur on the railroads neither the shipper nor the receiver is to have any claim for damage, and in case of loss the damage is to be determined by the cost of the article at the point of shipment, at the time when such shipment is made, and not by the price which could have been obtained at the place to which the goods were shipped at the time that they were expected to arrive.

PREPARING FOR A FIGHT.

Should any delay, however, occur in the receiver removing his goods from the cars, they are to be absolutely at his risk, and such demurrage as the line may consider proper may be charged. In case a receiver of freight is in debt to a railroad, any subsequent shipment may be retained until such indebtedness is liquidated. All parties concerned, except the railroads, are indignant at the terms of the new bill, and pronounce it to be the most onesided contract ever presented for signature. Legal advice has been taken, and the opinion given by half a dozen lawyers is that the contract, if disputed in the courts, will not hold water. It has, it is stated, been held over and over again by the courts, that no railroad by any contract can relieve itself of its responsibility as a common carrier, and that all bills of lading drawn up with this object in view are null and void. At the Chicago meeting legal opinions will be presented and the railroad attorneys invited to attend. If the lines involved refuse to modify their contracts a fund will be raised to bring the first available case before the courts. The shippers and receivers are confident of success.

Under Order of the Court.

The entire stock at Glover & Finkenaur, art dealers, 310 North Eleventh street, must be sold by September 6. Rare artists' proof etchings, fine engravings, frames, artists' materials, all thrown on the market regardless of cost. Call at once or you will regret it. Call at once. R. H. KERN, Assignee.

Woman's Friendly Alliance.

The first meeting of the newly formed Woman's Friendly Alliance was held yesterday at 2945 Olive street. Several ladies' were present, including Mrs. M. Skinner, Mrs. R. Skinner, Mrs. A. W. Moise, Mrs. J. W. Long, the Misses Lillie Curtis, Meta Thompson and Anna Green and Mr. J. W. McIntyre. A home has been established on the second floor of the building and has been arranged with library and reading-rooms and other conveniences. It is proposed to provide board and lodging at low rates for working girls and especially for those out of employment. A variety of classes will be formed and every incentive to study offered.

SILK UMBRELLAS, $2.50 TO $15.

The finest stock ever shown, for both ladies and gentlemen. Call and see them at
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Cor. Broadway and Locust.

FOR LONG TERMS.

Three Prisoners Taken to Jefferson City To-Day to Serve Severe Sentences.

The St. Louis contingent at the Missour Penitentiary was this morning strengthened by the arrival in Jefferson City of three prisoners sent up for long terms from the Criminal Court. John Ambrose, a negro, will serve eight years for burglary in the second degree and larceny. William Mills, alias Morris, will do five years on a plea of guilty to the charge of burglary. William Moore was convicted by a jury of robbery and was sentenced for a term of seven years. All of these prisoners were indicted by the July Grand-jury under the habitual criminal act.

To-Day's Races.

The entries for this afternoon's races at the Fair Grounds are about the best of the year. The last race, one of a mile, has drawn all of the best stayers on the grounds, and will provide no end of a struggle. To-morrow's races will be equally good. Go and see them. Books on all Eastern races.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

W. J. Robbins, Ft. Scott; F. Hedges, Rochester, N. Y.; S. A. Fulton, Maryville, Kan., and J. P. Elliott, Danville, Pa., are at the Laclede.

John Bunass, Miami, Mo.; F. C. Brewer, Kansas City; J. T. King, Little Rock, Ark.; R. J. Sullivan, St. Paul, Minn., and J. T. Clark, Chicago, are at Hurst's.

A. J. Tullock, Leavenworth, Kan.; J. S. Mayer, Chicago; J. H. Douglas, Chicago; T. C. Vail, Topeka, and S. B. Hough, Kansas City, are at the Southern.

H. L. Creel, Richmond, Mo., C. C. Taft, Dubuque; C. S. Gallagher, New York; F. E. Thayer, Philadelphia, and W. E. Corwin, New York, are at the Lindell.

H. C. Miller, Risin, Ark.; H. W. Timlin, Eldorado, Kan.; J. P. Wood, Maysville, Mo.; J. W. Campbell, Black Rock, Ark., and J. K. Wilson, Anthony, Kan., are at the St. James.

Globe Shovel 'Em Out Sale—Second Floor.

Men's $1.50 and $2 pants at 49c and 99c to the finest Baltimore merchant tailor $7.50 and $10 pants $4.85.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Funeral of Charles A. Taylor.

The funeral services over the body of the late Charles A. Taylor were held this afternoon at the undertaking rooms of Mr. Bohle. Rev. S. H. Ford conducted the service in the presence of a large number of members of the local press. The interment took place at Bellefontaine Cemetery, four friends of the deceased connected with the local papers acting as pall-bearers.

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USE "BILIOUS BUTTONS."
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Look Here Gentlemen!
℞ NO. 47
IS INFALLIBLE.
Sold by Druggists everywhere.

SKIN DISEASES Piles, Pimples, Granulated Eyelids Permanently Cured by COLLIVER'S HERMIT S. LVE. 50 cents box at drug stores.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind: Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

TO WEAK MEN

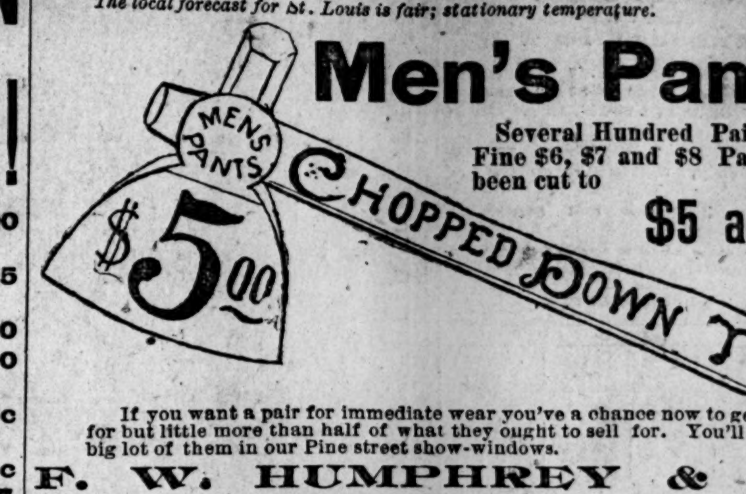
Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work: should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

HUMPHREY'S. ST. LOUIS, MO., July 22, 1890.

The local forecast for St. Louis is fair; stationary temperature.



Men's Pants.

Several Hundred Pair of Our Fine $6, $7 and $8 Pants have been cut to

$5 a Pair.

If you want a pair for immediate wear you've a chance now to get 'em for but little more than half of what they ought to sell for. You'll see a big lot of them in our Pine street show-windows.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
BROADWAY AND PINE.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

ALEXANDER'S NEROLI COLOGNE,

The finest and most popular cologne to be had in the city; equal to the German Farina Cologne, at half the price. Try it.

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